figured that a man
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Two-shoe Shoe" is $5.
5, PEET & COMPANY.
ree Broadway Stores.
842 near Union Square. 1250 opposite Greeley Square.
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& Thomas, 61 Cham-
$90. Our price $40
$75. " " $30
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worsteds, dark neat
atings, silk lined, $25.
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CTOR'S MATINEE EVERY DAY.
cilia Bingham, Chas. Richman, elle Evesson & All-Star Co. in DERMERE'S FAN." $1, 75c. & ats 25c. & 50c. Souv. Mats. To- and Thursday. Star Vaudeville. Joseph Hart Carrie De Mar, London Panto- mpire City Quartette, Rice & Loughlin, Goleman's Cats and
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HALL MATINEE SATURDAY. NOV. 4 Assisted by N. Y. Symphony Orchestra. WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. LVE
OMPANY n CORT & KRONBERG. Seats $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 & $2.50. Boxes $15 & $20.00. & NIXON PIANO USED.
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HEATRE, at 6th Av. 25c. to $1. ed. Mat. 25c., 50c. Sat. Mat. 's "IN NEW YORK TOW
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Fair to-day, rain to-morrow; east to south winds.

VOL. LV....NO. 17,447. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1905.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York.) Elsewhere Jersey City and Newark. TWO CENTS.

PRESIDENT IN STORM TRANSSHIPS TO DOLPHIN

After a Rough Voyage Up the Coast—Due at Capital To-day.

HE SPENDS DAY ON BRIDGE

West Virginia Runs at 18 Knots in Gale—Three Other Cruisers Convoy Her—Wireless Reports.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Oct. 31.—President Roosevelt transferred from the cruiser West Virginia to the United States dispatch boat Dolphin in Chesapeake Bay at 12:40 o'clock this morning, and left Wolftrap Light on the last leg of his journey. The following dispatch was received at the Washington Navy Yard early this morning:

"Please inform the Navy Department that the Dolphin, with the President aboard, left Wooltrap Light at 12:40 A. M., and should arrive at the navy yard at Washington between 10 A. M. and 11 A. M. to-day.

"GIBBONS."

NORFOLK, Oct. 30.—After fighting a northeast gale up the coast for twenty-four hours, the fierceness of the wind and sea causing a wide divergence from the usual route, the armored cruiser West Virginia, bearing President Roosevelt from New Orleans, passed in Cape Henry at 9:30 to-night, convoyed by the armored cruisers Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Colorado.

Owing to the choppy sea off Cape Henry and in Lynn Haven Inlet, the plan for the President to transship from the West Virginia to the dispatch boat Dolphin was abandoned long before the squadron reached the capes. Early in the afternoon Admiral Brownson communicated with the Cape Henry station by wireless telegraph and instructed that a pilot for the Maryland waters be ready to board the West Virginia off the cape at 7 o'clock to-night.

The storm threw out the Admiral's reckoning by two hours and a half. Then it was announced by wireless that the President would transfer to the Dolphin off Smith's Point at the mouth of the Potomac River. The Dolphin had started up the bay for this point several hours before.

About 8:30 o'clock the searchlights of the approaching warships could be seen on the horizon from the Cape Henry observation station, and an hour later the outlines of the four cruisers were discernible.

In the early part of the day the Colorado had been separated from the other ships by the storm. Efforts to reach her by wireless were unsuccessful for some time.

No stop was made at Cape Henry. The vessels passed in to the bay and took the bay channel, which runs to the north from the course into Hampton Roads.

All during the day the West Virginia had been in communication with the Cape Henry station, about forty messages being exchanged. Some were official dispatches in cipher, others personal messages to the President and the officers of the squadron, while others directed the movements of the Dolphin.

The voyage of the squadron from the South Carolina Coast to the capes was rough. The northeast gale pitched up a nasty sea, and off Hatteras the waves were running dangerously high. While no fears were entertained for vessels of the West Virginia's class, it was deemed wiser to give the treacherous shoals in that vicinity a wide sweep, and the cruisers went out to sea.

It was necessary for the pilot boat to go into the sheltered water of Hampton Roads, twenty miles inland, to pick up a pilot, although there were pilots ashore at Cape Henry who could not get out to the boat.

[By De Forest Wireless Telegraph.]

UNITED STATES ARMORED CRUISER WEST VIRGINIA, Off Currituck Point, Via Portsmouth, Va., Oct. 30.—From midnight till noon to-day the armored cruiser West Virginia, carrying President Roosevelt, faced a heavy gale from the northward and eastward with a heavy head sea, making it advisable to slow down from twenty to eighteen knots.

In the afternoon the West Virginia resumed the speed of twenty knots, and, against a stiff breeze from the northward and eastward, proceeded with moderate sea on her beam.

At 4:30 o'clock this afternoon the Maryland, a sister ship of the West Virginia; the Pennsylvania, and Colorado came up and after rendering the customary salute and honors to the President's flag took their position in squadron.

The President spent this morning on the forward bridge and this afternoon on the after bridge.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—A wireless message from Secretary Loeb, aboard the cruiser West Virginia with President Roosevelt, was received at the Washington Navy Yard early this evening by Operator P. S. Geagan, in charge of the station there.

The first portion of the dispatch was unintelligible. The latter part told of the armored cruiser Maryland joining the squadron and briefly of the way the President spent the day.

The Navy Department received this afternoon from Rear Admiral Higginson, Commandant of the navy yard at Portsmouth, the following message taken at the navy yard by wireless from the West Virginia.

"Moderate gale and heavy head seas from northward to eastward until noon, when we passed Diamond Shoal Lightship. Sea and wind moderate. Steaming 18 knots. Clear weather. BROWNSON."

The Portsmouth Navy Yard wireless station also received a message from the President addressed to Gov. Myron T. Herrick of Ohio conveying thanks for Mr. Herrick's message congratulating President Roosevelt on his escape from injury in the accident as he was leaving New Orleans. The message said:

"Many thanks. I warmly reciprocate good wishes."

Mrs. Roosevelt and her children, who on Saturday started on a cruise down the Potomac on the Sylph, returned to Washington to-day. The party was well and enjoyed the trip.

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4,014,304 NEW YORKERS.

2,112,697 Are in Manhattan — State Population 8,066,672.

ALBANY, Oct. 30.—The population of New York City, as counted by the State Enumeration Bureau on June 1, and announced to-day, is 4,014,304, as compared with 3,437,202 in 1900 and 2,507,414 in 1890.

These figures show an increase in the population from 1900 to 1905 of 577,102, or 16.8 per cent., and for the same area during the preceding ten years of 929,786, or 37.1 per cent. The population by boroughs in 1905, 1900, and 1890 was as follows:

Borough.	1905.	1900.	1890.
Manhattan	2,112,697	1,850,093	1,441,216
Bronx	271,629	200,507	88,908
Brooklyn	1,358,801	1,166,582	838,547
Queens	198,241	152,999	87,050
Richmond	72,846	67,021	51,693

Bronx Borough shows the largest percentage of gain. The increase in each borough during the five years from 1900 to 1905 and the decade from 1890 to 1900 is as follows:

Borough.	1900 to 1905.	Per Cent.	1890 to 1900.	Per Cent.
Manhattan	262,604	14.2	408,877	28.4
Bronx	71,122	35.5	111,599	125.5
Brooklyn	192,309	16.5	328,035	39.1
Queens	45,242	29.6	65,949	75.8
Richmond	5,825	8.7	15,328	29.7

The population of the city as actually enumerated was 4,000,925, but from this total there has been deducted 821 inmates of the State and county institutions, situated in the several boroughs of the city, which, under the plan of distributing the inmates of State and county institutions according to the city or town and county of actual residence at the time of admission to the institution, have been credited to other counties of the State, while there have been added 14,200 inmates of institutions who, at the time of their admission, were residents of New York City.

The population of the entire State is given as 8,066,672. In 1900 the population was 7,268,894, and in 1890, 6,003,174, including Indians and other persons on Indian reservations. The population of the State has increased, therefore, during the past five years 797,778, or 11 per cent., as against an increase during the preceding decade of 1,265,720, or 21.1 per cent.

THIRTEEN KILLED IN WRECK.

California Flier on the Santa Fe Derailed Near Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 30.—Thirteen persons were killed and thirty injured in the wreck to-day of a west-bound Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé passenger train, known as the California Express, which, while running thirty-five miles an hour, struck a loose rail near the eastern limits of Kansas City.

The wreck occurred at Rock Creek Cut, on a curve, where jagged rock walls on each side of the tracks form a bluff almost 100 feet high. The locomotive was going so rapidly that it passed the loose rail in safety. The mail car, immediately behind, jumped the track and struck the side of the bluff, and the four cars following plowed through the wreckage and shot against the high stone wall. The sides of the coaches were crushed against the rough stone.

The smoking car, a chair car, and a tourist sleeping car, and two express cars left the rails. Three tourist sleeping cars, two standard Pullmans, and the dining car remained on the track. The smoking car split the baggage car ahead of it just below the floor line, and the baggage car landed on top of the crushed smoking car.

Those killed were Roy Stafford, 100 Hayden Avenue, Cleveland; Lee D. Montgomery, Linneus, Mo.; James Seymour, Richmond, Mo.; John McGregor, Fort Madison, Iowa; Max Schneider, New York; J. F. Capps, baggageman, Chicago; Carl Emil Torniund, 254 St. Marks Avenue, Brooklyn; Donato Depomazio, of Italy, and his son, Rosco; Adrian Peatteet, Northing, Switzerland; Luther Richardson, colored waiter; William Harrison, colored porter.

James Seymour was cashier of the Ray County Savings Bank at Richmond, Mo. John MacGregor, another of the killed, was an engineer on the Santa Fé, who had been transferred to one of the western divisions of the road and was on his way to Topeka to take his new run out.

J. D. Whitemore, one of the injured, was in the smoker, which had an old-fashioned coal stove heater. He was thrown in such a way that one leg was jammed into the broken stove in contact with the live coals. He was so covered with debris that he could not get out and his foot was burned until it must be amputated.

H. G. Rust, engineer of the wrecked train, and his fireman, William De Long, escaped injury. The locomotive leaped from the rails and ran 300 feet on the ties, finally stopping upright.

BEATS THE VOTING MACHINE.

Linotype Operator Shows How to Count Out a Candidate.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—The standard voting machine to be used at the municipal election on Nov. 7 was tested to-day before a committee representing the Fusionists. It had been asserted that it was possible to beat the machine.

A linotype operator showed that by placing a small rubber band in a certain place near the name of the Fusion candidate for Mayor the machine would not register for the Mayor though it would include all the other candidates.

An expert representing the machine company and a half dozen others were unable to make the machine register for Mayor while the rubber band was in place. This is the same machine that has been used in New York and other Eastern cities. This is the first time that it has been demonstrated that it was possible to tamper with it to the extent of counting out a candidate.

SCHOOLBOY KILLED BY HOST.

O. W. Holmes, Jr., of Chicago Shot Accidentally While Inspecting Gun.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., son of a manufacturer of this city, died to-day at the Presbyterian Hospital of a bullet wound in the stomach inflicted accidentally by his host at a house party last Saturday. Holmes was one of a party of students from Lewis Institute visiting a schoolmate, George Wolfe, at his parents' home, Channel Lake.

Young Wolfe was showing his friends an ancient firearm. No one supposed it was loaded. Holmes was 16, and expected to enter Harvard next Fall. The family is distantly related to that of the author.

Nothing Quite Equals It.
The Twentieth Century Limited, the 18-hour train between New York and Chicago by the New York Central Lines. Leaves New York 3:30 P. M., arrives Chicago 8:30 next morning—a night's ride.—Adv.

ELECTIONS BOARD FAILS TO SUBSTITUTE JEROME

Republicans at Once Take the Question Into Court.

TO BE HEARD THIS MORNING

Board Stands 2 to 2—A Majority Necessary to Change Official Ballot.

By a partisan vote of 2 to 2 the Board of Elections yesterday failed to substitute the name of William Travers Jerome for that of Charles A. Flammer as the nominee on the Republican ticket for District Attorney. Shortly after the board had rendered its decision application was made to Justice McCall of the Supreme Court for an order directing the Board of Elections to show cause why the substitution should not be made. The order was granted and made returnable before Justice Stover in Part I. of the Supreme Court at 10 o'clock this morning.

The Board of Elections met at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon without representatives of either party being present. Commissioner Page moved the substitution of Mr. Jerome's name for that of Mr. Flammer on the Republican ticket by virtue of the certificate received from the reconvened Republican County Convention on Oct. 28.

President Voorhis asked what reason there was for making a special exception in the case. Commissioner Page replied that it was important that the matter be settled without delay. Commissioner Daly seconded the motion of Mr. Page. President Voorhis objected to the substitution and said:

"These purported proceedings of a so-called convention are unlike any other proceedings that we have received this year, and I see no reason for an exception in this case. There is nothing to show that Charles A. Flammer has done anything at all to take his name off the ballot. Moreover, the Republican County Convention adjourned subject to the call of the Chair, and it might meet again to-night and take off the name of Jerome and put on that of Osborne. The Republican Party has done just as crazy things as that, and I think we ought to allow this document to go through the regular course."

Commissioner Page objected and quoted a letter received yesterday from the printer who has the contract for printing the official ballots, stating that he wished to get the printing of the ballots under way as soon as possible.

"Flammer's name is already being printed on the ballots for the Bronx and for part of Manhattan," said Commissioner Voorhis.

Commissioner McGuire, the Democratic colleague of Commissioner Voorhis, said that while he thought there was no merit in the proposal for the substitution, he did recognize that it was important for the public to know at once the decision of the board so that any legal action which might be considered desirable might be taken.

President Voorhis called for a vote on his motion to have the certificate come up in the regular order of business. The motion was defeated. Commissioner McGuire voting with the two Republican Commissioners, Page and Daly.

The question of accepting or rejecting the certificate then came up for consideration. President Voorhis declared himself against the proposed substitution. He pointed out that Mr. Flammer was nominated on Oct. 13, and that no declination of the nomination had been filed with the board. The board required that a declination be filed in writing and acknowledged by the candidate either before a Commissioner or a notary. Mr. Flammer, he said, had not complied with that regulation, and was therefore still the Republican candidate for District Attorney under the law. He could bring an action against the board if his name was taken off the ticket, Mr. Voorhis contended.

Moreover, Commissioner Voorhis declared, the law required that all declinations of candidates must be filed by Oct. 18, and all vacancies must be filled by Oct. 23. The board, he said, had no knowledge of the Jerome certificate until Oct. 28. It was therefore plain, he said, that the board could not permit the proposed substitution without violating the law.

Commissioner Page answered the contention of President Voorhis that Mr. Flammer's resignation had not been filed with the Board of Election with the statement that the Republican Convention certified to Mr. Flammer's resignation. That he asserted ought to be controlling with the board on that point.

The vote was then taken, and resulted in a tie. As it requires three votes for affirmative action, the substitution could not be made.

STRICKEN ON A STAGE.

Woman Faints on Fifth Avenue Vehicle and Dies Soon Afterward.

Mrs. Ellen Arnold, 60 years old, of 70 West Forty-fifth Street, was taken ill on a Fifth Avenue stage at Twenty-fifth Street yesterday afternoon and died soon afterward at the New York Hospital.

She boarded the stage at Twenty-fourth Street and climbed unaided to the top seats. The stage had gone only a block when Michael Mahoney, the driver, noticed that Mrs. Arnold had fainted. He stopped the horses and carried her to the sidewalk. Dr. Farr of the New York Hospital was called, and said she was suffering from an apoplectic stroke. He took her to the hospital, but she died ten minutes after arriving there.

PRAYS TO SEE ROOSEVELT.

Helen Keller Desires for Sight That She May View President.

Special to The New York Times.

TUSCUMBIA, Ala., Oct. 30.—Helen Keller, whose intellectual achievements, despite the fact that she was born deaf, dumb, and blind, have surprised teachers, lives in the hope of seeing President Roosevelt. When the President started on his trip through the South Miss Keller evinced keen interest, and had every speech read to her by her raised letters.

After the speech at Richmond, in which he referred to having an uncle who had fought in the Confederate Navy, Miss Keller engaged in earnest prayer asking that sight might be given her before death so that she could see him.

A VOTE FOR IVINS MEANS
a vote for Hearst, and a vote for Hearst means a vote for an apostle of anarchy.—Adv.

COUNT WITTE TO AMERICANS.

Russian Premier Thinks They Will Rejoice in Czar's Action.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30.—Count Witte, Russia's first Premier, to-night sent this message to the American people:

"I am sure the American people, who understand what freedom is, and the American press, which voices the wishes of the people, will rejoice with the friendly Russian Nation at this moment, when the Russian people have received from his Imperial Majesty the promises and the guarantees of freedom, and will join in the hope that the Russian people will wisely aid in the realization of those liberties by co-operating with the Government for their peaceful introduction.

"Only thus will it be possible to secure the full benefits of the freedom conferred upon the people."

McCLELLAN ODDS 2½ TO 1.

Jerome Prices Jump to 10 to 6½—Hearst Bets at 1 to 3.

The curb odds on McClellan got down to 2½ to 1 yesterday, several bets being made on that basis. When the curb brokers quit business yesterday, the odds offered on McClellan were only 2 to 1. This is the lowest point they have reached. No actual bets, however, were made at this figure, but the Hearst and Ivins backers are confident there will be many such to-day.

Hollister & Babcock put up $1,000 to $2,500 on the field against McClellan. J. J. Judge bet $750 to $300 on McClellan, and $500 to $200 against him.

The odds in favor of Jerome once reached 10 to 6½. A. J. Cohen bet $1,000 to $650 with Bunnell. This was the only bet of this kind. Although the great majority of bets were made at 10 to 7 on Jerome, some were made at 10 to 8. Osborne money was scarce.

W. Marco bet $3,000 to $1,000 on the field against Hearst. The Municipal Ownership candidate gained strength on the curb yesterday. The odds on his beating Ivins were 10 to 7, though S. Bouton placed one bet of $100 even on Ivins's polling more votes. A feature of the betting is that Ivins is being ignored. Not a single bet, as far as could be learned, was made yesterday on his victory or defeat.

Joe Heineman bet $2,000 to $1,500 that Hearst would not get 150,000 votes.

Max F. Ihmsen, Mr. Hearst's campaign manager, said last night that he would be glad to place $10,000 on Mr. Hearst at odds of 1 to 2½.

BODYGUARD FOR HEARST.

Rumors Cause His Campaign Managers to Take Precautions.

It was learned yesterday that owing to reports which have reached the Hearst headquarters in the Hoffman House the managers of the Municipal Ownership campaign have decided to surround their candidate for Mayor with a bodyguard hereafter.

Just what the nature of the reports which led to this new arrangement was could not be learned.

BRITISH SQUADRON RACING.

Will Compare Speed with Squadron Escorting the President.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 30.—The second cruiser squadron under command of Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg sailed to-day for Annapolis and New York.

An interesting feature of the trip will be a power and speed trial of the ships. It is hoped that the result will afford basis for comparison between the speed of the British squadron and the United States cruiser squadron conveying President Roosevelt from the Gulf of Mexico to the North.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 30.—The two battleship divisions of the North Atlantic fleet under command of Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans sailed from Hampton Roads this morning for Annapolis to receive the British North Atlantic squadron.

SAYBROOK TOWN SHAKEN.

Railway Man Threw Bottle of Nitro-Glycerine at a Car.

SAYBROOK, Conn., Oct. 30.—This town was shaken as by an earthquake about 5 o'clock this afternoon by the explosion of a pint of nitro-glycerine in the railroad yards. Windows were broken, houses shook, and people rushed out of their homes panic-stricken.

The bottle containing the explosive was found under the carhouse by Michael Murphy, a section foreman, who, not knowing what it contained, took it to Towerman E. S. Burns. Burns hurled it against the wheels of a freight car several yards away. The freight car, coal laden, went up in the air about three feet and came down off the tracks, while four windows of the tower house dropped out. Burns was not hurt.

It is believed the explosive was left under the carhouse for future use by some burglars. Near the bottle was found a copper cap.

AMBULANCE IN SMASHUP.

Plunges Into an Excavation—Waiting Patient Dies of Loss of Blood.

Neglect to put red lights around an excavation at 130th Street and Lenox Avenue is held to be responsible for the death of one man, the smashing of a hospital ambulance, and the narrow escape from death of the doctor, driver, and horse.

Shortly after dusk a hurry call was received from 182d Street and Lenox Avenue, where Paul Callahan, a watchman, living at 405 East Sixty-first Street, was injured by the falling of a steel girder.

The ambulance was moving rapidly when it neared the excavation at 130th Street, where the street is being repaired. A watchman rushed out with a red lantern, and the horse swerved to one side, but too late to save itself from plunging into the hole which was four feet deep and twelve feet wide. The ambulance went in with it.

The driver, John Mohegan, and Dr. Bartram were both thrown out. The ambulance had to be lifted out.

Dr. Bartram insisted upon proceeding to the place two blocks further up whence the hurry call had come. Callahan was taken to the hospital, where he died a short time later of loss of blood.

Five Trains Daily to Buffalo
Lehigh Valley R. R. Excellent accommodations. 255, 1234 Broadway, N. Y.; 325 Fulton St., Bklyn. —Adv.

GRANT OF LIBERTY WRUNG FROM CZAR

Signs Decree, Admitting Peril to Empire.

STRIKERS BACK TO WORK

Railways to Moscow Open ---Factories Resume.

RADICALS NOT PACIFIED

Still Danger of a Clash-- Moderates Rejoice.

WITTE FORMING CABINET

Grave Disorders in the Interior —Wealthy Persons Leave Moscow—Rumor of Black Sea Mutiny.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cable. Copyright, 1905.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30.—The people have won the day. The Emperor has surrendered. The autocracy has ceased to exist. A Constitution was signed at Peterhof at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

It is doubtful whether the grant of civic freedom, extended suffrage, a legislative Douma, and Ministerial responsibility, with M. Witte as Premier, and the consequent disappearance of the bureaucracy, which will be promulgated to-morrow, will satisfy the victorious revolutionary leaders, who demanded nothing less than universal suffrage and a constituent assembly.

It is doubtful even whether the reformers will consent to accept the concessions from the hands of the bureaucratic régime.

It is doubtful whether the forced surrender of the Government in the very midst of a revolutionary upheaval can be regarded otherwise than as a signal for further strife. To-morrow's manifesto, autocracy's last manifestation, will, however, bring to an end the acute stage of the Russian crisis and mark the starting point of a new era of political life.

The situation is still replete with possibilities of danger. The very success of the cause of freedom will only stimulate the reactionary elements to greater activity, and so long as the army remains under the present chiefs Russia cannot be safe from the possibility of a pronunciamento. Complete stability is not to be assured until the vast millions of untutored peasants share in the blessings of education.

The news of what was done at Peterhof to-day could not, in the absence of newspapers, be circulated generally among the inhabitants. The city continues to wear a sombre aspect. Troops still patrol the streets and the university remains closed.

The Minister of Finance was hurriedly summoned to the Imperial Bank to-day owing to a threatened strike of the employes. He assured them that if they would only have a little patience they would understand that a strike was unnecessary. Shortly afterward M. Witte telephoned him from Peterhof that the Emperor had signed a Constitution. M. Kokovtsoff immediately conveyed the news to the intending strikers, and they resumed work.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. [Copyright, 1905.]

LONDON, Tuesday, Oct. 31.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Morning Post telegraphs as follows:

Count Witte's appointment was gazetted this evening. It was uncertain until the last moment, it being generally supposed that his traditional tactlessness had evoked a recrudescence of imperial disfavor and wrecked the chances of the Cabinet project.

Much enthusiasm prevails among the Moderate Liberals, but revolutionary circles maintain an attitude of suspicion. One section demands that popular pressure be maintained until the real completion of the new régime is displayed. The other is almost hysterical over the victory for representative principles.

The immediately important question is whether Gen. Trepoff, whose energetic measures have baffled the amateurish efforts of the revolutionists, will loyally co-operate with Count Witte. Otherwise the present condition of the capital, which suggests a vast revolutionary picnic, will develop into absolute anarchy. It is too early to see absolutely what measure of support or opposition the new departure will receive from any particular faction.

I got this afternoon a partial list of Count Witte's Cabinet, which, though premature, comes from a well-informed source. It is:

Privy Councilor—M. Romanoff.

Minister of the Interior—Prince Alexis Obolenski.

Minister of Public Instruction—Senator Koni.

Minister of Ways and Communications—M. Zeigler.

Minister of Agriculture—M. Kutler.

STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK.

Lines to Moscow Reopened—Factory Tie-Up Broken.

ST. PETERSBURG, Tuesday, Oct. 31, (3:30 A. M.)—Even before the manifesto of the Czar was known to have been signed yesterday the strike began to break in industrial centres here.

Following the news many railway employes went back to work. The strike has ended on the Moscow and St. Petersburg, the Moscow and Kazan, and the Moscow and Archangel Railroads.

A meeting of the Strike Committee was held last night after the coming promulgation of the Emperor's manifesto was known. The question of calling the strike off was discussed, but a decision postponed until to-day.

A damper was thrown upon the strike enthusiasm by the news that work had been resumed in a large part of the factories of St. Petersburg, including eleven of the twelve departments of the Putiloff works, and that stores had been reopened. The committeemen talked boldly of their ability to call out the men again and to intimidate the store clerks into reclosing, but to-day will probably put a good face on the situation and issue a proclamation calling off the strike until January.

The authorities asserted that only 23,000 factory hands, mostly in the Schlusselberg district along the river, were on strike to-day.

The Strike Committee has brought out the first number of the Workmen's Gazette, the "official gazette" of the strikers' organization, which was devoted to ponderous proclamations in the style of the Government documents and to news of the strike movement in St. Petersburg.

The welcome tidings of the grant of liberty by the Czar reached St. Petersburg shortly before 6 o'clock last evening. Count Witte had spent the day with the Emperor at Peterhof, going over the final draft of the manifesto to which he insisted that certain minor modifications be made. Before taking the train for St. Petersburg he telephoned to a friend that the Emperor had affixed his signature and that the imperial mandate was in his pocket.

An official announcement was issued soon after, saying:

"An imperial manifesto will be issued this evening, appointing Count Witte Prime Minister, with special authority to co-ordinate and unify the powers of the different branches of the administration. Civic liberties are granted to the Russian people and to the National Assembly is given legislative power, while the suffrage is enlarged."

Broad Grant of Freedom.

Count Witte returned to his home in the evening, and the text of the Czar's decree was made known.

A simple perusal of the manifesto shows how complete is the Emperor's abdication of his autocratic power. The very style of the document is clear and direct and devoid of the verbose, vague, and bombastic phraseology which heretofore has characterized his Majesty's decrees.

It not only betrays real authorship, but shows that the Emperor at last has irrevocably bowed to the inevitable. He does not even conceal the fact that the discontent and agitation of his subjects has driven him to take the step and practically yields everything—civil liberty, the inviolability of person, and liberty of conscience, speech, and assembly.

He not only converts the farcical imperial douma, with only consultative power, into a true legislative assembly, without the assent of which no measure shall become law and before which all Governmental authorities must answer, but promises, eventually, universal suffrage. The title, "Autocrat of all the Russians" with which the manifesto begins, now takes its place with title of "King of Jerusalem," borne by the King of Spain and the Emperor of Austria, and with other obsolete titles of European sovereigns.

J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., and George W. Perkins were with Finance Minister Kokovsoff when the latter received the news. It was a dramatic moment. The Minister was called to the telephone, and when he returned he was greatly agitated, and said:

"Gentlemen, the old order of things has changed. Russia has a Constitution."

First Bomb After Decree.

The news spread like wildfire throughout the city. The revolutionists, and active agitators generally, declared loudly that the Government's promises would no longer suffice, and that the strike must be continued.

In fact, an hour after the news became known the revolutionists took occasion to throw the first bomb in St. Petersburg used since the strike began. The incident occurred near the Polytechnic School, but there was no fatality.

Practically all classes, except the Socialists and the extreme Radicals, however, read the document with delight and amazement, declaring that it could not fail to rally the moderates to the support of Count Witte.

By the irony of fate, while the strikers are clamoring for a Constitution, it has been impossible to persuade the striking printers to resume work, and,

THE CZAR'S CHARTER OF LIBERTY TO ONE-TENTH OF THE HUMAN RACE

Text of the Historic Document Signed at Peterhof Yesterday by Nicholas II.

"We, Nicholas II., by the grace of God Emperor and Autocrat of All the Russias, Grand Duke of Finland, &c., declare to all our faithful subjects that the troubles and agitation in our capitals and in numerous other places fill our heart with excessive pain and sorrow.

"The happinesss of the Russian sovereign is indissolubly bound up with the happiness of our people and the sorrow of our people is the sorrow of the sovereign.

"From the present disorders may arise great national disruption. They menace the intergrity and unity of our empire.

"The supreme duty imposed upon us by our sovereign office requires us to efface ourself and to use all the force and reason at our command to hasten in securing the unity and co-ordination of the power of the Central Government and to assure the success of measures for pacification in all circles of public life, which are essential to the well-being of our people.

"We, therefore, direct our Government to carry out our inflexible will in the following manner;

"First—To extend to the population the immutable foundations of civic liberty, based on the real inviolability of person, freedom of conscience, speech, union, and association.

"Second—Without suspending the already ordered elections to the State Douma, to invite to participation in the Douma, so far as the limited time before the convocation of the Douma will permit, those classes of the population now completely deprived of electoral rights, leaving the ultimate development of the principle of the electoral right in general to the newly established legislative order of things.

"Third—To establish as an unchangeable rule that no law shall be enforceable without the approval of the State Douma, and that it shall be possible for the elected of the people to exercise real participation in the supervision of the legality of the acts of the authorities appointed by us.

"We appeal to all faithful sons of Russia to remember their duty toward the Fatherland, to aid in terminating these unprecedented troubles, and to apply all their forces, in co-operation with us, to the restoration of calm and peace upon our natal soil.

"Given at Peterhof, October 30th, in the eleventh year of our reign.

"NICHOLAS."

THE DOOM OF A PRIMA DONNA.
Strange life and fearful death of a famous singer. C. W. Stoddard. National Magazine of Boston, for November.—Adv.

DEWEY'S GRAPE JUICE AND CLARETS
Will add to the enjoyment of your meal. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York —Adv.

therefore, not a single newspaper except the Official Messenger will print the momentous document for distribution to-day. Arrangements, however, have been made to placard the manifesto on every dead wall in the city, and the text will be telegraphed to-day to every city, town, and hamlet with which there is telegraphic communication. It also has been ordered read in all the churches of the empire.

The foreign embassies were notified and lights are burning late at night in the chancelleries, where the news was being put into cipher. Official notifications will also be sent to the Russian Ambassadors abroad.

All Depends on Count Witte.

The effect throughout Russia is expected to be instantaneous. While the extremists threaten an attempt to keep up the present struggle, the best opinion is that the backbone of the strike is broken, but in the final analysis the effect will depend on how Count Witte will be able to execute the heavy task which he has assumed.

Some persons high in the Government believe it will still be necessary to use ball cartridge to suppress the present movement, but Count Witte appears confident. He has become the bridge whereby the people are to cross to constitutionalism.

The Count already has tentatively chosen the members of his Cabinet. He will himself hold no portfolio. All the present Ministers, except those of War, Navy, and Foreign Affairs, will be retired. Prince Alexis Obolensky, one of the Count's former assistants in the Ministry of Finance, will become Minister of Interior; M. Romanoff, another former assistant to the Minister, will take the Finance portfolio; M. Koni, at present a Senator and Russia's ablest jurist, will be Minister of Justice; M. Krosovsky, President of the St. Petersburg Municipal Council, will take the Ministry of Education, and M. Ziegler Von Schaffhausen, chief of the Railroad Department of the Ministry of Finance, will become Minister of Ways and Communications.

Rejoicing in St. Petersburg.

Late last night, after the news got abroad, crowds began marching up and down the Nevsky Prospect, singing the national hymn and hurrahing for liberty. It is significant that the great searchlight which has been lighting up the Nevsky Prospect from the Admiralty tower for three nights was turned off to-night.

A ludicrous incident occurred at midnight near the university, when newsboys with an extra edition of The Official Messenger hurried into a crowd of strikers. The instant the news became known the strikers raised an uproarious cheer, and Cossacks who were patrolling the street, misunderstanding the import of the demonstration, and thinking the cries were seditious, charged and dispersed the workmen with their whips.

At all the fashionable restaurants champagne was drunk in toasts to "Liberty and the Constitution."

Celebration of the issuance of the imperial manifesto still continues at 3 o'clock this morning in many streets of the city, where crowds are singing the national hymn, cheering for the Emperor, and shouting themselves hoarse. The restaurants and cafés were closed at 2 o'clock, disgorging their crowds, which had been drinking and making merry for hours around the tables, to augment the demonstration in the thoroughfares.

The Cossack patrols were utterly discomfited and confounded, and were wholly at a loss to understand the meaning of the demonstration or why the crowds were singing "God Save the Emperor," Russia's magnificent national anthem, instead of the "Marseillaise."

The people displayed the utmost good humor toward the Cossacks. They surrounded their horses and patted their perplexed riders on the boots, shouting:

"You can go home now. We no longer need you. We have liberty."

Then they bade the Cossacks toss their caps in honor of the Constitution. After 2 o'clock all the patrols were withdrawn from the streets, which were left in charge of the ordinary night force of policemen.

Soon after midnight a crowd of several hundred gathered in the great square before the Winter Palace and sang a chant from the church liturgy addressed to the Emperor and the National Anthem, and finished with rousing cheers for his Majesty and the imperial family.

Then they marched to the barracks of the Preobrajenski Guards and demanded that the regimental band lead the procession. Disappointed there, they continued to the barracks of the Pavlovsk Guards on the same errand, but the soldiers, misunderstanding the purport of the demonstration, threw open the gates of the court and threatened to fire unless the crowd made off at once, when the manifestants fled in terror.

In the Nevsky Prospect there was some rough play, but the boisterous ones formed an inconsiderable portion of the crowds. There were no illuminations or other formal demonstrations, the population of the capital having lived too long under a regime under which all initiative for outward festivity came from the police.

Gen. Trepoff forbade a meeting of the Town Council called for yesterday to consider the demands of the strikers made the day before, including a Constitution and political liberty, that the city furnish food to the workmen, that they refuse further supplies to the troops and police, and that the troops be removed from the waterworks, or otherwise the strikers would cut the water supply.

A private meeting of the members of the Town Council was held last night. The Council, after reading the imperial manifesto, decided to send the following telegram to the Emperor:

"The Council welcomes with delight the long-desired tidings of freedom, firmly relying on a bright future for our dear Fatherland. Hurrah for the Emperor of a free people."

A dispatch from Warsaw says that although the streets were dark and deserted and were patrolled by infantry, the news that the Emperor had signed a Constitution spread like wildfire and created a tremendous sensation, causing a feeling of joy, mingled with the fear that the news might be premature.

Strike Committee Active.

The Strike Committee continued to restrain the people from violence, this being considered to be the best means of attaining the ends in view, but behind the scenes the members of the committee were holding constant meetings with the leaders of the various groups and seemed to be preparing for a bold stroke at the opportune moment.

The committeemen believed that the longer an open collision could be avoided the better their chances. The army they said was being gradually won over to the people's cause. Only the Cossacks, who are referred to as Emperor Nicholas's "Swiss Guard," were absolutely faithful to the existing régime.

The Ismailovsky Guard Regiment, which was reported to be disaffected during the troubles of last Winter, was reported to have refused to do guard duty and to be confined to barracks surrounded by Cossacks. An investigation failed to confirm the report.

A wild rumor was current that Gen. Rudiger, head of the guard regiments, was planning a bold stroke.

It was circumstantially reported that rich Jews are behind the strikers for the purpose of forcing the Government to grant equal rights to their co-religionists.

The news from the provinces indicates that the authorities are getting control in some sections, but generally the situation was growing worse instead of improving. In many places the students and strikers were fighting the "Black Hundred," as the bands of roughs are termed.

There appears to be no foundation for the rumors of mutiny on the vessels of the Black Sea fleet which are in circulation in Odessa, and which have been industriously propagated by the strikers here for several days. This dispatch from the Associated Press correspondent at Odessa does not even mention the alleged mutiny:

"After yesterday's exciting occurrences, when the gun shops were plundered, barricades built, and the troops in dispersing crowds were forced to fire several volleys, quiet prevailed today."

BANKERS LEAVE RUSSIA.

J. P. Morgan, Jr., and C. R. Flint Out —To Protect Americans.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cable. Copyright, 1905.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30.—J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., has left this city.

Lord Revelstoke, another of the foreign bankers' party, has sailed on a tramp steamer.

The Minister of Finance to-day took leave of the foreign financiers who had come here to negotiate a loan, and who, in view of the internal situation, decided to suspend negotiations. On hearing from the Minister that a Constitution had been signed, they agreed to return in a fortnight and resume negotiations.

KIEL, Germany, Oct. 30.—The Russian steamer Kurgan arrived to-day at Holenau, Province of Schleswig-Holstein, from Kronstadt, with the British Ambassador, Sir Charles Hardinge, and Charles R. Flint of New York on board. They left immediately, the Ambassador for London and Mr. Flint for Paris.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30.—The American State Department has instructed Chargé d'Affaires Eddy, in case of emergency, to give American citizens asylum at the embassy, and if necessary to charter a steamer.

Foreign Minister Lamsdorff is reassuring the Ambassadors by formally guaranteeing the safety of foreign residents. He announces that the Government is prepared to afford them military protection in St. Petersburg and elsewhere in the event of disorders.

AN EXODUS FROM MOSCOW.

Little News Received from Ancient Capital of Russia.

WARSAW, Oct. 30.—A telegram received here from Moscow says the strikers have destroyed the belt railroad and two houses on Twerska Street, one of them belonging to the Governor.

Thousands of wealthy inhabitants of Moscow are leaving the city by every and any means available.

The military telegraph operators are complaining of having to operate the commercial service. They declare they are too tired to perform the work.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—The telegraph worked all the morning with St. Petersburg and the principal cities of Russia except Moscow, which for some hours was entirely cut off from telegraphic connection.

SCORES SHOT DOWN AT REVAL.

People Fight Soldiers at Riga—Disturbances Elsewhere.

REVAL, Russia, Oct. 30.—The troops fired two volleys into a crowd in the market place to-day, killing or wounding over a hundred persons.

Crowds of people are parading the streets singing the "Marseillaise."

A mob last night destroyed the Hotel de France.

KIEL, Germany, Oct. 30.—The Russian steamer Kurgan touched at Reval Friday. Wild disturbances were then going on there. The city was burning in three places, all work and business had stopped and the troops when the Kurgan left were attempting to drive the people from the streets.

RIGA, Russia, Oct. 30.—During the day collisions between the troops and the armed populace continued. Many persons were killed or wounded. The strikers used knives and revolvers and killed a number of policemen. Cossacks dispersed several meetings during the night.

The people fired from windows upon the cabmen who have refused to join in the strike.

ROSTOFF-ON-DON, Russia, Oct. 30.—A mob attacked the synagogue here to-day. Two Jews were killed. Finally the rioters were dispersed by Cossacks, who used their whips.

VITEBESK, Russia, Oct. 30.—The whole population of this city has joined in the strike. The feeling is high, trade is at a standstill, the workmen's meetings are crowded to the doors, inflammatory speeches are delivered, and the banks are refusing to lend money.

KHARKOFF, Russia, Oct. 30.—The Post Office has resumed work, but no trains are running. About 30,000 passengers are held up here, costing the Government $14,000 per day.

GENERAL STRIKE IN FINLAND.

Workmen Decide to Help Their Brethren in Russia.

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Oct. 30.—The Russian railroad strike will be extended to Finland to-morrow. A great meeting of Finnish workmen held to-day expressed sympathy with the Russian struggle for freedom and appointed a committee to elaborate a programme for the Finnish people. The meeting resolved to declare a general strike, beginning to-morrow.

The workmen of Viborg have taken similar action.

This decision has caused a rush to secure supplies of provisions, as all the restaurants will be closed.

The students of the university and the Polytechnic School have decided to abstain from attendance on lectures.

VIBORG, Finland, Oct. 30.—When the express train arrived here last night an immense crowd surrounded it and demanded that the Finnish railroad men co-operate with their Russian comrades. After listening to two inflammatory speeches the crowd uncoupled the locomotive and compelled the engineer to take the engine to the roundhouse.

PARALYSIS IN POLAND.

Troops Fire in Air—Peasant Disturbances Are Reported.

LODZ, Russian Poland, Oct. 30.—All business here is suspended. About 180,000 workmen are on strike. No newspapers are published, and many of the restaurants are closed. Such establishments as opened to-day were forcibly closed or destroyed. Several thousand workmen marched through the streets.

The military, when ordered to shoot, generally fire blank cartridges or discharge their rifles in the air, but a violent collision is expected. Two workmen were killed to-day at Ola, a suburb of this city.

The shops are closed, and those whose owners refuse to shut up are destroyed. Crowds are busy tearing down Russian flags which were displayed by order of the police.

Bands of peasants in the Government of Suwalki are destroying the Government alcohol stores.

Disorders are reported to have occurred at Radom.

WARSAW, Russian Poland, Oct. 30.—The excitement in the streets shows no signs of abating. All the banks and factories and most of the business houses are closed. Every now and then the crowds overturn a street car with the object of stopping traffic, but no serious conflicts have thus far occurred.

The police are trying to induce the shopkeepers to reopen their shops, threatening to fine them if they do not do so, but the merchants are between two fires, as the Socialists promise to smash their windows if the shutters are taken down.

Telegraphic communication with Vilna has been destroyed.

BLACK SEA MUTINY REPORTED.

Rebels Said to Have Taken Fleet—Restoring Order in Odessa.

ODESSA, Oct. 30., 5 P. M.—There are persistent rumors in circulation here today that the crews of the vessels composing the Black Sea Fleet mutinied on arriving at Samsun, on the coast of Asia Minor, killed Admirals Birileff and Chouknin, and sailed back to Sevastopol after hoisting the revolutionary flag. It is impossible to verify the rumors.

The Governor of this district has issued a proclamation announcing that he will not hesitate to adopt the severest measures to repress disturbances. The authorities are confiscating all political telegrams.

Railroad traffic is partially reopened. Two trains guarded by troops were dispatched during the day, and one of them arrived at its destination.

A semblance of order is slowly being restored. A number of stores have reopened, but additional factories struck to-day. The schools remain closed, but it is hoped they will reopen next week.

The City Council has decided to grant pensions to the families of the killed and wounded in yesterday's fighting, and to attend the funerals of the victims. On the persistent application of the City Council the Governor has liberated 200 youthful scholars who were arrested yesterday.

It is impossible to fix even approximately the number of yesterday's victims. The officials in charge of the hospitals, cemeteries, and lock-ups are strictly forbidden to give the slightest information. The dead and wounded, whose numbers must be very considerable, have been removed by the police and hidden out of sight of inquirers.

The infantry of whose loyalty the authorities are doubtful are kept in barracks, and the Cossacks and gendarmes, who show no disinclination to shoot down people on sight, are left to deal with the crowds.

The crowds fleeing before the charging Cossacks invade private houses and hide in garrets and on the roofs. Many private apartments, drug stores, and factories have been converted into temporary hospitals for the succor of wounded refugees.

OFFICIALS AID BRIGANDS.

Terror in Northern Caucasus—Several Bomb Factories Found.

GROZNYI, Russia, Oct. 30.—A reign of terror prevails in Northern Caucasus.

It is charged that the authorities are pursuing the policy of turning one class of the population against another and are abetting the work of the brigands, who last night robbed and sacked a train, killing twelve persons and wounding ten.

When the train arrived the crowds dragged out and killed three brigands and then drove the commander of the Cossacks out of town.

TIFLIS, Caucasia, Oct. 30.—The patrols everywhere have been strengthened, but the feeling of the people has not calmed. Firing is heard almost continuously in the streets.

All the shops and schools are closed, and no papers are published. The Treasury is heavily guarded. The Railroad Battalion to-morrow will try to take out a train to Batum.

Several bomb factories have been discovered here.

GLOOMY REPORTS IN PARIS.

Vacillating Attitude of Czar Described —Army Officers Waver.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Communication between St. Petersburg and Paris remains uninterrupted. The people maintain an ominous silence, but no serious disorders are mentioned in the meagre reports received here.

A St. Petersburg dispatch to the semi-official Temps published this evening, says:

"The crisis continues acute and preserves an aspect of universality against which the Government seems powerless to act. Besides the popular revolution there is reason to fear a revolution within the Palace.

"The Emperor decides at one moment to grant a Constitution and then yields in the contrary direction. His will is distracted between contending influences. He refuses to accept anything and remains inactive in an atmosphere of intrigue and hostility.

"There is much talk of an early conclusion of the strike, as it is evident that the strikers are unable to remain long without work. However, there is no evidence at present of an actual resumption of work. On the contrary, the strikers are improving the situation daily. Their delegates are entering the homes of officers of the army to advocate a revolt.

"The situation in Finland has become as critical as in St. Petersburg. The soldiers have been ordered not to approach within 300 feet of the crowds for the purpose of avoiding bombs."

ROUNDABOUT MAIL ROUTE.

German Letters Sent to Stockholm—Geese Held at Frontier.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—The German mails are being sent to Russia by way of Stockholm, Sweden. A steamer leaves there four times a week for Hangoe, on the Finnish coast. Travelers from Berlin are able to reach St. Petersburg in sixty hours going by way of Stettin, Sassnitz, Trelleborg, Stockholm, and Hangoe, and thence to Viborg and St. Petersburg.

Oddly enough the prices of meat in Germany are sensibly affected by the disturbances in Russia principally because the import of geese has been stopped. About 400,000 geese are imported weekly from Russia, and no fewer than half a million destined for Germany are now laid up along Russian points.

RUSSIANS HERE REJOICE.

Socialists Regard Manifesto as First Step to Freedom.

The Czar's manifesto liberalizing the Russian form of government was translated into Russian and read to an audience of Russian Socialists at First Street and Second Avenue last night by Abraham Cahan, editor of Forward, a Socialist organ of New York. It was greeted with enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Cahan said that the edict might mean a great deal, and it might mean practically nothing to the Russian people.

"There are clauses which are of great importance," he said, "and if the manifesto is enforced literally its effect will be greatly toward the liberalization of the present form of government, making it representative and democratic. But who can tell how it is to be enforced? That is the important feature of the situation. If its enforcement is left to a handful of bureaucrats, the Russians will gain little.

"Its issuance proves one thing beyond doubt, and that is, that the revolutionary party has the Government just where it wants it. The Czar and his autocratic agents are at last brought to their knees. They see that they are powerless, and this manifesto is issued in the hope of stemming the popular tide against the present régime and its overthrow altogether.

"About two months ago a manifesto creating the Douma was issued. It meant nothing. It granted suffrage to a privileged class. In accordance with its provision not more than 200 or 300 people in the vast city of St. Petersburg were allowed to vote. It was a farce, and it has been rejected by the people. But according to this latest manifesto suffrage is to extend more generally. It admits of participation in the Douma by those classes of the population now completely deprived of electoral rights.

"Under the new manifesto the Douma is to be a genuine Parliament, and will be vested with proper dignity and character. But we wish there were more specifications in the manifesto. The people will demand them. They will want something more definite. 'Freedom of speech and association' means a great deal generally, but the expression used here is indefinite. It must be detailed. No matter how much 'freedom of speech' is allowed, however, it will not equal anything like that enjoyed in the United States. It will in all probability be of a very limited character.

"My interpretation of this manifesto is that it is the true harbinger of real liberty in Russia. Time will tell in this fight we are making. The present revolution, unlike its predecessors, is powerful and well organized. It is its organization that is telling on the Czar and his bureaucrats. Heretofore revolutions have been disorganized and of a rambling and shiftless character. This one is founded on solid rock, and it means business.

"I believe that M. Witte will hold a conference with a committee of the revolutionists and seek to pacify them in the hope that Nicholas and his Court may be saved. The Czar knows little of the true situation and of what he is doing. Witte knows it all. He will probably be the intermediary and the manager of the whole affair on the part of the Czar.

"We hail with great joy one great reform which will be inaugurated through the enforcement of this proclamation, namely, the 'real inviolability of the person.' Heretofore thousands of men and women, boys and girls, have been sent to Siberia by so-called administrative process, without trial or hearing. This practice will be abolished. It is of vast importance to the people.

"The whole is but a decisive step in the right direction. The complete organization of the revolution will show those in power in Russia that they must grant a truly representative and democratic form of government to the masses. That will not be long in coming."

ROOSEVELT, JR., A HERO.

"Makes" Freshman Football Team and All Harvard Praises Him.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 30.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., is a college hero. He has won that title without "pull or influence." He has won it on the hardest of all battlefields—the gridiron—and under conditions that make his victory unusual. And to-day not only his fellow-freshmen, but the whole college is talking about him in terms of highest praise.

Against rivals who loomed over him physically like so many Goliaths, Teddy, Jr., has "made" his freshman football team. He has made it at left end, and is said to be the lightest player who ever held down a similar position on a Crimson freshman eleven.

This is his first year at regular football. In his last year at Groton he probably would have made the team had he been in school during the season. His schoolmates all say he was a gritty boy and had a great reputation for nerve, in spite of his apparent frailty.

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MUST RESPECT IDEALS: WITTE TO THE CZAR

Ruler Told in Report of People's Demand for Liberty.

SHOULD NOT RESIST DOUMA

Equality of All Men Before the Law—Emperor Ordered Report Taken as a Guide.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30.—The recent report of Count Witte to the Emperor on the reforms necessary to pacify the Russian people was marked by the Emperor "To be taken for a guide" coincident with the issuance of his manifesto. It is as follows:

"Your Majesty has deigned to indicate to me directions for a Government in consideration of the actual state of Russia.

"The agitation of Russian society is not the outcome of partial imperfections in the social and governmental régime or of actions organized by the extreme elements. Its roots are much deeper. It took birth in the violation of the balance between the moral aspirations and the exterior forms of Russian society.

"Believing that Russia aspires to laws based on civil liberty, the chief problem of the Government consists in making effective, even before approval by the State Douma, of all elements of civil liberty in the elaboration of normal legislative measures giving quality before the laws to all Russians, without distinction of race or of religion.

"The problem ensuing consists in the establishment of legislative forms seeming to guarantee the benefits of civil, political, and economic liberty. These benefits should be extended to the masses of the people under the reserves safeguarding the laws in all civilized countries.

"It must be realized, then, that these objects cannot be attained immediately, as no Government could suddenly prepare 135,000,000 men, with a vast administration, for new liberties.

"It is, therefore, necessary to have the powers of a homogeneous government, united in its aims, taking care to put in practice the stimulating principles of liberty and to display sincerity and uprightness in its intentions.

"The Government should abstain from any interference with elections to the Douma and keep in view my sincere desire for the realization of the ukase of Dec. 25, 1904. It must maintain the prestige of the Douma and have confidence in its labors, and in no way resist its decisions so long as they are not inconsistent with Russia's historic greatness.

"It is necessary to respect the ideals of the great majority of society and not the echoes of noisy groups and factions, too often unstable. It is especially important to secure the reform of the Council of the Empire on an electoral principle.

"I believe that in the exercise of the executive power the following principles should be embodied:

"First—Straightforwardness and sincerity in the confirmation of civil liberty and in providing guarantees for its maintenance.

"Second—A tendency in the direction of the abolition of exclusive laws.

"Third—The co-ordination of the activity of all organs of government.

"Fourth—Avoidance of repressive measures in respect of proceedings which do not openly menace society or the State.

"Fifth—Resistance to acts which manifestly threaten society or the State, such resistance being based upon law and moral unity.

"Confidence must be placed in the political tact of Russian society. It is impossible that society should desire a condition of anarchy which would threaten, in addition to all the horrors of civil strife, the dismemberment of the empire."

$5,000 OR DEATH.

Coal Dealer Nelson Thinks Black Hand Missive Is a Joke.

The police of the Fifth Avenue Station, Brooklyn, are trying to find the writer of a letter received through the mail by Frederick W. Nelson, head of the firm of Nelson Brothers, coal dealers, who lives at 171 Eighth Street.

The letter is signed "The Black Hand," and the sender demands $5,000 from Mr. Nelson. He was ordered to "bring the money to Eighty-seventh Street." The letter added that if he failed to do so he would have but three days to live. The writer added proudly:

"We have killed forty-one people in twelve weeks. When we shoot we shoot to kill."

Although Mr. Nelson has reported the matter to the police, he is inclined to view the letter as the work of some practical joker.

Harvard Students Thief's Victims.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The police of Cambridge are making every effort to apprehend a thief who almost daily is committing trivial burglaries in the various dormitories and halls occupied by Harvard students. Fraternity pins, college emblems, and other small jewelry that would be left about a room, and in some cases small amounts of money have been taken.

Charles E. Matthews

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It Is Astonishing

what a touch of newness everything in ladies' goods has after it is Dry Cleaned—gowns, waists, robes, dresses, etc.

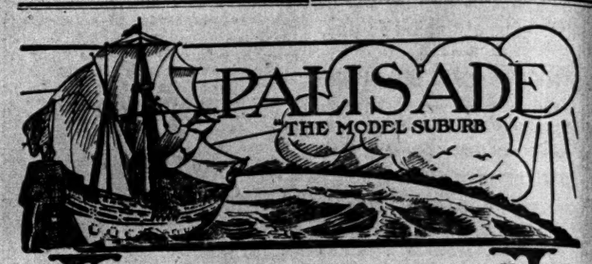
Barrett, Nephews & Co., Old Staten Island Dyeing Establishment.

Established 1918.

No. 585 Madison Av. / No. 706 Madison Av. / No. 992 Madison Av. / No. 1064 Mad. Av.

Parties out of town can have their orders sent them either by mail or express.

Goods Returned in a Few Days if Required.



10 MINUTES AND 10 CENTS FROM N.Y. CITY

It was *only a few hundred* years ago when the Pilgrims landed on American shores. The price of thousands of acres of land was then a bag of tobacco or a few trinkets. The whole Island of Manhattan was bought for $24. Within this year a piece of ground 30 x 39 feet at the southeast corner of Broadway and Wall Street was sold for $700,000.

New York City and her suburbs are growing faster now than ever before. They will absorb this year a city the size of Pittsburg. Within ten years their combined annual growth must reach the total population of Boston.

Manhattan Island is now full to overflowing and cannot expand by a foot. Five years ago rentals were 20% less; two years hence they will be 20% more, with not enough apartments to go around. New York City is the real estate hub of the Western Hemisphere. Land ONE MILE FROM MANHATTAN ISLAND is worth twelve times as much as land twelve miles away—other conditions being equal.

Palisade is the best real estate investment around New York. Its accessibility, altitude and restrictions must make all land within its limits extremely valuable. Large purchasers of lots will make fortunes.

ALL IMPROVEMENTS ARE MADE;
NO ASSESSMENTS POSSIBLE.

W. W. & E. E. SLOCUM, Selling Agents,

Suite 1008 Times Bldg., B'way & 42d St.

Send for our descriptive book illustrated in colors.

IN HONOR OF HENRY RICE.

Thirtieth Anniversary as Head of United Hebrew Charities Observed.

Many representative Jews who give to charity did honor to Henry Rice, President of the United Hebrew Charities, last evening on the thirtieth anniversary of Mr. Rice's election as President. There were about 800 men and women present. The auditorium in which the meeting was held was tastefully decorated with flowers and potted plants.

The principal speaker of the evening was Dr. John H. Finley, President of the College of the City of New York. He read a set of ten commandments on charity, which he said were given with due reverence. They ran like this:

Thou shalt have no motive in giving before the good of him to whom thou givest.

Thou shalt not give to the beggar, for the iniquity of the gift may be visited upon the third and fourth generation of him to whom thou givest.

Thou shalt not take the name of charity in vain.

Remember the spirit of charity to keep it holy.

Thou shalt not let children dishonor father or mother.

Thou shalt not kill the soul of the beggar by feeding him.

Thou shalt not let mothers hide their shame nor fathers their greed in an orphan asylum.

Thou shalt not steal from the poor man to feed the pauper.

Thou shalt not let the giving bear false witness to thy motive.

Thou shalt not covet the name of Philanthropist for thine own glory.

Almost the entire evening was spent in speeches which were made praising Mr. Rice for the work he has done in the thirty years of his activity as President of the Hebrew Charities. These speeches were followed by gifts in several instances. They include:

A present of a check for $1,300 by the Federation of Sisterhoods to President Rice, to be used by him in charity as he may think best; a gold pen by the Second District of the United Hebrew Charities; a painting, "Charitas," by the employes of the Hebrew Charities Building; a set of resolutions from the Directors of the Montefiore Home, and a painting of Mr. Rice himself to be presented by his associate Directors when Mr. Rice will sit for it.

HAD 970 PIECES OF SILVER.

Most of It from the Waldorf, St. Regis, and Other Hotels.

While Supt. Thomas Clements of the Frank White property on Barren Island was walking through the estate yesterday afternoon he noticed a man with a bag over his shoulder walking toward the steamboat landing.

He stopped him and asked to see the contents of the bag. He found that it contained 970 pieces of silverware. Nearly all of it bore the monograms of the big hotels in this city. The Waldorf, St. Regis, Bresiln, Manhattan, Algonquin, Anasonia, Netherlands, and the Fifth Avenue Hotel had apparently contributed to the collection, while the New York Athletic Club and the Arts Club were also represented.

The man was taken to the Canarsie Police Station and locked up. He said he was Tinkus Kauffman, a junk dealer, of 435 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn. He refused to say how he had got the silverware and what his business was on Barren Island.

Miss Curran Forfeited Her Bail.

When the case of Mildred Curran, the young woman who is accused of obtaining money from prominent persons in Manhattan and Brooklyn by representing that the funds were for charitable institutions, was called in the Adams Street Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, she failed to appear, and her bail of $200 was declared forfeited. Miss Curran was arrested on complaint of Isaac H. Cary, a Brooklyn real estate man, and Mrs. Emma Petingill, President of the Board of Managers of the Wayside Home.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

12:50 A. M.—226 West Thirty-seventh Street; Thomas P. Fitzsimmons; damage, $100.

1:20 A. M.—9 Murray Street; Yale & Towne Lock Company; damage, $200.

6:10 A. M.—8 and 10 West Ninety-eighth Street owner unknown; no damage.

8:05 A. M.—2,457 Eighth Avenue; Isaac Silverstein; damage, $200.

8:45 A. M.—2,306 Hoffman Street; Mary Mooney; damage, $25.

9:10 A. M.—214 East 121st Street; William Dorman; damage, $50.

10:45 A. M.—124 Ludlow Street; M. Christian; damage, $50.

11:50 A. M.—42 Delancey Street; owner unknown; damage, $50.

2:05 P. M.—521 East Seventeenth Street; New York Contracting Company; damage, $500.

3:50 P. M.—205 East Ninety-seventh Street; J. Teasdall; damage, $100.

4 P. M.—4,251 Third Avenue; August Doller; damage, $5.

4:05 P. M.—507 West Forty-fifth Street; Charles Levy; damage, $100.

4:55 P. M.—19 Catherine Street; owner unknown; damage, $50.

5:50 P. M.—295 Madison Street; Arlon Raider; damage trifling.

6:50 P. M.—7 East Thirty-second Street; Hotel Dullma; damage, $200.

7:30 P. M.—41 West Sixtieth Street; owner unknown; damage, $50.

HARDMAN PIANO

OUR SMALL GRAND has that vibrant quality of tone and ease of action necessarily lacking in an upright. It contains all the superior qualities of the *large* Grand, while in cost and occupation of space it is practically the same as a full-sized Upright.

Estimates given for special case designs to harmonize with furnishings.
Moderate monthly payments accepted.
Booklets of information free.
Pianos taken in exchange at liberal allowances.

Hardman, Peck & Co.,
FIFTH AVE. & 19TH ST., NEW YORK.
524 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Brooklyn Store Open Saturday Evenings

BISSELL'S CARPET SWEEPERS

If there is any one fact upon which the general public is agreed it is that the Bissell is the best carpet sweeper made. It is the one only carpet sweeper that has stood the test of time, and its superiority is fully attested by the magnitude of its sales. Over 80% of all the carpet sweepers in use throughout the world are Bissell's. Think of this when an inferior sweeper is urged upon you as "something just as good as a Bissell."

$2.50 to $5.00

For sale by all first-class dealers. Buy now, send us the purchase slip and we will send you free a neat, useful present.
BISSELL, 25 Warren St., N. Y. Dept. "G."

CHANCE WORD CAUSED PANIC.

Some One Overheard Talk About Fire in a Theatre.

PASSAIC, Oct. 30.—A panic was caused in the Passaic Opera House this afternoon by a cry of "Fire." Anna and Mary Simms, who live in Garfield, came to the city to attend the matinée performance. While the curtain was down they began to talk about a fire that had occurred near their home.

Some one overheard them and, misunderstanding what they said, shouted "Fire!" The house was in an uproar in an instant, and the 500 persons in the theatre made a rush to get out.

The manager appeared on the stage and assured the audience that there was no fire, and after a time he succeeded in restoring quiet and the performance was resumed. No one was hurt.

Begged for Death Sentence.

Convicted of murder in the second degree, John Shepard, a negro, yesterday begged Judge Crane, in the Kings County Court, to send him to the electric chair rather than to prison for life. Shepard shot a man in a quarrel over a game of pool in a Navy Street resort. He told the court he preferred to be executed. The Judge was unable to grant his request.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

As we have greatly increased our accounting facilities, we are now prepared to receive applications for a limited number of charge accounts.

Applications will be received either in person or by letter.

Our entirely new, improved and enlarged system for the convenience of charge customers simplifies shopping and removes the many inconveniences incident to the old method of trading.

High-class merchandise at the lowest prices compatible with a standard of quality that will warrant your continued patronage gives this store a standing among discriminating shoppers that makes the name SIMPSON CRAWFORD COMPANY synonymous with style and sterling worth.

Send in your application to-day.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

SIXTH AVE., 19TH TO 20TH. NEW YORK.

Do you remember this?

IT was so successful Saturday that we are going to repeat this announcement to-day word for word.

A lounging robe for $7.50.

We have them at lower and higher prices, but how do you like the one shown in the illustration at $7.50? For comfort and wear it is certainly a great robe at the price. We show the popular thistle design just to prove that we are up-to-the-minute in this business. Just one model, though, out of one thousand of our own manufacture.

We know how they're made and what they're made of, and will say emphatically that nothing could be done to make a robe last longer or make it more comfortable — not even if the price were $15. **Main Floor.**

These robes are all guaranteed pure wool—medium and heavy weight blankets used in their make-up. All have piped seams inside satin yoke—broad collar and pockets, and furnished with heavy wool girdles.

The new lines comprise all the good staple wanted colors, such as gray and oxfords, navy blues, tans, browns — these in the various shades — light or dark patterns. Designs are all in new floral effects —large and small figures—makes are all extra long, full and wide. Prices on these pure wool Robes, 6.00, 7.50, 7.95, 8.95 and 10.50.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

9x12 rugs to-day at a saving.

NO time to make comparisons now. We've marked the prices so our values will instantly appeal to you as the best in New York. Of course, we like to have you compare them with others when you have time. We feature 9x12 rugs in Oriental colorings and designs of rare beauty, as they are the most popular size. **Third Floor.**

26.50 rugs, 22.45.
Axminster rugs—Sanford's make—9x12 size.

24.50 rugs, 19.95.
Velvet rugs with only one seam—9x12 size.

24.50 rugs, 19.95.
Genuine body Brussels rugs in 9x12 size.

23.00 rugs, 17.75.
All-wool Smyrna rugs in the 9x12 size.

We want to make it plain that our regular prices are the lowest consistent with the quality—that the extra reduction to-day is for the purpose of proving to you the value-giving power of our Carpet and Rug Departments at times when the season demands immediate selection.

1.35 carpets, 1.10.
90c. carpets, 79c.
All-wool velvet carpets in great variety of patterns, for rooms, halls and stairs.

1.25 linoleum, 85c.
Genuine inlaid linoleum of the most serviceable grade.

75c. carpets, 65c.
65c. carpets, 59c.
Tapestry Brussels carpets — handsome and durable—for rooms, halls and stairs.

85c. linoleum, 65c.
Genuine cork linoleum in tile and inlaid floor effects.

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPT.

is fully equipped to fill promptly all orders received, at advertised prices. We not only guarantee that you'll be satisfied, but will prepay charges to station nearest your home on all orders amounting to five dollars or more.

DELIGHTFUL AND CONVENIENT—OUR EIGHTH FLOOR RESTAURANT.

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

Men's Winter overcoats at $15.50

FOR this sale we have selected the value that we had the most calls for last week, when all records in our clothing department were broken. Succeeded in getting five hundred more custom-made overcoats to sell at 15.50. We sold 236 last Friday alone. Only had 247. For to-day and to-morrow we have enough to supply the demand. But this is overcoat weather, and these are the only bona fide $25 overcoats we know of at 15.50. So it is unwise to delay, especially since these are the most popular four styles of the season.

COPYRIGHT 1905 BY THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER.

THE SURTOUT—A most becoming coat—tight fitting back.
THE REGENT—A long, 52-inch single-breasted overcoat.
THE RENWICK—Medium-length single-breasted overcoat.
THE ROSSMORE—Double-breasted overcoat of fancy material.

$15.50

COPYRIGHT 1905 BY THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER

These are the popular styles now among the best dressed men, and we have them in all sizes. Every man may come here to-day with positive assurance of a perfect-fitting overcoat in the style most becoming to his build—stout, slender or medium—at $15.50.

The materials are kersey, melton, frieze, cheviots, vicunas and fancy overcoats.

Think of this as a serious business proposition. Give it your consideration, and remember that you cannot be disappointed, as there is not a coat in the lot for which you would not be willing to pay $25 provided you want one of the best $25.00 coats on the market. Our stocks for Saturday will be so heavy in order to supply the demand that we must clear out all of these $25.00 coats to-day at $15.50. **Second Floor.**

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

The underwear men want now.

The number of garments we sold on Saturday was surprising. Of course men understand that underwear of this quality usually costs double our price, and it is also one of the most desirable kinds for Winter. **Main Floor.**

Men's underwear, 1.50.

The garments are all perfect quality. They comprise nearly all the jersey fitting derby ribbed goods, comprising pure natural and colored and white wools; also white and light colors of pure silky mercerized yarns. All woven in the very best loosely knit fashion—silk finish throughout. Among the lot are 125 garments of pure silk and wool mixtures. Full fashioned and regular made. These are in broken sizes only. The goods are of positively the best make and will appeal to men who appreciate but the very best. The price we ask to-day represents just exactly half of their average value. Each..... 1.50

Our men's furnishing department is one of the most convenient in New York—Main Floor, corner Sixth Ave. and 19th Street.

Men's neckwear, 55c.

We have now the finest and best selected stock of new Fall neckwear ever shown by us or any one else at this season of the year at 1.00 each. All in the choicest foreign and domestic novelty silks. The make is correct in each little detail—the shape is the approved one for the coming season. For to-day we have two most important new lines of the same intrinsic value as the above. They were bought in a large quantity by us a fraction under price—all absolutely new and fashionable, including many effects of the popular gooseberry color. The shape is very full, wide four-in-hand. The quality is a rich, pure silk. They are worth 1.00 each. To-day..... 55c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

$1.50 corsets, 85c to-day.

A WELL-KNOWN DOMESTIC BRAND OF CORSETS—Made of fine batiste and coutil—closely boned—medium bust and medium hip, flat abdomen; also some with short hip. A fine model for slight and medium figures; some with garters attached on front. Prettily trimmed on top with lace and ribbon. Sizes 18 to 29. Value $1.50. Special..... 85c

BALANCE LOT OF P. D. CORSETS—made of French sateen—closely boned—extra long waist and high bust—flat abdomen—medium hip—5 hooks. Drab flossed stitching top and bottom—heavily boned. Sizes 18 to 29, excepting 24, 25, 27, 28; also same make in black Italian cloth—gore cut—medium hip—high bust—lace trimmed. Sizes 18 to 22. Value $3.00 to $5.00. At..... 85c

Women's hosiery.

VERY SPECIAL LOT OF WOMEN'S HIGH GRADE FINEST IMPORTED REAL LISLE THREAD INGRAIN HOSIERY—guaranteed absolutely fast black—firm, elastic quality—perfect quality—white tipped heels and toes—double soles—in the plain Richelieu or Rembrandt ribs—a good quality for now and year round wear. Special, per pair..... 25c

Christy pictures, 98c.

TWO HUNDRED pictures, comprising the latest subjects by Howard Chandler Christy, that popular artist whose sketches are now first in favor everywhere, have been especially selected for this sale at 98c. They are the 18x22 inch size, well made and finished and in handsome hardwood frames. **Fourth Floor.**

Note.—As the demand for Christy pictures constantly exceeds the supply, we ask you to give this offering your consideration.

Infants' coats and bonnets.

CHILDREN'S COATS—Several excellent models. They are made of Bedford cord, Bearskin, Cheviot and Broadcloth—some have fancy designed collars and others are tailor stitched. Sizes 1, 2, 3 and 4 years. Price..... 2.95

CHILDREN'S FINE CHEVIOT COATS, in red, blue and brown—trimmed with fancy frogs—belt, collar and cuffs of contrasting color. Sizes 2, 3 and 4 years. Price..... 5.00

Second Floor.

CHILDREN'S SILK EMBROIDERED BONNETS—trimmed with double frill and silk pompons—ribbon ties. Price..... 50c

CHILDREN'S BEARSKIN BONNETS, in red, gray and white—have lace ruche around face—ribbon pompons and rib on ties. Price..... 95c

CHILDREN'S CRINKLED KIDERDOWN BATH ROBES, in red, pink and blue—round collar, sleeves and pocket trimmed with stitched satin—handsome girdle at waist. Sizes 2 to 14 years. Price..... 2.95

CHILDREN'S STRIPED FLANNELETTE NIGHT GOWNS—trimmed with round collar—all sizes. Price..... 50c

Christy pictures, 98c.

Our special feather pillows.

$1.10 for $1.50 pillows, 22x28. A. C. A. ticking.

$1.45 for $2.00 pillows, 22x28. Gold Medal ticking.

$1.50 VERNIS MARTIN ARM CHAIR OR ROCKER, 12.50,

arm chair or rocker to match—like cut—handsomely decorated—broad arms—shaped seat—very artistic and comfortable.

TWO AND THREE PIECE GOLD LEAF PARLOR SUITES—

best upholstering—covered in the newest effects of silk damask.

TWO-PIECE PARLOR SUITES.

150.00 suites	95.00	180.00 suites	125.00

THREE-PIECE PARLOR SUITES.

270.00 suites	150.00	345.00 suites	225.00
320.00 suites	200.00	450.00 suites	225.00

ODD SOFAS.

Gold leaf—silk damask cover.

45.00 sofa	28.00	120.00 sofa	75.00

VERNIS MARTIN PARLOR CABINETS.

48.00 cabinets	32.00	155.00 cabinets	110.00
90.00 cabinets	65.00	170.00 cabinets	115.00

$45 brass beds at 27.50

LIKE THE ILLUSTRATION.

$42.00 to $55.00 Brass beds at..... 29.50

$50.00, $55.00 and $60.00 beds at..... 34.25

Beds worth to $75.00—special at..... 35.00

These beds are all massive and artistic in construction—have two-inch posts—best French lacquer—sizes 4 and 4.6.

$30.00 Ostermoor Mattress, $18.50

$25.00 Pure Hair Mattresses, special $17.75

40 lbs. pure hair mattresses.

$10.00 for $15.00 X quality Mattress.

$15.00 for $21.00 XX quality Mattress.

$18.00 for $24.50 XXX quality Mattress.

Artistic sideboards.

Odd pieces from lots that sold in previous sales at 42.50, 45.00 & 50.00, special to-day

SALE PRICE 29.50

A 42.50 sideboard at
A 45.00 sideboard at
A 50.00 sideboard at
29.50

They are built from selected quartered oak, highly polished, made to last a lifetime, fitted with extra large French bevel plate mirror, very artistic design, guaranteed construction.

It depends altogether on the hour you attend this sale to-day. Come early and make your selections—a $50.00 sideboard at $29.50.

$22.00 sideboards	14.25	$52.00 sideboards	40.00
$36.00 sideboards	24.50	$80.00 sideboards	45.00
$45.00 sideboards	32.50	$74.00 sideboards	58.00

$25.00 CHINA CLOSETS, $14.75.

Genuine golden oak, rubbed and highly polished, graceful and artistic, with round ends and bent glass; dustproof filled door, three polished shelves, French shaped legs.

GOLDEN OAK CHINA CLOSETS.

$28.00 closets	18.50
$34.50 closets	22.00
$39.75 closets	26.50
$48.00 closets	35.50
$54.00 closets	40.00
$85.50 closets	55.00

GOLDEN OAK DINING TABLES.

$11.25 Dining Table	7.25
$16.00 Dining Table	10.75
$18.50 Dining Table	12.50
$19.75 Dining Table	15.00
$40.00 Mhg. Dining Table	22.00
$80.00 Mhg. Dining Table	50.00

Men's fur lined coats.

THE shells are made by expert tailors. The fur linings are put together and attached to the shells by our own experienced furriers. Skill and intelligence are back of every coat, and the styles are the latest, all coats being exact copies of the foremost men's fashions of London, Paris and Berlin. **Third Floor.**

We want you to take all this into consideration before giving your attention to the prices, as they are extremely low to be associated with garments of this character.

MEN'S BROADCLOTH COATS, lined with the very best quality sabled coney, richly lustrous, in fur; large collars of fine Persian lamb, whole skins (not pieced); a gentleman's coat in every particular..... 39.50

MEN'S BROADCLOTH COATS, of fine goods, lined with natural dark muskrat skins; finest Persian lamb collars; very swagger; special value at..... 49.50

MEN'S BROADCLOTH COATS, lined with hamster; large collars of very fine Persian lamb..... 75.00

MEN'S GERMAN BROADCLOTH COATS, lined with the choicest selected muskrat skins, very fine quality Persian lamb collars..... 85.00

MEN'S VERY FINE IMPORTED BROADCLOTH COATS, lined with natural mink, collars of the finest Leipsic dyed Persian lamb.. 135.00

MEN'S IMPORTED BROADCLOTH COATS AND DOESKIN COATS, lined with dark natural mink, collars of very fine Leipsic dyed Persian lamb..... 225.00 and 275.00

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

SIR HENRI

America's best dollar glove for men and women

WE picked out one of the best imported 1.50 gloves we could find and sent our Paris representative to the maker to ascertain his lowest price for the same style, quality and workmanship on lots of ten thousand pairs. It is low enough to enable us to offer this glove at one dollar a pair.

We have named it "Sir Henri," and in style, fit, finish and durability, both in the models for men and women, we have never seen its superior in any 1.50 glove. Price..... 1.00

Women's 2.00 Pique Glace Kid Gloves..... 1.65

These are made by the best maker in Grenoble in the most complete factory in the world, where every detail is looked after from the time the raw skins come in bales to the time the finished product is shipped to its destination. The sanitary conditions are unequaled. Not the sweatshop production here, where so many gloves come from. There are no better gloves made than these at any price you may be asked to pay. We would like to have you try these gloves, as you certainly will be pleased. **Main Floor.**

Furs repaired and remodeled according to the latest styles.

AT moderate cost our expert furriers, upon whom you can depend for style and superior workmanship, will remodel your furs, so they will be up-to-date in style. Repairs will also be made.

As this department has on hand a large number of garments and pieces that require immediate attention, we request that you notify us to call as soon as convenient.

We make furs to order and will be pleased to submit estimates on the latest European and American models. **Third Floor.**

Sale of petticoats.

Women's petticoats, made of taffeta—trimmed with accordion plaiting and narrow ruffle—underlay has tiny ruffle. Price.... 2.50

Fine quality taffeta silk petticoats—fluffy sectional flounces—trimmed with ruche and tucks. Price..... 6.95

Taffeta silk petticoats—several styles in black and all the new shades, beautifully trimmed with plaitings, ruffles and ruches. Price..... 5.00

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO. **Second Floor.**

100 punch bowls like cut, 2.50

THESE are not genuine cut glass bowls, and we do not advertise them as such. They are known as "nearcut." Not the ordinary pressed glass. They have the weight of the real cut glass. In design they are exact reproductions of the genuine cutting. They are made to be sold at $4.00, but to introduce them the manufacturer has allowed us one hundred like the illustration to sell at $2.50. They turn on base. Select one to-day before they are all sold. Special at..... 2.50

China.

One year ago our China Department broke all records up to that time. Values for to-day indicate that large gains will be made in the New China Section—Basement Salesroom.

25c. bread and butter plates, 10c.
They are of the finest Austrian China, with border or spray decorations. We have only fifty dozen of them.

15c. blue breakfast cups and saucers, 10c.
These Cups and Saucers are as stable as sugar. The lot we have just received are decorated in a better blue than is usually sold at 15c.

$2.50 decorated wall plaques, $1.25.
They are of fine Austrian China, with hand-painted centres on ivory bodies. They are 12 inches in diameter, and a bargain.

50c. decorated china salad bowls, 25c.
They are richly decorated and deep Bowls. We should sell a lot to-day.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

What do you think of these values for a November sale of furniture?

Not for to-day alone, but for to-day, to-morrow and all this month.

To-day we begin our November sale of furniture, and like the great August and February events, it starts with a complete selection of the latest styles in high-grade furniture at prices in keeping with the purchasing facilities of this store.

If you want to refurnish your dining room for Thanksgiving or the holidays, your parlor, library, hall, den or bedrooms, or your new or present home complete, a visit to this section will give you many new and exclusive ideas.

Our furniture business is founded on a quality of furniture that makes our purchasers want to come back the next time they want furniture. Its growth is a revelation to other stores and manufacturers. Of course prices are a great attraction.

Standing in the rotunda on the fifth floor, you will see the largest and finest display of furniture that can be seen in New York from one viewpoint. Nothing is crowded. Everything is properly and artistically grouped to simplify selection. It has the name of being the most finely appointed furniture department in America. And the prices are one of the principal attractions.

Weathered oak.

16.00 ARM CHAIR OR ROCKER, 9.50.

Arm Chair like illustration, or Rocker to match—Golden oak or Mahogany finished — highly polished—handsome carved back—broad arms—very artistic and comfortable.

China Closet, genuine oak, weathered finish. Value 24.00. Special..... 16.50

Sideboard, solid quartered oak, weathered finish. Value 45.00. Special..... 36.00

Dining Chairs, solid quartered oak, weathered finish. Value 2.00. Special... 1.75

Arm Chair to match. Value 5.25. Price..... 3.75

Leatherette Couch, made on solid oak frames. Value 19.75. Special... 14.25

Sideboard, weathered oak, guaranteed construction. Value 60.00. Special.... 42.00

Buffet, weathered oak, best workmanship. Value 50.00. Special..... 32.00

Dining Tables, thoroughly seasoned oak, weathered finish. Mission style. Value 18.75. Price..... 13.25

Genuine Leather Couch, best upholstering. Value 36.00. Special..... 25.00

Tabourette, Mission style, finished in weathered oak. Value 4.75. Price..... 2.50

Arm Chairs or Rockers to match, finished in weathered oak. Value 12.00. Special at..... 7.75

Arm Chair or Rocker to match, finished in weathered oak. Value 13.50. Special..... 11.75

Morris Chair, Mission style, finished in weathered oak. Value 14.50. Special..... 9.25

Parlor suites.

These suites are all of the best construction and the finest mahogany finish, richly upholstered in heavy high-grade materials, plain or of the simplest to the richest designs—tapestries, damasks, and verona velours.

Three-piece parlor suites.		Five-piece parlor suites.	
20.75 suite	14.75	36.00 suite	24.50
26.00 suite	19.50	45.00 suite	37.50
33.00 suite	24.00	52.00 suite	40.00
36.00 suite	27.00	125.00 suite	80.00
45.00 suite	30.00	72.00 suite	55.00
48.50 suite	33.75	82.50 suite	66.00
64.00 suite	42.50	95.00 suite	72.00
80.00 suite	56.00	115.00 suite	85.00
90.00 suite	60.00	150.00 suite	100.00
95.00 suite	68.00	165.00 suite	120.00
100.00 suite	75.00	200.00 suite	138.00

17.50 VERNIS MARTIN ARM CHAIR OR ROCKER, 12.50,

arm chair or rocker to match—like cut—handsomely decorated—broad arms—shaped seat—very artistic and comfortable.

TWO AND THREE PIECE GOLD LEAF PARLOR SUITES—

best upholstering—covered in the newest effects of silk damask.

TWO-PIECE PARLOR SUITES.

180.00 suites	95.00	180.00 suites	125.00

THREE-PIECE PARLOR SUITES.

270.00 suites	150.00	345.00 suites	225.00
320.00 suites	200.00	450.00 suites	225.00

ODD SOFAS.

Gold leaf—silk damask cover.

45.00 sofa	28.00	120.00 sofa	75.00

VERNIS MARTIN PARLOR CABINETS.

48.00 cabinets	32.00	155.00 cabinets	110.00
90.00 cabinets	65.00	170.00 cabinets	115.00

Gold Furniture

5.25 Gold Reception Chair 3.50

Every kind of style in gold leaf furniture and at moderate prices. Just note this announcement for instance—time to replenish the reception room.

ODD ARMCHAIRS.

Gold leaf—silk damask cover.

48.00	arm chair	32.00	
90.00	arm chair	55.00	
100.00	arm chair	62.00	

CORNER CHAIR.

Gold leaf—silk damask cover.

22.00	chair	15.00	
29.75	chair	20.50	
80.00	chair	25.00	

WINDOW SEAT.

Gold leaf—silk damask cover.

18.00	seat	10.00	
24.00	seat	13.50	
30.00	seat	15.00	

GOLD RECEPTION CHAIRS.

5.25	chairs	3.50	
9.50	chairs	6.75	
19.75	chairs	14.50	

GOLD LEAF PARLOR CABINETS.

45.00	cabinets	40.00	
75.00	cabinets	50.00	
90.00	cabinets	60.00	
145.00	cabinets	95.00	
180.00	cabinets	135.00	
250.00	cabinets	185.00	
325.00	cabinets	210.00	

GOLD LEAF CURIO TABLES.

70.00	tables	45.00	
155.00	tables	98.00	

GOLD TABLES—ONYX TOP.

60.00	tables	32.00	
75.00	tables	45.00	
80.00	tables	55.00	
140.00	tables	80.00	

GOLD WRITING DESK.

Handsomely decorated.

115.00	Writing Desk	80.00	
150.00	Writing Desk	102.00	

HUNT AHEARN CAPTAIN FOR REGISTRY FRAUDS

Morgan's Men Arrest Two Inspectors of Election.

SEARCH LEADER'S CLUBHOUSE

Seven Indictments Found as Result of Unlawful Acts Charged in the Fourth Assembly District.

Bearing warrants issued by Judge McMahon, in the Court of General Sessions, following the finding of seven indictments by the Grand Jury yesterday, charging registration frauds, several State Deputy Superintendents of Election searched the rooms of the John F. Ahearn Association, at 290 East Broadway, last night. They say they also went through Mr. Ahearn's house, at No. 290, from cellar to roof, in quest of one of the indicted men, a lawyer and Tammany Captain of the Fourteenth Election District of the Fourth Assembly District, of which President Ahearn is leader. Mr. Ahearn denies that his house was searched.

The Morgan men couldn't find the Democratic Captain, but they arrested in another place two inspectors who are involved in the charge and locked them up in the Tombs. They then set watch for two others who, with the lawyer, were missing last night.

According to Supt. Morgan, the case which resulted in the indictments is the most flagrant violation of the registration laws that ever came to his notice, and will cause the arrest of an entire board of election inspectors, as well as the election district Captain.

Seven Indictments Found.

The indictments found yesterday were against Samuel Ellenbogen, City Marshal and Tammany Captain of the Eighteenth District; a Tammany Captain of the Fourteenth Assembly District; the Board of Election Inspectors of the Fourteenth Election of the Fourth Assembly District, and the Captain.

According to affidavits made before the Grand Jury, Harris Levine, 60 years old, of 811 Madison Street, went to the polling place of the Fourteenth Election District of the Fourth Assembly to register. He is a naturalized citizen.

While he was waiting in line to register, the lawyer looked at the papers and asked him whether he had any sons. Levine replied that he had, but although they were all over 21 years of age, they were not entitled to vote, as they had never declared their intention of becoming citizens.

"Bring all the boys around," the Tammany Captain is alleged to have said, "and everything will be all right."

"One lives in an adjoining district," Levine replied, whereupon, according to the affidavit, the Tammany Captain said: "Never mind that, we'll register him from your house. You're a greenhorn and don't know anything about the laws. Now, I'm a lawyer and know all about these things, and besides, if there is any trouble, I'll take all the responsibility. Don't you worry one bit, but just go home and get your boys here as quickly as possible. They'll want to vote, all right, and we'll make good citizens of them."

This happened on the third day of registration, a Saturday, and the Jewish Sabbath. Levine hurried home and got his boys. The lawyer, according to the affidavits, then took the elder Levine's citizenship papers and took the sons before the four Election Inspectors who constituted the board. They hesitated about taking the names, whereupon the Captain is alleged to have said, "Go ahead; don't be afraid. I'm doing this." They were all registered.

The affidavits declare that the four received ballots, and were instructed to put a cross under the Tammany emblem, and that then they would be good, active Democrats. The Levines said they did not object to becoming good Democrats, but they could not, under any circumstances, sign anything on the Jewish Sabbath.

At this juncture a young fellow who was in the polling place said to one of the inspectors: "Let me have the ballots and I'll fix them up." He took the primary ballots, and, without going into the booth at the far end of the polling place, put a cross under the star on each one. Then, without further ceremony, they were dropped into the box with others that were voted and handed to the inspectors.

The inspectors made out the registration cards and they were forwarded to Supt. Morgan's office. This system of writing out the registration cards was inaugurated this year, and it was due to this that the registration frauds were detected.

Penalty May Be Severe.

The Grand Jury quickly found indictments yesterday. The Election Inspectors are charged with willful violation of the election law, the maximum penalty for which is ten years in State prison. The lawyer is charged with aiding and abetting illegal registration and also with being an accessory to a crime, the penalty for which is five years.

Twelve deputies immediately started out in quest of the indicted men, and last night they arrested two of the inspectors, Abraham Heyman and Isaac Barnett, and locked them in the Tombs.

Several deputies sought for the lawyer at his home, but he was not there. Then they went to the headquarters of the John F. Ahearn Association at 290 East Broadway, and inquired for the lawyer. Somebody connected with the rooms said that he was at that moment at the home of President Ahearn at 296 East Broadway. The deputies say they lost no time in getting to Ahearn's home.

They did not find the man they were looking for, but two of the deputies were placed on watch, Morgan's men say, to remain there all night, if need be. Others were stationed at the rooms of the Ahearn association.

It was said at the office of Supt. Morgan that the other men sought probably will surrender to-day.

Ellenbogen, who was arrested in Supt. Morgan's office and held in $1,000 bail by Magistrate Wahle in the Tombs Court on Sunday, was also indicted on a charge of swearing falsely to a material fact.

Mr. Ahearn denied last night that his house had been searched by either Morgan deputies or county detectives. He said to a TIMES reporter at the clubhouse:

"This is the first I have heard of any one searching my house, and it is untrue. Two Morgan deputies did visit the clubhouse late in the afternoon. I was upstairs looking over some paper when told that they were there. I went downstairs and saw them. They said they were looking for a man named Levy. I told them to look around for him. They did walk through the clubrooms, but did not find the man. Then they went away."

LITTLETON NOT IN LINE.

The Borough President Refuses to Attend Tammany Meetings.

Borough President Littleton of Brooklyn announced yesterday that he would not speak at the meeting in Tammany Hall to-morrow night. He said he had not been invited, and if he was he would be compelled to decline.

Throughout the present campaign Mr. Littleton has steadily declined to appear at the meetings in Brooklyn, although repeatedly urged to do so by his friends. He has made it known that he is not in sympathy with the way the Democratic campaign managers are running things.

JEROME WATCHERS WANTED.

His Managers Appeal for Men to Guard the Polls.

Jerome headquarters issued these notices to the public yesterday:

JEROME NEEDS VOLUNTEER WATCHERS. APPLY AT UNION SQUARE HOTEL.

A SURE COUNT MEANS A JEROME COUNT. WATCH FOR JEROME. UNION SQ. HOTEL.

THE SPLIT BALLOTS MUST NOT BE MIXED WITH THE STRAIGHT BALLOTS. WATCH FOR JEROME.

GET IN LINE AND WATCH FOR JEROME. APPLY AT UNION SQUARE HOTEL.

NEW YORK MUST HAVE A WATCHED COUNT. WATCH FOR JEROME. UNION SQ. HOTEL.

IVINS SAYS HE'LL WIN.

With Hearst Second, McClellan Third —Expects to Beat Higgins's Vote.

"Let me make a prophecy," said William M. Ivins, Republican candidate for Mayor, to the voters of Queens County last night. "When the ballots are counted I will be found an easy winner, and the Tammany ticket, headed by George B. McClellan, will be third.

"Gov. Higgins got 268,000 votes last year. That number would suffice to elect me, but I expect to get between 25,000 and 30,000 independent Democratic votes. And I want to say to you all that when I assume the Mayor's chair I will be absolutely the most independent man who ever occupied it. I don't know a boss, and not a boss knows me."

Mr. Ivins took an early start, leaving his headquarters in the Hotel Breslin at 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon with Senator Elsberg, ex-Senator Slater, and several reporters. The party occupied four automobiles to begin with, but before the invasion of Long Island was ended one of the machines had broken down.

The business of the evening at Jamaica began with a meeting of district captains.

Only Votes Needed.

Mr. Ivins made a short address to the politicians, telling them that if the Republicans got out their full vote there was not a question as to the result of the election.

The Flushing meeting was held in the armory, where perhaps 500 persons, including many women, had gathered. Mr. Ivins received a welcome which, while not particularly enthusiastic, seemed to satisfy his managers.

"I stand before you unpledged to any man or set of men," he said. "In entering upon my duties as Mayor I will surround myself with men chosen for their character and capabilities, and not for political reasons. If you want to put an end to the greedy grafting of the Tammany Tiger, I offer this suggestion—strangle the tiger. That's a sure way to put an end to its appetite. [Applause.]

"An effort is being made by the Tiger to save itself by crying 'Wolf!' It is like saying to you, 'Your property is in danger. You will be robbed. You need a night watchman. Hire a burglar. [Laughter.] The Republican vote is plenty large enough to elect me, and Tammany knows it.

"Great as New York is, it is destined to be still greater, and the only avenue of growth now open to it is east from East River. That is where the future of the city lies.

"There will be rapid transit franchises to distribute, and they must not be let without due return. They must not be distributed to the tune of graft. What we want is less Good Ground and more good schools." [Applause.]

At Warwick Hall, in Corona, the candidate received a warm welcome. The hall was packed to its doors, and there were several hundred outside who were not able to gain admission. Mr. Ivins was moved to remark that in his whole political life he had never seen a better meeting.

"All of my meetings are the right kind," he declared. "They have more brains and less wind in them than any political gatherings I have ever known.

How Much Is Egg?

"I took the liberty of wondering the other day how much of the Hearst omelet was egg and how much was soufflé. I am sure that the Republican omelet is all egg. Nothing can save Tammany Hall but unspeakable and unlimited corruption. Even that won't do it, for I do not believe that the people of New York can be bought like so many cattle. I know, for I was the first to take his political life in his hands and begin the fight for ballot reform."

Mr. Ivins, in conclusion, pledged himself to good, clean roads, good gas at honest prices, and a faithful and intelligent Health Department.

The meeting at Long Island City was held at Frenz's Jackson Avenue Park. Over the door of the pavilion was a big McClellan banner. Mr. Ivins noticed it as he went into the meeting place, and said that he didn't believe in omens.

"I noticed Mr. McClellan's name in big letters over the door," he said, "and let me tell you that if it wasn't for the respectability he lends to Tammany there would be no possibility of a Murphy in Manhattan, a Cassidy in Queens, or a McCarren in Brooklyn. But Mr. McClellan's administration has been away below par. In comparison with the administration of Low, Hewitt, and Grace, it is a total failure."

Audience Not Large.

There was not much of an audience at this meeting, and many of those who were present wore McClellan or Hearst buttons.

Returning to Manhattan the Ivins party wound up its schedule by a visit to the Grand Theatre, in Grand Street. The theatre was jammed from pit to dome, and when Mr. Ivins appeared there was a demonstration which lasted seven minutes. He was introduced by Judge Rosasisky. Most of his speech at this place was devoted to the municipal-ownership issue. He declared that the city was not in a position to undertake at once the operation of all its great franchises, but said that in the next four years it could assume some of them.

Mr. Ivins spoke but a few moments, giving way to Senator Elsberg. He was tired by the many miles covered in Long Island City, and like the other members of his party was thickly coated with dust.

MURPHY OFFERS A HALL

To Jerome or Hearst or Both—Do It Formally, Jerome's Man Says.

Hearing that William R. Hearst and William T. Jerome were complaining that they could not get a hall in the Eighteenth District for a meeting, Charles F. Murphy offered yesterday to cancel any meeting scheduled for his home district so that either or both candidates could hold meetings there.

"It probably is true that neither Hearst nor Jerome could hire a hall in the district," said Mr. Murphy. "There are very few halls in my district, and we always arrange to hold many meetings each year. As a matter of fact, there are not enough halls for our own meetings.

"That there is a desire to crowd either Jerome or Hearst out of the district, however, is not so. I will promise either Mr Hearst or Mr. Jerome that if they, one or both, will send me word what hall in the district they want, and for what night or nights, to cancel our own meeting or meetings and let one or both of them have the hall or halls. I am willing to cancel one meeting and give up one hall to each one of the candidates."

When this information was taken to Secretary Murphy of the Citizens' Union, he referred it to P. J. McCook, Chairman of the Committee on Organization. Mr. McCook said that if Mr. Murphy would make his tender of a hall in a formal way, the matter would be referred to the proper committee of the Citizens' Union.

"I am absolutely confident of the success of the Democratic ticket," was the way Charles F. Murphy sized up the situation at Tammany Hall. "Things are in good shape, and constantly are getting better. The finish will be McClellan first, Ivins second, and Hearst third."

HORNBLOWER FOR THE MAYOR

John L. Cadwalader Also Pledges His Support to Mr. McClellan.

Mayor McClellan received a letter from William B. Hornblower yesterday morning, pledging his support in the campaign.

"I am supporting your candidacy," wrote Mr. Hornblower, "and I sincerely hope that you will be successful. I believe that the best interests of the city will be furthered by a continuance of your administration."

Another letter was from John L. Cadwalader, a Republican. He says:

"Your record and your bearing in office absolutely entitle you to the support of independent citizens interested in good government, and I shall vote for you and do what I can toward your election."

At his headquarters yesterday the Mayor received a delegation of student voters from the University of the City of New York, and made a short speech to them.

RED FLAG HEARST PARADE NOT PLANNED BY MURPHY

Tammany Leader Says He Knew Nothing About It.

700 MARCHERS WERE IN LINE

Their Emblems of Anarchy Now Stored Over Saloon from Which the Parade Started.

William R. Hearst's Evening Journal declared in its editorial columns yesterday that Charles F. Murphy had instigated the parade on the east side on Friday night last, when dozens of red flags, inscribed "Hearst und Freiheit," and a lot of other Anarchistic insignia were borne by the paraders and speeches were made lauding the candidate of the Municipal Ownership League for Mayor.

"I knew nothing about the parade on the east side on Friday night," said Mr. Murphy last night, "until I read an account of it in THE NEW YORK TIMES, and that is all I know about it now. Neither I nor any one at this headquarters had anything to do with getting up the parade. To make any statement to the contrary is not only nonsense, it is a barefaced untruth.

"I make this statement not alone for myself, but for all the leaders of Tammany Hall as well. I do not believe that any of the district leaders knew anything about it, and I want to repeat as strongly as I can that I knew nothing of the parade until I read of it."

The parade on the east side, in which about 700 men participated, was held after a regularly signed permit had been issued for it by the Police Department. The permit was made out in the name of the "Polish Hearst Club," which has its headquarters in and over Kornreich's saloon, at 133 Attorney Street.

The parade started at this point, and, notwithstanding the fact that the permit allowed the paraders to march only through certain streets in the vicinity, they extended their route of march and took in a good part of the district below Grand Street.

The club was regularly organized about ten days ago and the Polish Anarchists on the East Side flocked to its standard. It is declared that it was formed by organizers of the Municipal Ownership League as a Hearst Club, but that its rabid anarchistic tendencies at that time were unknown. When the arrangements for the parade were made the club members, then numbering nearly 700, took matters into their own hands and determined to make the occasion and anarchistic parade, which they were enabled to do on account of their permit allowing them to march.

At the head of the line a big red flag of silk, bordered with gold lace, was carried, and every division of about twenty men carried a red flag tacked to a pole tipped with a gilded spearhead. On the flags were inscribed "Hearst und Freiheit." As the procession passed through the streets the east siders not in sympathy with the anarchistic element hooted at the paraders and pelted them with stones. Just before the procession disbanded in front of the saloon from which it had started, some one threw a paving block at the man carrying the red silk flag and he went down under the feet of his comrades with a wound in the head. He was picked up and carried into the saloon.

When the paraders piled into the saloon after their march half a dozen kegs of beer had been set up in the back room for their delectation, and they made short work of the refreshment. One of the leaders, whose Polish name, as nearly as it could be transcribed into English is Korobitsky, mounted one of the tables and harangued the crowd in Polish, advising them to vote for Hearst, as THE TIMES told on the morning after the parade.

The emblems and red flags with the "Hearst und Freiheit" inscription were stored away in a room over the saloon where a TIMES reporter saw them yesterday.

Not Poles and Russians?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to THE TIMES's report, the paraders were "Russian and Polish" Hearst enthusiasts, and they carried red flags, some of which bore the inscriptions "Hearst und Freiheit" and "Hoch für Hearst!"

This is clearly a reporter's blunder, for, undoubtedly, I need not remind you that "und Freiheit" and "Hoch für" are not Polish words, but German words, and you must know that no Pole here would march under a flag bearing inscriptions in the German language. Moreover, the flag of anarchy, the Red Flag—with or without German mottoes—is not the flag around which Poles will rally.

Whether Russians would march under flags bearing inscriptions in the mother-tongue of the Holstein-Gottorp dynasty and of the majority of the bureaucrats—the cause of the deplorable state of the Russian Empire—is also questionable.

WACLAW PERKOWSKI.

New York, Oct. 29, 1905.

I WON'T NEED HELP—OSBORNE

Says He'll Prosecute Insurance Cases Himself, If Elected.

James W. Osborne, Democratic candidate for District Attorney, issued a reply yesterday to Mr. Jerome's statement about the insurance prosecution. Mr. Osborne said:

"Mr. Jerome does not deny in his statement this morning that many of his backers are insurance officials. He practically admits it, and, apparently, glories in it, for he asks, 'Where could I get a crowd of men in better standing in the community to back my candidacy?'

"He tries, however, to impress the voters of New York with the sincerity of his intended prosecution of his friends by pledging himself to hire Mr. Hughes as a Special District Attorney, provided he can get the money to do it. I wish to ask Mr. Jerome these questions:

"First—Does he feel unwilling or incompetent to conduct these trials himself?

"Second—Is it his desire to shift the responsibility on to other shoulders?

"Third—Does he intend to abdicate his office to somebody else, as far as the insurance officials are concerned?"

In regard to the insurance prosecution, if he is elected, Mr. Osborne says:

"It won't be necessary for us to hire Mr. Hughes. I'm not afraid to do it myself. I haven't any reason for going into the background and letting another man take the responsibility for bringing those criminals to justice. I'm under no obligations to anybody but the people of this county. I'll earn my salary myself, and not under cover of another man's name. I'm not going to pass it along to somebody else."

Then Mr. Osborne repeated his Slocum and Darlington disaster charges.

The Tammany candidate sent an open letter to Jerome last night. It was, in substance, what he had said earlier in the day on the insurance question, and closed with this:

"Regretting that the entente cordiale has been somewhat jarred by inconsiderate utterances on your part, I am, in spite of everything appearing to the contrary, your well-wisher in every particular except that you be the next District Attorney of this county.

"JAMES W. OSBORNE."

ANTI-HEARST BANNERS.

The Word "Anarchy" Prominent in Inscriptions Overhanging Broadway.

Broadway glistens with anti-Hearst campaign banners. Most of the banners were put up by trade organizations. Four big ones were hung out yesterday at the corners of Murray, Thomas, Canal, and Grand Streets.

In each instance the banners consist of a huge flag with inscriptions above and below. The inscriptions read:

Crockery Trade.
FOR MAYOR GEORGE B. McCLELLAN.
"We Don't Want the Red Flag."

Dry Goods Trade.
FOR MAYOR GEORGE B. McCLELLAN.
"The American Flag Is Good Enough For Us."

Furniture Manufacturers.
FOR MAYOR GEORGE B. McCLELLAN.
"No Inciter of Anarchy For Us."

Silk Trade.
FOR MAYOR GEORGE B. McCLELLAN.
"The American Flag On the City Hall; Not the Red Flag."

INDEPENDENTS FOR IVINS.

To Hold a Mass Meeting in Cooper Union Friday Night.

A call was issued yesterday for a mass meeting Friday night at Cooper Union of independents that will vote for Mr. Ivins. Horace White is to preside, and the speakers will be Stewart L. Woodford, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Henry E. Howland, Arthur Von Briesen, and William M. Ivins. These are some of the names signed to the call:

Carl Schurz, Seth Low, Richard Watson Gilder, Gustav H. Schwab, Everett P. Wheeler, Henry Hentz, William N. Cohen, Henry W. Taft, Edmund Wetmore, Cephas Brainerd, Tecumseh Sherman, Homer Folks, C. H. Hackett, the Rev. Abbott E. Kittredge, Frank H. Scott, J. Cleveland Cady, Brander Matthews, George H. Hazen, Dr. L. E. Holt, William B. Howland, John R. Munro, O. W. Brady, the Rev. Minot J. Savage, George H. Brush, J. H. Taylor, William F. Clarke, Austin B. Fletcher, Samuel L. Clemens, Lyman Abbott, Albert Shaw, Isaac N. Seligman, James McKeen, Hiram R. Steele, William A. Keener, Edward F. Brown, the Rev. Robert L. Paddock, Henry Holt, Robert Underwood Johnson, Arthur Von Briesen, William F. Havemeyer, F. M. Hurlbut, E. D. Faulkner, William W. Ellsworth, Theodore L. De Vinne, Arthur R. Wilson, William H. McElroy, Clarence C. Buel, Franklin H. Wilson, Charles Rollinson Lamb, Robert Van Iderstine, Charles E. Chichester, Isaac H. Cary, H. Batterman, K. F. Junor, Fred W. Atkinson, and Theodore L. Frothingham.

THIS WEEK'S MEETINGS.

Mayor McClellan to Make Many Speeches—Jerome's Itinerary.

Among the political meetings scheduled for this last week of the campaign are:

DEMOCRATIC.

To-night—German Club Rooms, Stapleton, S. I.; Mayor McClellan will speak at 8 o'clock. Union Opera House, West Brighton, Staten Island; Mayor McClellan will speak at 8:30. German Democracy meeting at Grand Central Palace; Mayor McClellan will speak at 9:45. Star Casino, 107th Street, between Third and Lexington Avenues; Mayor McClellan will speak at 10:30.

To-morrow Noon—Workingmen's meeting in tent, Locust Avenue and 141st Street; Mayor McClellan will speak.

To-morrow Night—Bohemian Hall, 321 East Seventy-third Street; Mayor McClellan will speak at 9 o'clock. Tammany Hall; Mayor McClellan will review street parade at 9 o'clock and speak. Herman A. Metz, Patrick F. McGowan, John F. Ahearn, and James W. Osborne will speak.

Thursday Night—Cooper Union; Mayor McClellan will speak at 8 o'clock; Herman A. Metz, Patrick McGowan, and Edward M. Grout will also speak. Tuxedo Hall, Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, meeting of Mutual Protective Association; Mayor McClellan will speak at 8:30. Lyon Palace, Broadway and 110th Street; Mayor McClellan will speak at 9:30. Meeting at 2,157 First Avenue, between 114th and 112th Streets; Mayor McClellan will speak at 10 o'clock. Sulzer's Harlem River Park; Mayor McClellan will speak at 10:15. Zeltner's Hall, Third Avenue and 175th Street, Bronx; Mayor McClellan will speak at 10:45. Hall, 814 Grand Street; Mayor McClellan will speak. Hudson River Athletic Club; Mayor McClellan will speak.

Friday Night—Mayor McClellan will make seven or eight speeches in Brooklyn, arrangements not yet completed.

Saturday Night—Mayor McClellan will close his campaign in mass meeting at Durland's Riding Academy; W. Bourke Cockran will also speak.

Sunday Night—New York Hippodrome; W. Bourke Cockran, Charles A. Towne, Thomas F. Grady, and others will hold final rally of campaign.

REPUBLICAN.

To-night—Sterling Republican Club, 495 West 145th Street; speakers, Lieut. Gov. M. Linn Bruce, William M. Ivins, Attorney General Julius M. Mayer, and James L. Wells. Zeltner's Hall, in the Bronx; principal speakers, William M. Ivins and James Wells. Majestic Hall, 125 East 125th Street; principal speaker, Frank Moss. Teutonia Hall, Sixteenth Street and Third Avenue; speakers, William M. Ivins, James L. Wells, and Abraham Gruber.

To-morrow Night—William M. Ivins will speak in sections of Brooklyn where he has not spoken up to the present.

Thursday Night—Mass meeting of the colored Republican voters at Lyric Hall; speakers, William M. Ivins, Bishop Alexander Walters, Rev. Mr. Henderson, Gilchrist Stewart, W. H. Butler, and James W. Johnson.

Friday Night—Mass meeting of independents at Cooper Union; Horace White will preside, and the speakers will be William M. Ivins, Stewart L. Woodford, and Dr. Lyman Abbott.

HEARST.

To-night—William R. Hearst, ex-Senator John Ford, and John G. Phelps Stokes will speak at the following places: Carnegie Hall, (business men's meeting,) Murray Hill Lyceum, Third Avenue and Third Street; Queens County Athletic Club, Flushing and Newtown Avenues, Long Island City; Warwick Hall, Corona, L. I.; Weidener's Hall, Richmond Hill, L. I.; Metropolitan Park, Ridgewood, L. I.; Broadway Lyceum, Flushing, L. I. Other Hearst meetings: Parfitt's Hall, Westchester, and Columbia Hall, Fifth and Union Avenues, Brooklyn.

To-morrow Night—Brady's Hall, 130th Street and Amsterdam Avenue; Sokal Hall, 420 East Seventh Street; Bohn Hall, Van Brunt Street and Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn; Penn Fulton, Fulton Street and Penn Avenue, Brooklyn.

Thursday Night—Schwaben Hall, Myrtle and Knickerbocker Avenues, Brooklyn; Hauser's Hall, Wakefield; Liberty Hall, 257 East Houston Street; Kalich Theatre, 45 Bowery; Grand Theatre, 235 Grand Street; Old Homestead, Ninety-first Street and Third Avenue; St. Boniface Hall, Forty-seventh Street and Second Avenue; Huber's Casino, Jerome Avenue and 162d Street; Assembly Hall, Driggs Avenue, Brooklyn.

Friday Night—Muller's Casino, 154th Street and Third Avenue; Brady's Hall, 130th Street and Amsterdam Avenue; German Clubroom, Stapleton, Staten Island; Terrace Lyceum, 206 East Broadway; Opera House, Broadway, New Brighton, Staten Island.

Saturday Night—Odd Fellows' Hall, 158 West Twenty-ninth Street.

JEROME.

To-night—Arlington Hall, 19 St. Mark's Place, 8 o'clock; Old Church, 250 West Thirty-fourth Street, 9 o'clock; Mr. Jerome speaks at both places.

To-morrow Night—Carnegie Hall, 8 o'clock; mass meeting arranged by members of the bar; Thomas Thacher will preside; the speakers will be Joseph H. Choate, Austen G. Fox, John G. Milburn, and Mr. Jerome.

Thursday night—Empire Hall, 106th Street and Eighth Avenue; Jerome speaks.

Friday night—Columbus Hall, Sixtieth Street and Columbus Avenue; Jerome speaks.

Saturday night—Several small meetings, at all of which Jerome will speak.

Grand Jury Probing Registration.

Among the witnesses examined by the Grand Jury yesterday were Attorney General Julius Mayer, three of his deputies, and six deputies from the office of the State Superintendent of Elections. Although none of them consented to tell the object of their appearance before the Grand Jury, it was generally understood that it had to do with numerous cases of alleged false registration in the Eighth and Fourteenth Assembly Districts.

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BRISBANE TO MINISTERS ON CANDIDATE HEARST

Tells Them About His Private Life and His Newspapers.

THOSE McKINLEY CARTOONS?

Only Humorous and Mr. McKinley Enjoyed Them—Mr. Hearst Never Drinks and Opposes Horse Racing.

Arthur Brisbane, chief editorial writer for William R. Hearst's newspapers, addressed the monthly meeting of the Presbyterian Ministers' Association of New York and vicinity, at 156 Fifth Avenue, yesterday afternoon. Between seventy-five and a hundred Presbyterian Ministers of New York and New Jersey, presided over by the Rev. Dr. George D. Wylie of the Scotch Presbyterian Church, were there, primarily to attend to the usual routine business of the meeting, but secondarily, and, as it developed, chiefly, to hear about politics in general and Mr. Hearst in particular.

Mr. Brisbane told the ministers a great many things about the Municipal Ownership candidate for Mayor. His theme was ostensibly "The Newspaper and Religion," but he solicited questions which, when asked, evoked a running encomium of Mr. Hearst.

Indications of a political color to the meeting were given when Dr. Wylie caused to be handed about the rooms prior to Mr. Brisbane's speech, a circular invoking opposition to Tammany Hall. The circular said, among other things:

"God save New York from the Tiger."

This was termed a "practical prayer for all good people." And then followed this from Ezekiel, xxii., 30: "And I sought for a man among them that should make up the hedge and stand in the gap before me for the land, that I should not destroy it." The circular did not suggest support for Mr. Hearst or Mr. Ivins, but was against Mr. McClellan.

Mr. Brisbane talked for about ten minutes on his chosen topic of the newspaper and religion, arguing that a Sunday newspaper that printed a sermon was the only means of reaching millions of readers who didn't attend church. Then he said:

The McKinley Cartoons.

"I didn't come to discuss politics, but I will take pleasure in answering any questions that may be put to me respecting that subject."

The ministers laughed, and then Dr. S. H. Thompson of Red Bank, N. J., wanted to know about the charge that the Hearst cartoons were responsible for President McKinley's assassination.

"There has been a wide misstatement of facts here," said Mr. Brisbane. "It is true that the Hearst newspapers did print a series of cartoons at the expense of Mr. McKinley, entitled, 'Willie and His Pa,' and depicting the late President at the beck and call of the trusts. Now, these were ordinary, humorous sketches, and the fact is that no one seemed to enjoy them more than Mr. McKinley himself. In truth, he collected them and kept them to the day of his death, as Mrs. McKinley can testify. Just before Mr. McKinley met his death Mr. Opper, the artist, received a letter from Mr. Roosevelt, then Vice President, who commended him for his funny work. Mr. Roosevelt thought the 'Willie' cartoons very funny, and asked for a set of them. We did not print this letter at the time we were charged with assassination, owing to the delicacy of Mr. Roosevelt's position.

"It was during this series of cartoons that Mr. Hearst called upon the President for the purpose of organizing a regiment to fight in the Spanish war. Mr. McKinley was very pleasant and friendly to Mr. Hearst, and thanked him for his offer, declining it on the ground that an acceptance would disorganize army plans. Mr. Hearst then offered, without cost, a yacht, to be placed at the disposal of the Government for war service. Other rich men, you will recall, received money for similar gifts. Mr. McKinley was very gracious to Mr. Hearst when this offer was made, and thanked him again. Mr. McKinley and Mr. Hearst at that time were on friendly terms personally.

"When the assassination occurred, certain persons looked about for a mark upon which to stamp their condemnation; they wanted to find a provocation for the work of Czolgosz, and the thing that furnished the excuse was the Hearst cartoons. They grasped the opportunity to flaunt them before the enraged country because they couldn't very well find anything else off-hand. Then some of our enemies went to Buffalo to prison and showed Czolgosz the cartoons. He was asked if he had ever seen and read them. He replied that he had not."

Opposition to the Hearst Papers.

"How can you account for the fact that so many of the best and most respectable people in the United States are down on The American and Journal and their policies?" was asked by the Rev. Dr. J. A. Hoadley.

"For the same reason that Mr. Ruskin hated a railroad," was the reply. "He condemned railroads without having tried them. He acknowledged that he hadn't at the time of his condemnation ridden in railroad trains. By the same token people decry our work. If they would read our newspapers and learn Mr. Hearst's principles they would admire them. They know not what they attack and condemn."

"If Mr. Hearst is a conscientious man, how can he put the emphasis he does upon horse racing, pugilism, and other sports demoralizing to the youth of the country?" was asked by the Rev. Dr. Wilson Phraner.

"Mr. Hearst," was the reply, "is opposed to horse racing. He has urged the passage of bills to prevent horse racing in States where he prints newspapers. He does not favor the sport; in fact, he is sincerely opposed to it. He is fighting it all the time. Racing men know this and have contributed thousands of dollars to the campaign against him. But there are many persons interested in horse racing, pugilism, and other classes of sport. These readers must be reached, and if we don't print accounts of the sporting events as they transpire we cannot reach them. Is it not far better to print these accounts and reach the people who want to read them, in the hope that they may be reclaimed by other features of the newspaper which they read?"

Mr. Brisbane said that there were two classes of people against Mr. Hearst, one the plutocrats and the other the Anarchists.

"The plutocrats are opposed to him," he declared, "because they want to steal the streets and the gas franchises, and they attack Mr. Hearst savagely. The other is the class which wants no law, the class which wants to take away from some man without giving anything in return."

"The richest men of the country," declared Mr. Brisbane, "owe Mr. Hearst a debt because he is trying to solve the problems of civilization by persuasion and talk."

The Candidate's Private Life.

Prof. C. P. Fagani put this question: "Since Mr. Brisbane has referred to the matter, I wish to ask about the charge that Mr. Hearst is a most depraved man, morally. Only last night I heard a man say that he had learned, upon evidence that he deemed conclusive, that Hearst is a debauchee of a peculiarly depraved type."

Mr. Brisbane replied at some length to this charge also, in substance as follows: "I know that this charge has been widely circulated. In fact, 8,000 placards have been ordered to be posted throughout the city in furtherance of that charge. But I lived in the same house with Mr. Hearst for three years, and I know of nothing whatever to support it. He is a man who never drinks, who works hard every day until 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning. He is a big, strapping fellow, a man of domestic habits, and his little boy is a marvel of health and vigor. I will say as to this gentleman's informant, one of two things is true, if he did not see the things he tells of, he cannot know the truth, and if he says he did see those things, his word is unworthy of belief." [Applause.]

"Why is it," was asked, "that we can't get many men who read the Hearst newspapers to attend church?"

Mr. Brisbane answered that the newspapers which they read served in a measure the purpose of church attendance, and the readers were instructed by such newspapers as though each were talked to by an individual preacher.

Mr. Brisbane then talked of Mr. Hearst's work in behalf of total abstinence.

"I know it to be a fact that on account of this principle Mr. Hearst has been rejecting whisky advertisements from the counters of his business offices at the rate of $500,000 a year. He will not print them."

Mr. Brisbane's attention was not directed to a whisky advertisement that was printed in The American yesterday morning.

"Mr. Hearst," he concluded, "is doing a great work in behalf of total abstinence."

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FLAMMER AT JEROME RALLY.

Austen G. Fox Also to Speak at the Lawyers' Meeting.

Ex-Magistrate Charles A. Flammer, who withdrew from the Republican ticket in favor of Mr. Jerome, will be a Vice President, and will sit on the platform at the meeting to be held Wednesday night at Carnegie Hall under the auspices of the group of lawyers headed by Joseph H. Choate, and three other ex-Presidents of the Bar Association.

The speakers at this meeting will be Joseph H. Choate, Austen G. Fox, John G. Milburn, and Mr. Jerome. The announcement of these names yesterday created some comment because of the prominence given to Mr. Fox's name in connection with the Tammany nomination for District Attorney. The distribution of boxes and platform seats has been in the hands of Frederic Coudert, Jr., and has nearly brought him gray hairs because the demand has so far exceeded the supply. The boxes have been divided as far as they would go among the leading members of the bar.

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CROWDS ON EAST SIDE WILD FOR MR. HEARST

He Speaks to 20,000 at Six Meetings in the District.

500 POLICE TO GUARD HIM

Municipal Ownership Enthusiasts Jammed Around His Carriage—The Streets Aglow with Fireworks.

Red fire took the place of the red flag when William R. Hearst made his first tour of the lower east side last night. The east side streets were crowded with men and women, who hailed him with tumultuous applause as his carriage proceeded from meeting to meeting, while bands were playing and the night was red with fireworks.

Mr. Hearst addressed six indoor meetings and one in the open air. Altogether from 15,000 to 20,000 persons heard him and cheered him. It took 500 policemen to keep order and restrain the eager crowds that thronged the streets and crushed about his carriage.

The Hearst party started from the Hoffman House in four open carriages, and went to the home of Mr. Hearst, at Twenty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue, where he got aboard the first carriage in the line with some of his campaign managers. The first stopping place was at the Progress Assembly Rooms, 25-30 Avenue A.

At that place Mr. Hearst was confronted with a hall crowded almost to suffocation with a typical east side audience. He was cheered for five minutes. Outside in the street there was a crowd several times the size of the crowd that was in the hall—a crowd that almost mobbed him in its eagerness to reach him and shake his hand.

"My friends," said Mr. Hearst, "we are fighting the bosses of both parties, the grafters of all parties. We are fighting for honesty and efficiency and decency in the conduct of public affairs. The Murphy machine has plenty of money and plenty of effrontery, but it has not got the votes, and it is not going to get them, for we are supported by the men of principle in this city in our fight, and men of principles cannot be bought."

"We will send Murphy back to Good Ground for good," shouted one man in the audience.

Continuing, Mr. Hearst said: "The other night Bourke Cockran, speaking for the Gas Mayor and the gas meter, asked me why—as long as I offer 25-cent gas, which he declared an impossibility—I did not offer 25-cent gas.

"I'll tell you why. Because I'm no little lying politician who gives promises he does not intend to fulfill. Anyhow, Mr. Cockran's business ability and Mr. Cockran's business experience have been limited to selling out his oratory to the highest bidder, and everybody knows it."

"Good! Good! Hit him again!" shouted a half dozen voices in the audience.

"When I said three-cent fares I meant 3 cents," continued Mr. Hearst. "The Metropolitan Street Railway Company has to pay interest on $151,000,000 of watered stock; that is why it cannot afford to carry you for that.

"My friends, I do not say, as does one of my opponents, that all these reforms can be brought about in thirty days, but they can be begun one minute after 12 o'clock on Jan. 1 next, and they shall be."

"They will," shouted the crowd.

When Mr. Hearst stopped speaking a roar of approval went up from the crowd in the hall. Four policemen rushed up and made a way through the crowded aisle toward the door. Others fell in and made a passage way down the crowded stairs to the carriage.

Outside about 5,000 were waiting. The crush about Mr. Hearst's carriage was such that mounted policemen had been sent for by Inspector Flood while Mr. Hearst was in the hall. The policemen on foot were not able to hold the people back.

As the procession of carriages started, several men carrying red lights fell in behind the carriages. A brass band followed, and several thousand men took up the march. In front of the carriage the avenue was filled with humanity from curb to curb. The mounted policemen plowed a way through the multitude, but the progress of the cavalcade was necessarily very slow.

At Norfolk and Houston Streets an open-air stand had been erected where Hearst orators were speaking. As the carriage reached this place the mounted policemen pressed the people back, but so dense was the throng that three Central Office detectives who were accompanying Mr. Hearst had to get out of the carriages and assist in making space enough for the carriages to pass up to the stand.

There Mr. Hearst arose in his carriage and began to speak, but the sound of his voice was drowned in cheers. Finally when he could make himself heard he spoke briefly, ending up by declaring:

"When I am elected I'll be your Mayor, not Murphy's Mayor."

The windows and fire escapes in the surrounding tenements were crowded with women as the procession went through the narrow east side streets to the Lenox Lyceum, the next meeting place. There more than 2,000 people greeted Mr. Hearst as enthusiastically as had the throngs at the other places. He repeated his speech. When he came to the part where he referred to Murphy, a man in the audience cried out:

"Everybody wolks but Molphy; after 'lection Molphy will have to wolk, too."

From this hall Mr. Hearst took away a large floral wreath inscribed to "Our Future Mayor." It had been provided by Mr. De Beck, a member of the Hearst Finance Committee, who presided at the meeting.

With cheering men surrounding his carriage on all sides and bands of music following it, Mr. Hearst then drove down to Jefferson Hall, at 90 Columbia Street. It was late and most of the tenement windows were darkened, but cheers and the strains of music and the clatter of hoof beats as the mounted police were clearing the narrow streets, awakened the people, and whitclad figures appeared at almost every window.

At Stanton and Columbia Streets there was an open air meeting. Tammany orators talked to a crowd from a truck. Before the tidal wave of Hearst enthusiasts the truck was cleared in a jiffy and taken possession of by the Hearst burners of red fire. There was some booing and hissing at this corner as the little procession drew past, but it was drowned out by the cheers of the men that followed the Hearst carriage.

Mr. Hearst spoke in Jefferson Hall, where about 1,500 Hungarians cheered him for five minutes or more. The balcony was occupied by a number of Columbia men, who gave the college yell as soon as Mr. Hearst appeared in the hall. From Jefferson Hall the journey continued through dark streets down to the Cherry Hill district, into the stronghold of Borough President Ahearn, the cheering crowd following his carriage throughout the warehouse district.

In East Broadway the street again was lined with red fire. The band again appeared. Fifty policemen had made an open square in front of the Terrace Lyceum at 206 East Broadway, next door to the banner Tammany organization of the district. In this building the Hearst managers had managed to get two audiences, one in a hall on the second floor, another in a hall on the ground floor. Mr. Hearst addressed both.

The last meeting of the evening was held at Clinton Hall, in Clinton Street. Mr. Hearst was greeted with volleys of cheers.

Mr. Hearst at noon yesterday addressed about 500 longshoremen, laborers, and mechanics from a truck in front of the White Star pier, at the foot of West Eleventh Street.

IRVINE IN RUSSIAN CHURCH.

Episcopalian Unfrocked by Bishop Talbot to be Made a Priest.

The Rev. Dr. Ingram N. W. Irvine, who was unfrocked by Bishop Talbot of the Central Pennsylvania Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church, following which he instituted a sensational proceeding in the civil courts, will be formally admitted into the priesthood of the Russian Orthodox Catholic Church next Sunday in St. Nicholas Cathedral, this city. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. Tikhon, by permission of the Archbishop of the Russian Orthodox Church. Dr. Irvine said at Philadelphia last night:

"I have weighed seriously the positions of the different portions of Christendom, and have come to the conclusion that the Holy Eastern Church affords a better basis for the reunion of Christendom than any other part of the catholic Church. In her midst, I hope to be the loving friend of the Anglican Church, as well as the Roman and Protestant churches."

4,000 CHEER JEROME.

He Takes Up McGowan at Sulzer's Casino Meeting.

Since the first night when District Attorney Jerome opened his campaign at Carnegie Hall he has not addressed a larger audience than that which gathered in Sulzer's Harlem Casino last night. Estimates of the numbers crowded into that most quaint-looking of public halls varied from 4,000 to 5,000, but of the smaller figure even the most conservative seemed certain.

Mr. Jerome kept his audience laughing at his reference to "the boss." Four or five times he was interrupted by outbursts of applause lasting fully a minute each. A characteristic incident occurred when he reached the inevitable question of:

"Where did he get it?"

Having asked it first with the stress on "it" and then repeated with a comical accentuation of "get," he was met with a counter-question from some man in the audience, who asked:

"Well, where did he get it?" with emphasis on the "did."

"There, you see," remarked Mr. Jerome. "There are five different ways, and each one is equally pertinent, equally forcible. And each one fails equally to bring any answer. All we know is that he did not get it from gas—at least, that is what he says."

But Mr. Jerome had another question ready to add to the old one. It was: "Where did he find him?" And it concerned McGowan, the Tammany nominee for President of the Board of Aldermen.

"If George McClellan should be elected and go up to a higher position," he said, "McGowan would be Mayor for three years. It is within the bounds of possibility that this man may have the most influential vote in the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, a body that is to grant franchises which you and I will not live to see terminated. And who is he? Who ever heard of him? I have asked my friends of the press, who are pretty good gum-shoe men. And I have asked my friends, the district leaders. None knows and none ever knew.

"Where did he find him? In some dark place or in some light place? The man, for all we know, may be a minister of the Gospel or a bartender. You or I or your delegates did not pick him out. Charley Murphy or Johnny Oakley may have done so. Somebody found him running loose somewhere. [Laughter and prolonged applause.]

"Does it require any proofs, gentlemen, with such things occurring, that in our land liberty is practically dead?

"Now, what is the boss? Republican or Democrat matters little. It is in the same breed of cattle all the world over. Growing wealth goes with growing power. And the question is always pertinent, 'Where did you get it?' And though we get no answers, we get some interesting sidelight on the question at times through discussions like that of that distinguished statesman Senator Plunkitt, who tells us about 'honest graft.' Honest graft has got no place among American institutions, if I know the American people right. [Wild cheering.]

Speaking of Leader Murphy of Tammany Hall, Mr. Jerome said:

"The first thing he said was so childlike in its simplicity that Mr. Cram jumped right out and—'Pardon me, Mr. Murphy, this way!' And they put Murphy in the cooler. (Pointing to one of the policemen:) You know what the cooler is. And I know. They locked me up once, long ago, for riding a bike on the sidewalk. (Mournfully:) I never got as far as an automobile."

Mr. Jerome then said that Mayor McClellan, Bourke Cockran, Mr. Metz, and even Mr. McGowan had failed to come out in defense of Murphy, James W. Osborne being the only one to speak. He repeated, one by one, Mr. Osborne's printed attacks on him, and then referred to Mr. Murphy's indorsement of what Mr. Osborne had said.

"I suppose Cram was away attending to some social duty," Mr. Jerome continued, "and Murphy used the opportunity to break out from the dark room where they were keeping him. And he says that he stands for what Osborne has said. And what Osborne has said is this: First, that if a man can get graft and does not take it he is a fool, and second, that I am mad because Charley Murphy has got 'it.' Those sentiments Charley Murphy indorses. Why, citizens, it needs only a week, the time he has got, to make him stand up like that brazen Tweed and ask: 'What are you going to do about it?' That is what he is about ready to do, and that, fellow-citizens, is the kind of man that I am fighting now."

The audience shouted approval for more than a minute. When silence was restored, Mr. Jerome changed to a serious note and went over the story of his campaign and the object of his appeal to the people.

A delegation from the organization of the survivors of the General Slocum disaster called on District Attorney Jerome yesterday, to obtain from him facts and figures that might be used in meeting the attempts made to make political capital out of the prosecution that followed the disaster. After the delegation had left, Mr. Jerome said:

"The matter was fully explained to the members of the committee, and they will report to a meeting of the organization Wednesday night. Before that time I shall send them a letter giving a detailed account of what this office did to bring to justice the men that were responsible for that horrible catastrophe, as well as what this office is still prepared to do."

Here are some more cullings from the Jerome mail bag:

A woman writes from Flatbush: "For the first time I long for a residence in Manhattan and a right to vote."

A Pittsburg lawyer, whose name is well known far outside of the city, sends a long letter of encouragement with these words: "I find that there are hundreds of people in this city, without regard to party, who are earnestly wishing for your triumphant election."

One of the tiny members of the girls' club formed at the College Settlement in Harlem sent in a dollar yesterday on behalf of the membership (total age of the whole body about 100 years) and this letter: "The girls are 'with you' in your brave fight against the bosses. They wish to testify by adding their tiny mite to the campaign fund."

A policeman wrote to the Jerome headquarters yesterday, giving names and other details, to warn Mr. Jerome that several Police Captains had threatened to "make it hot for them (their men) if they dared to vote for Jerome."

FERRYBOATS IN A CRASH.

Hoboken Passengers in a Panic—Craft Laid Up.

Two ferryboats of the Lackawanna Line were in collision last night at the company's Hoboken slip. The Secaucus arrived from Christopher Street in Manhattan and had entered the Hoboken slip when the Netherlands, which had arrived from Barclay Street, smashed into the other boat. The accident was caused by the swiftness of the tide.

The bow of the Netherlands was badly damaged as was also the stern of the Secaucus. Windows on both boats were smashed. Each carried a big load of passengers, and there was a lot of excitement for a time, but it was soon relieved by the deckhands, who assured everybody that there was no danger. After the passengers had been landed both boats were laid up for repairs.

DEATH VALLEY MINER HURT.

Walter Scott Hurled From Automobile and May Die.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 30.—Walter Scott, the miner from Death Valley, who made a record-breaking trip by train from the Pacific Coast to Chicago recently, was hurled from an automobile to-day and so badly injured that he probably will die. Physicians say his back is broken.

Scotty bet Harry Milling, a saloon keeper, $150 that he would make a run in his automobile from Los Angeles to Pasadena, about 14 miles, and return, in forty minutes. The bet was taken.

Scotty bet Milling $50 that no accident would occur.

When the return journey was two-thirds completed the automobile broke a wheel, slewed against a stone wall and hurled its occupants over and against the wall. Scott was picked up unconscious, but murmuring "Faster, faster."

Milling and two others who were with him were badly hurt.

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FRESH DAILY

Delivered for five cents per bunch.

Order from your dealer, or by Post Card or Telephone { from Rubino Healing Springs Co., 56 West 45th St.

Telephone 1845—38th St.

BEWARE OF PROMISES, M'CLELLAN'S WARNING

Says if City Spends More Money Taxes Must Rise.

COST OF LIVING TOO HIGH

The Mayor Addresses a Big Meeting in Harlem and Opens Two Church Fairs.

Denouncing demagogy and attacking, as impossible of fulfillment, the "Utopian promises" of candidates, Mayor McClellan appeared last night before an audience that crowded the Manhattan Casino at 155th Street and Eighth Avenue to its fullest capacity. The meeting, which was the last one addressed by the Mayor in his evening's tour, was remarkably demonstrative. Before this meeting the Mayor attended the openings of two church fairs and made short addresses at each place.

It was nearly 9:30 o'clock when the Mayor's automobile, its chauffeur being directed by Deputy Police Commissioner Thomas F. McAvoy, reached the Casino at Eighth Avenue and 155th Street. McAvoy, who is the Tammany leader of the Twenty-third District, where the meeting was held, escorted the Mayor and his party through a long line of cheering men and women to the stage.

For ten minutes the crowd cheered, waved American flags, and shouted, while the Mayor stood impassive on the platform. Only once did he smile, and that was when the band, in the midst of the cheering, struck up the familiar air of "Tammany." Then the chant of "Four, four, four years more!" was taken up and shouted by the crowd.

Speaking of Tammany's promises the Mayor said:

"No one will give you more or can give you more for the same amount of money. Any pledge or proposition to do so is a false promise and is absolute demagogery.

"Municipal ownership cannot produce something for nothing. You cannot get power without heat. If you want steam you must burn coal; if you burn coal you have got to pay for it in this world of ours. It follows from this that if you want more of anything you must raise and pay more money to get it. More money in this metropolis, as in every City Government, means a higher city tax rate. A higher tax rate means that you must pay more rent. If you want more from the City Government than you get to-day you will pay more rent.

"It seems to me that the rent limit has about been reached. We cannot go further without danger. The necessities of life are already too high. Must we pay more for bread or for meat or for coal? It's all very well to say that these necessities are controlled by trusts, and that trusts should be destroyed. This is not a time for the exploitation of academic questions or of theories. We are in the hard grind of practical questions. If the city spends more money the tax rate goes up. If the tax rate goes up rents rise, and all the dealers in the necessities of life and all the men in the markets must raise their prices to meet the emergency.

"Do not let us blind ourselves to this great fact. All taxes fall on the consumer. The mortgage tax comes out of the borrower, in spite of the law that the sender must pay it. I shall ask and I shall continue to ask for the repeal of that law as I ask you to. The fact that any one gives us a Utopian promise that cannot possibly be realized illustrates the value of the pledges of the demagogues and misleaders of the people. I am counting on you have got to pay the piper. That is an economic law which no one yet has succeeded in repealing.

In conclusion, the Mayor said:

"I call upon you, in the city's name, to forget whether you be Democrats or whether you be Republicans, and to remember only that our city's fair fame is at stake, and to give your support and vote to the ticket I have the honor to head the greatest majority ever received in this City of New York."

First on his tour of the town last night the Mayor went to the Carmelite Church Fair at 324 East Twenty-ninth Street, in the old Twelfth Congress District he so long represented at Washington. There he received a hearty greeting. Father Southwell, the head of the order in this city, made an interesting speech of introduction, in which he said that the "old Congressman of the district" never had failed to respond for fifteen years to any call the church had made on him, whether it was for a flag presentation, the opening of a fair, or any other appeal.

"And there is no doubt what this district will do for our old Congressman now that he again is running for Mayor," said Father Southwell. "We shall roll up a mighty vote for him over here; we all are Democrats. In fact, in this district we might as well be Chinamen as not to be Democrats."

The Mayor's address was entirely devoid of political references, and made some fun over the fact that at the fair the boys were voting on "Mayor of Irishtown" at 5 cents a vote. He praised the charitable work of the Carmelite Order. From this fair the Mayor's automobile swiftly whisked him to the fair of the Church of St. Rose of Lima, in One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Street. There he also received a hearty greeting.

The Mayor spoke at noon yesterday at a meeting of the Commercial Travelers' League, at 597 Broadway. He addressed himself to real estate men especially and spoke at length on the Mortgage Tax bill.

"We have serious questions to deal with," said he, "when we find that over $30,000,000 is annually extracted from the people of this city so as to support the unbridled extravagance of a Republican administration.

"I have no doubt as to the result of the coming election," the Mayor continued, "but in appealing to you for re-election I ask you to give me such a plurality that it will stand as a rebuke to Republican extravagance and dishonesty and rank hysterics."

Some Hearst enthusiasts caused a small riot yesterday at the noon meeting of the Commercial Travelers' League, where Mayor McClellan spoke. After the Mayor had spoken and was leaving the meeting place at 597 Broadway a man poked his head into the window of the Mayor's carriage while it was standing by the curb waiting for the police to clear the way.

"Three cheers for Hearst!" he yelled, according to Sergt. Russell of the Mercer Street Station.

There was a McClellan delegation pouring out of the meeting place, while from the opposite side of the street came what appeared to be an organized Hearst contingent. The two crowds, numbering fully five hundred each, met the carriage, and then, pushing, swearing, and shouting, started an incipient general fight.

Several policemen stationed near the carriage clubbed the men nearest them in an effort to clear the way. Sergt. Russell summoned all the policemen from the hall and got them to clear Broadway, the cars having been stopped by the mob. The man who shouted into the Mayor's carriage got away, although two men in the carriage with the Mayor tried to seize him. The Mayor smiled broadly and took the whole affair as a joke. Another man, Albert Greenblatt, was arrested for disorderly conduct and was fined $2 in Jefferson Market Court.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ESTABLISHED NEARLY HALF A CENTURY

EACH year finds the frock coat a more necessary part of the New Yorker's wardrobe. Each season finds a higher standard of cut and fit. We have good reason to request examination of those we show. They fulfill the most exacting ideas of what a frock coat should be.

Frock Coats & Vests $19 to $45.
Trousers $5.50 to $11.00.
Fancy Vests $3.00 to $10.00.

Subway Station at Our Door.

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Eyesight is injured by the haphazard buying of Eye Glasses

To insure absolute accuracy we employ OCULISTS, Registered Physicians of highest personal and professional standing, and provide them with Dark Rooms and the most advanced scientific apparatus.

Better service is simply not obtainable—and yet it is WITHOUT CHARGE and without obligation.

If glasses are not required they frankly tell you so. If they are required we make them at moderate cost—often as low as ONE DOLLAR—always at LESS than similar glasses would cost elsewhere.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
OCULISTS and OPTICIANS.
43 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
223 Sixth Ave., Below 15th St.
380 Sixth Ave., Below 22d St.
1345 Broadway, Below 36th St.
217 Broadway, Astor House.
25 Broad St., Arcade.

IMPROVED
Croup Kettle
Constructed according to directions of an eminent physician
Made and for sale by
LEWIS & CONGER
130 & 132 West 42d Street, and 135 West 41st St., New York.

SQUADS OF DETECTIVES IN MRS. TODD'S HOUSE

Contestants for the Old Woman's Money Employ Sleuths.

SAY SHE MADE THREE WILLS

The Last Document Drawn Up Just Before Her Death Was Unsigned —Miss Knight Reappears.

The funeral of Mrs. Margaretta Todd, who was killed by a train last Friday night near Philadelphia, was held yesterday from the undertaking establishment of Stephen Merritt, at Eighth Avenue and Nineteenth Street, and at the funeral there were developments in this case.

Mrs. S. C. Goldmark, who said she was a friend of Mrs. Todd, declared that she was out shopping with Mrs. Todd on Thursday, the day before the old woman was killed.

"She told me," said Mrs. Goldmark, "that she had to hurry away to keep an appointment with her lawyer, who was to draw up a new will, as the last one she had made had been stolen. She fell out with Ingersoll Lockwood, her old lawyer, last Summer."

Ingersoll Lockwood has declared all along that he had Mrs. Todd's last will, which was made in 1904, and an older one, which was made in 1903. He also has, he says, a trust deed which provides that he is to have charge of the Von Hoffman Hotel as long as he lives.

After the misunderstanding between Mr. Lockwood and Mrs. Todd, he left the Von Hoffman Hotel. Last week, when Mrs. Todd wished to have a new will drawn up, she sent for George Gordon Hastings, another attorney. He drew up the will; it was to have been signed yesterday.

The first two wills are said to be alike in making Mrs. Frank Tousey, only daughter of Mrs. Todd, the chief beneficiary. The new will, a detective said last night, makes Mrs. George Howse, stepdaughter of Mrs. Todd, an equal beneficiary with Mrs. Tousey. Mrs. Howse went to the hotel when she heard of Mrs. Todd's death, took possession of her rooms and belongings, barricaded herself therein to guard the place from Lockwood, and employed detectives to protect her.

Lockwood hired detectives to offset those of Mrs. Howse. Yesterday morning Mrs. Howse decided that Mr. Lockwood's detectives should be put out. They were from the Ascher agency in Broadway. Mrs. Howse called for police assistance from the Tenderloin Station. That proving fruitless, she called in men from a second agency to help those she already had there. After bickering all morning the Ascher men were put out of the place yesterday afternoon.

Lockwood and Lawyer Hastings have agreed not to contest with one another until Mrs. Tousey returns from Vienna two weeks from now. Mr. Hastings was to meet Mr. Lockwood last night at 8 o'clock to talk about the withdrawal of all the detectives from the hotel. Lockwood's men were discharged yesterday, after they had been put out. Mrs. Howse's men are still there. Mr. Hastings didn't come to the proposed conference last night.

Miss Knight appeared at the funreal yesterday. She was the woman who rode to the ferry with Mrs. Todd when the old woman started for Philadelphia. From that time up to yesterday there had been a vigorous search for Miss Knight.

"Mrs. Todd didn't intend to go to East Orange when she left the hotel," said Miss Knight. "She told them that to throw them off the scent. She wanted to go down to Philadelhpia to see a relative. I would have gone with her if a sister of mine hadn't been sick."

As to who Mrs. Todd wanted to "throw off the scent" Miss Knight would not say. Mrs. Goldmark, the woman who said she had been shopping with Mrs. Todd on Thursday, said that Mrs. Todd was suspicious of several people around her, and that she had hidden a lot of jewelry and papers.

Dr. Albert G. Webb, who for twenty years was Mrs. Todd's physician, said last night that he saw Mrs. Todd on Wednesday before her death. He dindn't think her mind was affected at all.

THE GAS STORE

THE OMEGA BLUE FLAME GAS HEATER

The most economical Heater ever constructed. Burns four feet of air to one of gas. Guaranteed to be free of all odor. Requires no flue connection, and is absolutely smokeless. Can be attached to any gas fixture. The Omega is portable and can be moved from room to room.

Call and see it in operation, or write for booklet No. 23.

We make all kinds of Gas Appliances.

W. M. CRANE CO.
1131-1133 Broadway, Cor. 26 St
NEW YORK

Milliken's Hurry to Patrick's Aid.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.—In response to a telegram from David B. Hill, attorney for Albert T. Patrick, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Milliken of this city departed to-day on a hurried trip to New York. Mrs. Milliken is a sister of Patrick. Her husband paid the expenses of the trial.

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

THE BIG STORE — A CITY IN ITSELF

SIEGEL COOPER CO.

SIXTH AVE. — MEET ME AT THE FOUNTAIN — 18TH & 19TH STS.

Single "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps Given with Every Purchase Amounting to 10c.

High-Grade Furniture For Dining and Bedrooms

At Extraordinarily Low Prices To-day.

Dining Tables.

DINING TABLES, as illustrated, made of solid oak, golden finish, 6-foot extension, pedestal base, with carved legs. Special, **10.50**

Dining Tables.

Made of fine quartered oak, highly polished pedestal base, with carved claw feet; 6-foot extension. Special,

20.00

Woven Wire Springs.

6.50 WIRE SPRINGS,	5.00
4.90 WIRE SPRINGS,	4.00
4.50 WIRE SPRINGS,	3.50
2.75 WIRE SPRINGS,	2.25

Enamelled Bedsteads.

3.00 ENAMELLED BEDSTEADS,	2.50
4.50 ENAMELLED BEDSTEADS,	3.50
5.75 ENAMELLED BEDSTEADS,	4.75
8.50 ENAMELLED BEDSTEADS,	7.50
12.00 ENAMELLED BEDSTEADS,	10.00

Dining Room Furniture.

Sideboards.

As illustrated. Fine quartered oak. Base measures 54 inches long and 27 inches deep. Highly polished; full swell top drawers, carving on top panel. French plate mirror, 18x40 inches. Special at

39.50

Sideboards.

Made of plain oak, gloss finish, swell front top drawers, shaped uprights and carving on top panel; base measures 48 inches long and 24 inches deep; French plate mirror, 30x18. Special,

19.50

Mattresses.

25.00 No. 1 Black Drawings MATTRESSES,	21.50
24.00 Gray Drawings MATTRESSES,	20.00
18.00 South American Hair MATTRESSES,	14.00
15.00 No. 1 Mixed Hair MATTRESSES,	12.50
10.00 No. 3 Mixed Hair MATTRESSES,	8.50
8.50 Short Hair MATTRESSES,	7.50
15.00 Best Felt MATTRESSES,	12.50
12.00 Eclipse Felt MATTRESSES,	10.00
10.00 Special Felt MATTRESSES,	8.50
6.75 No. 1 Combination MATTRESSES,	5.00
4.75 Fibre Soft Top MATTRESSES,	4.00
3.00 Excelsior Soft MATTRESSES,	2.50

Enamel Bedsteads.

$9.00 ENAMELLED BEDSTEADS, as illustrated. 1-inch continuous posts, heavy construction and very best enamel; 2 sizes, 4 feet 6 inches and 4 feet. Special, **7.50**

Brass Bedsteads.

2-inch continuous posts, large knobs on foot; good lacquered finish and excellent construction; sold in full size and a limited number in 4-foot size. Special,

18.50

Mattresses

All mattresses we sell are made in our own factory. This fact should assure our customers that the most sanitary conditions exist. Further, we employ the best operators and use superior quality of tickings and fillings.

Brass Bedsteads.

Samples Only—No Duplicates.

38.00 BRASS BEDSTEADS,	28.00
37.00 BRASS BEDSTEADS,	25.00
45.00 BRASS BEDSTEADS,	30.00
52.50 BRASS BEDSTEADS,	38.00
95.00 BRASS BEDSTEADS,	65.00

(Siegel Cooper Store, Fifth Floor.)

In the World's Greatest Grocery.

Make Your Purchases for Hollowe'en To-day.

It is the season of jollity—good nature everywhere.

Below we name a few essentials to aid in keeping the festive season at top notch mirth. Incidentally we mention FOOD NECESSITIES AT PHENOMENALLY LOW PRICES.

They carry with them the well-known guarantee of "satisfaction or your money cheerfully refunded."

H & E. Refined Granulated Sugar; 25-lb. cloth cotton bag. Limit one bag to a customer. **1.00**

Siegel Cooper Co.'s Best XXXX Family Patent Flour. Best for general use. Bbl., 5.40; ½ sack, **68c**

Just received, fresh from the press, finest quality Russet Apple Cider, doubly clarified, sweet and delicious; per gallon jug, **32c**. No charge for jug.

Tomatoes — Fountain Brand finest quality cold packed red ripe tomatoes, of this season's packing; all solid hand-packed; selected fruit; no added water; per doz. 1.35; large can, **12c**

Pickles — "Fountain" Brand fine quality chow chow or onions; 10-oz. bottle, **14c**

Buckwheat — Fountain Brand fine quality N. Y. State new Buckwheat; self-raising; ready for immediate use; 3-lb. package, **14c**

Syrup — Old Homestead Brand pure Vermont Syrup; delicious on griddle cakes; regular 19c. can, **15c**

Syrup — "Penmar" Brand delicious table syrup; pint can, **10c**

Figs—New crop delicious Smyrna layer Figs, tender, fine flavor, per lb., **15c**

Sweet Corn, creamy and full of goodness. No added substance—"JUST CORN." That's why we are so enthusiastic about SEARS & NICHOLS *Evergreen Corn*. Per case of 2 doz. $2.00 | Per dozen....$1.05 | Per can...9c. All you want, but only To-day at this price.

Dates—Fine quality Halowi Persian Dates; delicious, rich and meaty, per lb. package, **9c**

Prunes — Just received from the Santa Clara Valley, new crop, large, meaty prunes; tender; fine flavor; small pit; 4 pounds, **25c**

Seeded Raisins—Finest quality, thoroughly seeded 3 crown California Muscatel Raisins; per pkg. of 1 lb., **12c**

Cooking Raisins — Finest quality, large 3 crown loose Muscatel Raisins; tender, fine flavor; per lb., **10c**

Sultana Raisins — Finest quality, genuine imported Sultana Raisins; natural color, thoroughly cleaned. These are the best raisins to use in fruit cake, etc., per lb., **12c**

Pop Corn—"Snow Ball" brand, shelled rice Pop Corn; guarantees every kernel to pop. This is a much desired article for amusement on Hallowe'en; per pkg., **8c**

Coffee — The original "Popular Blend" of fancy Mocha and Java Coffee; fresh roasted daily, delicious aroma, fine flavor; 4 lbs., 1.00; per lb., **28c**

Currants—Fine quality, thoroughly recleaned Amalia Currants; per lb., **9c**

Coffee — The famous Gundaral blend of fancy Padang Java and genuine Arabian Mocha, so blended with other high grades of private estate coffees that it produces a most delicious drink; 3 lbs., 1.00; per lb., **34c**

Citron — Fine quality Leghorn drained citron—per lb., **20c**

Fruit Peel—Fine quality glace lemon or orange peel, selected halves; per lb., **17c**

Almonds—Finest quality California re-cleaned nonpareil almonds; per lb., **23c**

Plum Pudding—Fountain Brand finest quality English style Plum Pudding, made with the finest ingredients—a splendid finish to a good dinner; 2-lb. can, 35c.; 1-lb. can, **21c**

Lebkuchen — Choice quality; 6 cakes in package, 3c.; large pkgs., each, **12½c**

Walnuts — Fine quality rich Grenoble Walnuts; fine flavored meat; per lb., **20c**

SQUIRE'S celebrated mild New England Boneless Breakfast Bacon; streak of lean and fat kind; firm texture and fine flavor; per lb., **15c**

Henry Haaberlein's Genuine Nuraberg Lebkuchen AT POPULAR PRICES. The largest and best assortment received in the United States this season.

Choice Quality Hallowe'en Mixed Nuts. Six varieties; 2 lbs. for 25c.; per lb., **15c**

Napolio—Enoch Morgan's celebrated cleanser. Regular 10c. cake, 5c. Limit 3 cakes to a customer.

Tea — Very fine quality white Tip Formosa, Ceylon Blossoms, Moyune Gunpowder, Japan or India Teas; exceptionally fine aroma and flavor; usually sold at from 70c. to 80c. per lb.; special for to-day, 5 lbs., 2.75; lb., **56c**

Pretzelettes — Fresh by packed, 20 lb. box, 1.50; 3 lbs. for 25c.; per lb., **9c**

Creamery Butter — Finest Rich Quality. Freshly made daily in our own Creamery; smooth texture, fine flavor; 5 lb. sanitary package, **1.39**

Finest Quality Golden Santos Coffee — Delicious flavor; sweet, fresh, roasted daily; 10 lbs., 1.60; per lb., **17c**

New crop fragrant flavored Green, Black or Mixed Teas—Choice cup qualities; 3 lbs., 1.00; per lb., **40c**

Yeast — Hart's Yeast Cake; a dry yeast in a most convenient form; 2 cakes for **5c**

Crackers—Fresh from the oven; crisp and dainty—Selected Bar Lunch, Ginger Snaps, Soda Biscuits, Corn Hills, Square Lemon, Round Lemon. All by the barrel (barrel free) per lb., 5c.; 10 lbs., 40c.; per single lb., **6½c**

Baking Powder — Fountain Brand finest quality Cream Tartar Baking Powder; 5 lb. can, 1.35; 2½ lb. can, 70c.; lb. can, **30c**

Succotash—Finest quality N. Y. State creamy succotash; fine flavor, tender, well filled cans; per dozen, 1.15; per can, **10c**

Macaroni—Finest quality domestic broken macaroni, will not cook soggy; excellent for making macaroni and cheese; 10 lb. wooden box, **43c**

Sweet Potatoes — Dry Sweets; 6 qt. basket, **12c**

(Siegel Cooper Store, Fourth Floor.)

THE STAR NEW YORK — **J. Lauchheimer & Co.**

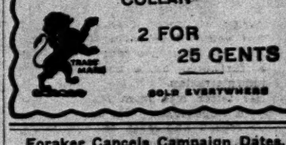
86TH STREET AND 3RD AVE. { COLUMBUS AVE, NEAR 82ND ST.

Shell Combs — side and back, superior values, **85 & 1.39**

Rhinestone mountings, Roman gold bands. **49 to 2.75**

Umbrellas — men's and women's fast black, union taffeta, trimmed handles. **1.49**

Best Dressers Wear THE "CAPT. BARR" "LION BRAND" COLLAR



2 FOR 25 CENTS

GOLD EVERYWHERE

Prescribed by All Leading Physicians

Gaswell, Massey & Co.'s Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

WITH PEPSIN AND QUININE

Can Be Taken by the Most Delicate

Foraker Cancels Campaign Dates.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 30.—Senator Foraker sent word to Republican State Headquarters to-day that his physician had absolutely forbidden him to go out of the house, on pain of a serious relapse, and he therefore requested that his dates for the rest of the campaign be cancelled at once.

The Provident Loan Society
OF NEW YORK.

MONEY TO LOAN in any amount from $1.00 to $1,000—upon pledge of personal property, such as diamonds and other precious stones, jewelry, watches, chains, silverware, clothing, furs, &c.

INTEREST RATES: 1% a month on sums under $150; on sums of $150 and over at rate of 10% per annum; on loans repaid within two weeks, ½%.

Loans may be repaid in installments.

LOANING OFFICES: 279 Fourth Av., corner 22d St.; 184 Eldridge St., corner Rivington; 119 West 42d St.; 105 East 125th St.

Separate Women's Department.

ADMIRAL TRAIN MOBBED, MARINES FIGHT CHINESE

Report from Shanghai Published in a London Paper.

SHOT WOMAN BY ACCIDENT

Officer Attacked Outside Nanking, Knocked Down and Disarmed and His Son Held as Hostage.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A dispatch to The Evening Standard from Shanghai says that Rear Admiral Train, Commander in Chief of the American Asiatic Squadron, and his son, Lieut. Train, have been victims of a savage attack by Chinese outside of Nanking.

The American officers were pheasant shooting when the Admiral accidentally shot a Chinese woman, slightly injuring her. Hundreds of villagers thereupon surrounded the officers, took away their guns, knocked the Admiral down in the mud, and held Lieut. Train as a hostage.

Forty American marines, landed as a rescue party, were attacked by a mob of Chinamen, who tried to pitchfork the officers. The marines were obliged to fire twice. The Chinese officials refused to restore the officers' guns, and supported the villagers.

Nanking has been active in the movement for boycotting American goods, and is the centre of activity on the part of Japanese students.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Nothing has reached the Navy Department in regard to the reported attack on Admiral Train, and this fact causes some doubt as to the accuracy of The London Standard's report, at least as regards the seriousness of the affair. If a force of marines had to be landed to rescue the Admiral, it is unusual, and even extraordinary, that no report was made.

Nevertheless, considerable uneasiness is felt at the department, and at Secretary Bonaparte's request the State Department has ordered inquiry to be made. Consul Haines is not at Nanking and Vice Consul Gracie has been sent up from Foo-Chow with orders to investigate the report.

Naval officers say such accidents as this are not infrequent in China. It is the custom of the naval officers of all nationalities, but particularly British and Americans, on the China station to go shooting among the Chinese rice fields which at certain seasons abound with ducks and smaller birds feeding on the rice. Firing in the tall rice is frequently followed by accidents, but the naval officers say these are easily adjusted as a rule by the payment of a small sum of money to the victim or his friends.

One officer recalled shooting a Chinese babe on its mother's back. The affair was settled amicably by the payment of fifty Mexican dollars, with the result that many Chinamen were tempted to put themselves in the way of shotguns.

Rear Admiral Charles Jackson Train, the Commander in Chief of the United States Asiatic fleet, was one of the four officers who during the Spanish-American war were assigned to command vessels in the Northern Patrol squadron, organized to protect the Atlantic Coast north of the Delaware Capes. All four of these officers have since that conflict been promoted to Rear Admirals.

On the dissolution of the Atlantic Coast Patrol, Commander Train proceeded to Cuban waters, where he was the senior officer in command of the Havana blockade. In November, 1898, he was promoted to a Captaincy. On his appointment to the grade of Rear Admiral he was ordered to the Philippines, where he succeeded Rear Admiral Yates Stirling as the Commander in Chief of the American fleet in Asiatic waters.

PLEAD FOR E. F. SHEPARD.

Friends Ask Intervention for New York Man Sentenced in Paris.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Influential New York friends of Elliott F. Shepard of New York, who was sentenced here Oct. 26 to three months' imprisonment and $120 fine and to pay $4,000 damages to the parents of a girl who was killed by Mr. Shepard's automobile in April last, are cabling for the purpose of procuring the intervention in his behalf of the American officials here.

The question is under consideration, but no step has been taken owing to the executive branch not having authority over the judiciary. Mr. Shepard's attorney has given up his intention to appeal, as the fine and imprisonment were the minimum, leaving no grounds for appeal.

BLACK HAND FITS HIS OWN.

Device in Threatening Letter May Identify Ursetti as Sender.

Frank Ursetti, who was caught a few nights ago while taking a package of marked money from an empty boiler in front of 199 Centre Street, was held in $5,000 bail yesterday by Magistrate Wahle in the Tombs Court for examination on Nov. 2.

A feature of the short hearing yesterday was the production in court of the first letter received by Michael Scaugarelle, Ursetti's employer, a real estate dealer of 142 Elm Street. Ursetti lived with him. The letter bore a fac simile of a man's left hand. It was apparent that the writer had placed his hand on the letter paper and traced an outline of it in ink. Then he had filled in the outline of the hand with ink.

Detective Sondero, who arraigned Ursetti, said Ursetti's hand had been placed on top of the "black hand" and had been found to fit perfectly. The letter demanded $500. A second letter raised the demand to $700.

A BLACK HAND THREAT.

Woodside Alarmed Over Explosion and Letter to Artist.

Albert Pannasch, an artist living at 11 Greenpoint Avenue, Woodside, L. I., received a letter yesterday threatening him with death if he does not deposit $500 at Woodside and Kelly Avenues, Woodside, by this morning. He has turned the letter over to the police of the Astoria Precinct.

About ten days ago a small frame building in the back yard of Mr. Pannasch's house was blown up. The explosion occurred early in the morning and frightened the entire neighborhood. Mrs. Pannasch is alarmed over the explosion and the letter and has taken her eight-year-old son out of school for fear that he might be kidnapped. Residents of Woodside are very much wrought up over the threat against the Pannasches.

BOOTH AT CARNEGIE HALL.

The Volunteers of America Celebrate Their Ninth Anniversary.

Carnegie Hall was crowded last night on the occasion of the ninth anniversary of the founding of the Volunteers of America. The principal speakers of the evening were Gen. Ballington Booth and Mrs. Maud Booth.

Mrs. Booth spoke, as she said, "for the persons who could not be present," the thousands of prisoners whom she has befriended.

Col. Lindsay's regimental band played during the evening, and the audience joined in the singing hymns led by Gen. Booth. Addresses were made by Major Gen. Fielding and other heads of the Volunteers of America.

LECTURE PLEASES THE KAISER

He Hears Mr. Roosevelt Praised by Prof. Peabody.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—Emperor William, Ambassador and Mrs. Tower, Baron von Richthofen, the Foreign Secretary, and Baroness von Richthofen; Dr. Studt, the Prussian Minister of Public Instruction, and many other officials, and about fifty professors and six hundred students attended the first lecture of Prof. Francis Greenwood Peabody of Harvard in the hall of the university to-day.

Prof. Peabody, whose subject was "Academic Reciprocity," spoke for forty-five minutes. The Emperor from time to time nodded approval of his utterances and joined in the applause.

Referring to President Roosevelt, Prof. Peabody said:

"Twenty-five years ago the President received his Bachelor's degree at Harvard. There he was taught to think straight and write simply, and later years have taught him now to fight in war and how to rule both others and himself in peace. From this rich experience issued into the world a man fit to meet the world problems of world power.

"It is one of the most extraordinary facts of contemporary history that an administrator who some feared might involve his Nation in a needless war should find his most permanent title to fame by inheriting the beatitude 'Blessed are the peacemakers.'"

The Professor then read a letter from President Roosevelt, which in part was as follows:

"I take a very keen personal interest in the undertaking, and deeply appreciate the generosity and sympathy with which the German Government has entered into the plan. I not only hope, but believe that the interchange will be fruitful and continuous, and both of direct and indirect advantage to the peoples of the two countries.

The Emperor shook hands with the professor and thanked him for his lecture. He said he thought the interchange of professors had made a good beginning.

ADMIRES DOWAGER EMPRESS.

Miss Carl, the Artist, Holds China's Aged Ruler in High Regard.

Miss Katherine Carl, the artist, who painted the portrait of the Empress Dowager of China, arrived in New York on the Minnehaha yesterday morning. Miss Carl is a native of Memphis, but has lived in Paris for eight years.

"I was introduced to the Empress Dowager," said Miss Carl, "by Mr. Conger, then the American Minister at Peking. I was in Peking eleven months and painted four portraits of the aged ruler of China. I had almost daily sittings in the eleven months I was in the Chinese capital. I was treated most courteously, and the informality with which the first woman of China greeted me was very impressive. There was no ceremony, and I wish to say that the Dowager Empress is not a cold and cruel woman, but the very reverse. She did everything to make my stay pleasant.

"Intellectually the Dowager Empress is a remarkable woman and is wonderfully well versed in the Chinese classics. She leads the simple life, and is very different from the opinion that most foreigners seem to entertain of her. I learned to speak a little Chinese and this amused her Majesty very much. The Empress is a lovable woman, and my experience, I assure you, was most interesting."

FIREMAN HAD AN $800 CLOAK.

A Parisian Creation That One of La Lorraine's Men Carried Ashore.

Customs Inspector George L. Babcock was at La Lorraine's pier on Saturday night, when he saw a fireman from the steamer, Henri Herve, leaving the ship. Herve seemed to "bulge" suspiciously and was stopped. Underneath his sweater, about his waist, it is alleged, a valuable Parisian opera cloak was found. The garment is said to be one of the handsomest ever captured, and a score or more women who called at Commissioner Shields's office yesterday went into ecstasies over it. It is trimmed with real Irish lace and is lined with white satin and white chiffon. It has heavy and deep collar and cuffs of real ermine.

Commissioner Shields, before the Government experts arrived, sent a number of the women employes in to view the wonderful Parisian creation. Miss Mable Hill, Judge Lacombe's secretary, first tried it on. Then Miss Welde, Marshal Henkel's secretary, took a look at it, and it went down the line of secretaries and stenographers. They all declared that it fitted them exactly, and all hoped that the sale would come along on some rainy day, when no rich women could venture out to bid on it.

Herve told the Commissioner that a woman passenger gave it to him to smuggle ashore. The officials are inclined to believe his story. The cloak is worth $800.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE GAINS.

23,330 for the City, but Manhattan Shows a Falling Off of 472.

Compared with September, 1904, the public school attendance figures for last month, which have just been issued by the City Superintendent, show an increase in registration in all boroughs but Manhattan. This borough has 472 less children on her rolls this year than last. This is the first time in many years that Manhattan's school register has not increased, and the officials are at a loss to explain it. The large emigration from the lower east side to Brownsville, Brooklyn, is given as one explanation of the decrease.

Brooklyn has 9,462 more children on her school rolls than at this time last year, which has caused an increase in part time of 6,857. Richmond also shows a part-time increase of 132. The other boroughs show marked decreases in the number of pupils on part time. Manhattan has only 32,833, a decrease of 8,631; Queens has 4,448, a decrease of 1,365, and the Bronx 650, a decrease of 734. The total decrease in part time is 3,741.

In September, 1904, there was a total of 80,226 pupils on part time; now there are 76,485, a decrease of 3,741. For September, 1904, the average attendance was 493,998. For September this year the attendance was 517,328, an increase of 23,330.

BLOCK SOLD FOR $750,000.

In Central Park West, Between 62d and 63d Streets—Conried's Denial.

Heinrich Conried denied yesterday a report which associated his name with the purchase of a large plot of land in Central Park West—the block front between Sixty-second and Sixty-third Streets.

This property, which embraces about seventeen lots, was sold three weeks ago by the Unity Realty Company for about $750,000, and since then the identity of the real buyer has been a subject of much speculation.

The block front is one of the largest vacant parcels, close to Broadway, anywhere south of 110th Street. The Unity Realty Company bought it two years ago from a syndicate that had intended to erect on the property a large building to provide suitable quarters for playing the Spanish game of jai-alai. This project was abandoned.

French Deputy in Pistol Fight.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Deputy Pugliesi Conti and M. Célestine Bosc, an unsuccessful candidate for election to the Chamber of Deputies, had an encounter to-day in the streets, during which a number of shots were exchanged. Nobody was hit. Both men were arrested. The encounter followed an electoral feud.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.
—Adv.

JOINT BOARD ON TARIFF IS BUELOW'S PROPOSAL

Baron Sternburg Returns to Negotiate for New Trade Treaty.

DENIAL OF HOSTILE MOTIVE

Desire to Increase, Not Restrict, Commercial Exchanges, Says the Chancellor—Changes Imperative.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—Baron Speck von Sternburg, the German Ambassador to the United States, who sailed for New York on Oct. 25 from Bremen on the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II., will submit to President Roosevelt the proposals of the German Government for a new trade agreement between the United States and Germany. Prince von Bülow, among other things, said to-day:

"An idea, I suspect, is abroad in America, that the changes in the German tariffs and the modifying agreements with other European countries were in some way directed against the United States, and that Germany desired to damage the trade of the United States. This, I am glad to say, was never a motive with the German Government, and the proposals that are about to be made are designed to increase the exchanges between the two countries, and not to contract them.

"Each country has special aptitudes and products of which the other may avail itself, and yet maintain the revenue and protective systems adjusted to its individual situation. Germany is as little inclined to shape its commercial policy according to rigid dogma as the United States.

"A continuation of the present conditions unchanged is not possible, if only for the formal reason that our agreement of 1900 with the United States is founded expressly upon tariff duties, under the old commercial treaties with Austria-Hungary, Italy, Switzerland, Belgium, Servia, Roumania, and Russia. These duties, in consequence of our new tariff and our new commercial treaties, will be abolished at the end of February, 1906.

"The most expeditious means for [illegible]thering the work would be that ten [illegible] on both sides, having special acquaintance with customs and tariff matters, should meet for an open and frank interchange of views and friendly explanations."

MOVE TO REVIVE RECIPROCITY.

Western Beef Men Want Relief from German Tariff Measures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—A strong movement is under way in the West to get Congress to re-enact Section 4 of the Dingley act, which has become inoperative by time limitation, under which John A. Kasson negotiated various reciprocity treaties. Not one of them was approved by the Senate. Ex-Senator Harris of Kansas, representing the National Live Stock Association and the American Reciprocal Tariff League, is in Washington to present the plan to the Administration.

CHINA HAS REAL ARMY.

Discipline of Troops at Manoeuvres Astonished Foreigners.

PEKING, Oct. 30.—The army manoeuvres, which have just been completed, greatly impressed foreigners, especially those acquainted with the condition of Chinese troops five years ago. The opinion expressed on all sides is that China has accomplished an absolutely marvelous feat in raising an army of 40,000 men to its present efficiency.

The foreign military attachés criticised the Generalship displayed—for instance, the absence of proper support for the artillery, which they thought was injudiciously placed—but they gave unstinted praise for the complete control of the troops and the steadiness of discipline exhibited, the latter bearing comparison with that of European troops.

An observer, while riding behind some of the troops lying in cover, noticed that not a man turned his head from his attention to his work. Complete subordination prevailed everywhere.

The scheme of the manoeuvres was the assumed invasion of Chilel, by a Southern force from Shantung, whose advance was opposed by the Northern army. Roughly estimated, 30,000 men were engaged. The final parade showed 20,000 infantry, 1,200 cavalry, 1,100 engineers, 1,200 artillery, and 120 field and mountain guns. The men's queues were tucked under their caps.

The infantry was armed with Mauser magazine rifles of the 1888 pattern with a short dagger bayonet, many having been made at the Hanyang arsenal. The cavalry was armed with Mauser carbines and swords. The men were mounted on Mongolian ponies, which, though small, were in good condition. The saddlery and accoutrements were bad and the men had no spurs. This is regarded by the military observers as the weakest branch of the army, being unsuitable for work as cavalry or mounted infantry.

The troops gave many evidences of Japanese training, and one attaché remarked that he had seen twenty Japanese in Chinese uniforms.

WILL QUESTION WALLACE.

Ex-Chief Engineer to Appear Before Panama Canal Board.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The three committees formed out of the members of the Board of Consulting Engineers to make a special study of the lock canal, the sea-level canal, and the unit price for both have nearly completed their work, and a meeting of the full board will be held on Friday.

Mr. Wallace, the former Chief Engineer of the Isthmian Canal, will appear before the board on that day, and the members will have a chance to question him on any subject on which they desire further explanation. The appearance of Mr. Wallace before the board meets with the full approval of the Administration.

Our Woolen Buyer masters woolens, hence the beautiful fabrics that grace our counters, and they are true goods. The quackery of the union of wool with shoddy or cotton doesn't mislead in our stock, though our prices are moderate.
Burnham & Phillips
Custom Tailoring Only.
119 & 121 Nassau St.

BUILT on SPECTACLE PRINCIPLES
The elegance, comfort, steadiness and security of eyeglasses fitted with the Finch Rigid Spring Mount ng is so far superior to the ordinary eyeglass spring that the universal approval of its wearers is a matter of no small moment. Let us show you its advantages.
E. B. Meyrowitz
OPTICIAN.
104 E. 23d St., near 4th Ave.
125 W. 42d St., bet. B'way & 6th Ave.
650 Madison Ave., cor. 60th St.
3 Rue Scribe, Paris.

MORE ARRESTS NEAR IN SUIT CASE MYSTERY

Morris Nathan Tells All He Knows to Pittsburg Police.

SEARCH NOW IN BOSTON

Chorus Girl's Fiance to be Charged with Being Accessory—Will Waive Extradition.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 30.—Morris Nathan, secretary of the manager of "The Shepherd King" Company, who is held here in connection with the murder of Susannah Geary, the Boston suit case victim, to-day told Thomas A. McQuaide, Superintendent of Detectives, of his relations with the girl previous to April, 1905, when she obtained a place in the chorus at Rocky Point, and he worked during the Summer at Nantasket.

When "The Shepherd King" Company assembled for rehearsals in August, they were both in that organization. When he left here on the night of Sept. 9, he directed her to a surgeon, whose name the Superintendent refuses to make public.

McQuaide says the case is now clear, and it only needs an arrest or two by the Boston police to settle the whole mystery.

Detectives Smith and McGarr of Boston are expected here in the morning, and the whole "Shepherd King" company will be summoned before Superintendent McQuaide to tell what they know. Two of the chorus girls—Rita Marie and Eleanor Barren—have given Superintendent McQuaide information of value, which has been communicated to the Boston police.

Nathan will return to Boston to-morrow without requisition papers. He is almost in a state of nervous collapse since his incarceration, and has not slept or eaten. The members of the company believe him to be innocent of complicity in the murder, and will aid him in every way possible.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—No arrest had been made up to a late hour to-night in the suit case affair as the result of Nathan's confession. An inspector and a State police officer have been sent to Pittsburg to fetch Nathan, who will be charged with being an accessory before the fact.

The police this afternoon searched the office of a woman doctor on Tremont Street, where it is thought the operation on Susannah Geary may have been performed, but no arrest followed, and what, if anything, was learned is kept secret. A physician reported to be connected with that establishment is missing from the city, but his friends declare that his absence is due to another cause.

Capt. Hurley and Inspector Nellon of Cambridge had a long talk with Mrs. Geary, the dead girl's mother, and Miss Evelyn Geary to-day. Both maintained strongly that Nathan was innocent of murder.

The officers in going over with Mrs. Geary the movements of Nathan and the company which played a week in Lowell, followed by three days in Salem and three days in Lynn, learned that Nathan did not communicate with them during that time. Mrs. Geary went to Lynn on the Saturday night the company played there and saw Nathan. The latter told Mrs. Geary he did not know where Ethel was.

AMERIKA STEADY IN GALE.

Wireless Message Says Heavy Seas Leaves Her Decks Almost Dry.

This wireless message was received to-day from Capt. Sauermann of the new steamship Amerika, dated Oct. 26, at noon, south of Sable Island, which is 1,000 miles from Sandy Hook:

"The steamer has thus far encountered strong winds and heavy seas, in spite of which here is very little motion, and hardly any spray taken on the forward decks.

"The passengers are exceedingly pleased with the excellent sea-going qualities of the Amerika, and all on board are well."

The Amerika, which has the greatest displacement of any craft afloat, is now making her first eastward voyage.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
PROTEK
The PROTEK is found on STEIN-BLOCH overcoats only. It prevents the velvet collar of your overcoat from soiling your linen collar.
LOOK FOR THIS LABEL
It Stands for 51 Years of Knowing How
The Stein-Bloch Co. Wholesale Tailors
Write for "Smartness," an education in correct dress, which also explains the wonderful Wool Test and tells you where Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are sold in your city.
THE STEIN-BLOCH CO.
Wholesale Tailors,
130-32 Fifth Ave., New York.
Tailor Shops, Rochester, N. Y.

W. & J. SLOANE
Broadway & 19th Street
ORIENTAL RUGS
THOSE who contemplate the purchase of genuine Oriental Rugs and wish to examine a comprehensive assortment before selecting, should visit our Oriental Rug department. We have our own representative in the East, who buys exclusively for us.
Low Priced Rugs: Guendji, Daghestan, Kazak, Karabagh.
Medium Grades: Soumak, Shirvan, Sultanabad, Sparta, Oushak, Kirman.
Rare Specimens: Antique Ghiorde, Antique Koula, Antique Persian of various weaves, Silk Rugs, fine Persian Hall Runners.

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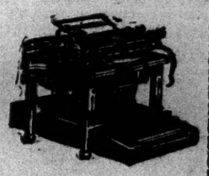
ARE SHOWING IN THEIR
DRESSMAKING & TAILORING DEP'TS
A COLLECTION OF
Exclusive Foreign Models
IN
Street, Dinner & Evening Gowns
From which they are Prepared to Execute Orders at Short Notice.
FALL IMPORTATIONS of the HIGHEST CLASS HAND EMBROIDERED & LACE TRIMMED
French Hand-made Lingerie
DISTINCTIVE STYLES & EXCLUSIVE NOVELTIES.
COMPLETE TROUSSEAUX
IMPORTED AND FROM THEIR OWN WORKROOMS.
MONOGRAMS, CRESTS, Etc., EMBROIDERED ON ORDER.
West Twenty-third Street

Remington Typewriter

NEW MODELS NOW READY
Every model of the Remington Typewriter has been a success. There never was a Remington failure.
The New Models represent the sum and the substance of *all* Remington success—plus 30 years of experience in typewriter building.
We will be glad to have you call at our office and see the new models or send for illustrated booklet describing the new features.
Remington Typewriter Company
325-327 Broadway, New York.

Men's Pure Black Silk Neckwear at 25c.
Second Semi-Monthly "One-Day Sale"
ON SALE TO-DAY FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M. ONLY.
¶ THE scarfs are in these shapes:
Squares—Puffs—Flats—Tecks—extra wide Four-in-Hands—medium wide Four-in-hands.
In these pure black silks:
Barathea—Satin Gros Grain—Peau de Soie.
A Limited Number to Each Customer.
Three Broadway Stores; at 13th St., at Canal St., near Chambers St.
Hackett, Carhart & Co.

Globe-Wernicke Card Index Systems.
391-393 BROADWAY, COR. WHITE.

Lest You Forget
We Say it Yet—
Uneeda Biscuit

Mattresses.
A Special Offer.
A most advantageous purchase of the best mattress hair, *extra quality gray drawings*, enables us to offer about 150 Mattresses at the following reductions:—
3-foot size.....$12.00, instead of $17.50.
3½-foot size.....$14.25, instead of $21.00.
4-foot size.....$16.50, instead of $24.50.
4½-foot size.....$18.75, instead of $28.00.
Upholstered Springs.
Brass and White Enamel Bedsteads.
Lord & Taylor,
Broadway and Twentieth Street, Fifth Avenue, Nineteenth Street.

James McCreery & Co.
Handkerchiefs.
150 dozen sheer linen Handkerchiefs. The latest cross bar and fine cord weaves.
1.45 per box of ½ doz.
150 dozen all linen Handkerchiefs, with embroidered borders.
35c each
1.85 per box of ½ doz.
value 50c each
Twenty-third Street.

Whatever your favorite knit underwear fabric, you are certain of getting it of best quality, shape and fit if it is stamped "*American Hosiery Co.*"
"*No Better in the World.*"
Men's, Women's and Children's Silk, Merino, Balbriggan and Natural Wool, in all weights. Adapted to all climates and seasons. Every length of sleeve and drawer. Non-shrinkable. Black, Blue and Red Stamps show relative quality. A size to fit every age and figure. Retailed everywhere.
AMERICAN HOSIERY CO.
WHOLESALE ONLY
408-410 Franklin Street, New York.

THE STATISTICS OF COCOA IMPORTATIONS SHOW THAT IMPORTATIONS OF CHEAP (LOW GRADE) BEANS HAVE INCREASED ALMOST 50% AND IMPORTATIONS OF HIGH GRADE BEANS HAVE DECREASED.

WE HAVE USED AND ARE USING THE SAME QUALITY OF BEANS AS ALWAYS: THE BEST ONLY.
DRAW YOUR OWN CONCLUSIONS—QUALITY & PRICE REMAIN THE SAME.
WITH Huyler's COCOA.
WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

SANDERSON'S "MOUNTAIN DEW" SCOTCH WHISKEY
¶ A Healthful Stimulant.

Morgan's Ginger Ale and Club Soda
Acknowledged Best—Highest Awards.
Order from your dealer or direct from
JOHN MORGAN,
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On NOVEMBER 1st, 1905, the Telephone Number of THE NEW YORK TIMES will be changed to
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Two Through Trains Daily over the
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Special Offer.

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the best mattress
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THE BEST ONLY.

OWN CONCLUSIONS—
PRICE REMAIN THE SAME
Taylor's COCOA.
WITHIN THE REACH
OF ALL.
EVERYWHERE.

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TAIN DEW"
H WHISKEY
Healthful
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's Ginger Ale
Club Soda
Best—Highest Award.
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N. Y. Phone 478 Spring.

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rains Daily over the
ACIFIC R.R.

CHALLENGE TO MARCONI BY DE FOREST WIRELESS

American Manager Offers to Treble Distance Over Sea or Land

CRUISER'S FEAT A RECORD

Sharp Letter to Italian Says False Comparison Was Made—Messages Taken at 1,200 Miles.

Lee De Forest, Vice President of the American De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company, sent this letter to Signor Marconi, care of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, yesterday:

"You are quoted in yesterday's New York papers as saying that the recent feat of receiving messages 1,100 miles from the President's cruiser West Virginia was not uncommon; and to back up your statement you cited the Lucania's receipt of wireless signals, when in mid-Atlantic, from both shores.

"You should know that the De Forest transmitting apparatus on board the West Virginia is not of high power, being but two kilowatts, while the messages received by the Cunarders are sent from Poldu and Cape Cod stations, of from twenty to fifty times that power. Yet a layman, unacquainted with electrical matters, would be led from your interview to believe that a fair comparison had been made between the unparalleled feat of small apparatus on the West Virginia and the distances attained from your enormous 'thunder factories.'

"The records recently made by the De Forest system on board ships equipped with but one kilowatt transmitters, however, may well be compared with any claimed for Marconi high-power stations. Last Friday night a message was received at New York from the steamship Havana, 1,030 miles south, direct and without delay. This boat carries a one-kilowatt transmitter. The same message was received at our Savannah station (of two kilowatt capacity) and transmitted thence to Cleveland. It is a common thing for Cleveland to read aerograms from one kilowatt transmitters on ships 100 and 200 miles at sea off Hatteras. Last week New York received several messages from the cruiser West Virginia, which was anchored off the mouth of the Mississippi, the 1,200 miles being almost entirely overland.

"Last Sunday night the United States Signal Corps at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., using De Forest receiving instruments, read a complete wireless message from the Concho, equipped with a one kilowatt De Forest transmitter, when that boat was off Key West 1,100 miles, two-thirds overland. Fort Leavenworth also interrupted messages from the West Virginia.

"Versed as you are in wireless telegraphy, no one knows better than yourself that these performances are absolutely without precedent or comparison in Europe.

"To the best of my information, the above-cited distances are from three to ten times greater than any covered by Marconi apparatus of similar power, on shipboard or on shore.

"In view of these established facts, and your apparent attempt to minimize the credit which all Americans can justly feel in the remarkable wireless work from the President's cruiser, I hereby publicly challenge you to demonstrate that vessels equipped with Marconi apparatus of like power can successfully transmit to stations using Marconi receivers, legible messages at any speed whatsoever, over distances one-half or one-third those negotiated by the apparatus on board the West Virginia, either over land or sea."

AMERICAN MALTING FIGHT.

Stockholders Organized to Oppose the Jenkins Reorganization.

That the plan for reorganizing the American Malting Company, proposed by the Jenkins committee, headed by John G. Jenkins, will be contested at the meeting of the stockholders on Nov. 9, was foreshadowed by a meeting held yesterday at the offices of Max Morgenstern, at 68 Broad Street, at which a committee was appointed to oppose the proposed plan of reorganization. A Stockholders' Protective Committee was appointed, including Mr. Morgenstern, John A. Sleicher, and J. S. Fay, Jr. This notice was sent out to the stockholders of the company:

The proposed plan of reorganization is unfair to both classes of stock. According to the annual report nearly 3 per cent. was earned on the preferred during the past fiscal year, though it was a bad year. Many large shareholders are opposed to the proposed plan of reorganization. We ask you not to deposit your stock with the Jenkins committee or surrender your proxy.

The opponents of the plan of readjustment believe that a more equitable plan can be devised than that proposed by the Jenkins committee, which provided for the surrender of old preferred stock for 62 per cent. of the new preferred. It is pointed out that the holders of the preferred are entitled to 42 per cent. of accrued dividends unpaid, which they will surrender or forfeit if they deposit their stock with the Jenkins committee.

UNIQUE MASONIC CEREMONY.

New York Masons Send a Trowel to Visit All Lodges in America.

A silver trowel, after being dedicated with elaborate ceremony in the presence of many members of the Masonic Order, was started on a long journey last evening. To Justice Lodge, No. 753, W. C. Glenn, Master, is due the conception of the idea, and before the trowel returns to that lodge it will have been used in every Masonic lodge in the United States. Its travels, which will be recorded in a bound volume which accompanies it, may occupy ten years. On its return it will be placed with the record of its travels in the archives of the Grand Lodge of the State of New York.

The ceremony, which took place in the Grand Lodge room in the Masonic Temple, was conducted by Frank Hurd Robinson, Grand Master. Nearly 1,000 Masons were in attendance. The Grand Master, Frank H. Robinson, was assisted by the officers of the Grand Lodge.

AN INSULTER JIU JITSUED.

He Winked at Miss Marten, and She Sent Him Sprawling.

Miss Emelie Marten, an athletic young woman living at East Elmhurst, L. I., applied the jiu jitsu system to an annoyer with decided effect yesterday. Miss Marten left a trolley car at the Flushing Road and started to walk to her home late in the afternoon. She had not gone far when she noticed that a man was following her. A few moments later the man passed her, and, turning around, he lifted his hat and winked one eye. The next instant he was up in the air and fell sprawling on his back.

Miss Marten had caught the man by the lapel of his coat with one hand, and with the other had seized one wrist, then with a quick twist she threw him. Several men saw the scuffle and they ran toward the young woman. The man picked himself up and tried to say something, only to go down a second time. That was enough for him, and he got up and took to his heels.

To Sort City Mail on 18-Hour Flier.

Mail from Chicago for New York City coming on the Twentieth Century Limited of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad will hereafter be "distributed" on the train. When the train reaches this city the mail will be so divided that the uptown mail can be taken to the section where it belongs and the downtown mail down town. It is expected that the change will result in the saving of from two to four hours.

A Beefsteak Dinner
is a feast for the Gods, when
Evans' Cream Ale
is served with it.

CANDY
By the Author of
"MRS. WIGGS"
Don't miss it
Get a copy *to-day*

TEAM OWNERS COMBINE UNDER FEDERAL LAWS

Chicago Example Followed to Head Off a Strike.

ORR BUSINESS INCORPORATED

Other Employers Take Stock in His West Virginia Company — May Join Chicago Owners.

A move was announced yesterday by the New York Team Owners' Association which completely changes the situation in the strike of the Truck Drivers' Union against Thomas Orr for the closed shop. The strikers are out now not against Thomas Orr, but against the Inter-State Teaming Company, which has been incorporated under the laws of West Virginia and has taken charge of Mr. Orr's business. Mr. Orr will have a large share in the management of the new corporation, and will be protected against all financial loss arising from the strike.

To-day the ore trucks, instead of bearing his name will bear the name of the Inter-State Teaming Company. The organization of the company was contemplated a month ago, when the possibilities of a general strike of the truck drivers were discussed, and for the last week Henry C. Hunter, Secretary of the New York Team Owners' Association, has been working to perfect the organization. It was incorporated with a nominal capital of $5,000, which was increased yesterday to $100,000 at a special meeting of the New York Team Owners' Association. The money was subscribed in fifteen minutes. The list of Directors includes the names of the largest team owners in New York and New Jersey.

In this course the team owners here followed the plan adopted by the employers in the teamsters' strike in Chicago. When that strike was at its height the employers incorporated under the laws of West Virginia as the Employers' Teaming Company of Chicago. Blanket injunctions were then obtained from the Federal courts which prohibited the employment of pickets or interference of any kind with the men at work. That ended the strike.

The Inter-State Teaming Company, being a corporation and operating in more than one State, can follow the same course. This is not necessary at present, but the employers here want to be prepared. The new move of the employers removes the contest from the influence of local politics.

It was reported last evening that a movement was on foot for an affiliation between the Employers' Teaming Company of Chicago and the Inter-State Teaming Company. Thomas B. O'Connell, Secretary of the Chicago company, arrived here yesterday, and it is believed it is in reference to a proposed amalgamation of the two bodies.

BLANKENBURG ARRESTED.

Candidate on Weaver Ticket Is Accused of Libel.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—Rudolph Blankenburg, City Party candidate for City Commissioner, was arrested to-night on the charge of criminal libel preferred by Felix Isman, a real estate operator of this city, and the head of the Mint Realty Company. Mr. Blankenburg entered bail for a hearing Thursday.

The arrest grew out of a campaign speech made by Mr. Blankenburg last week.

It was intimated to-day by James Gay Gordon, special counsel for Mayor Weaver, that the report of Major Cassius E. Gillette and John Donald MacLennan, the expert engineers employed by the Mayor to investigate the filtration plant contracts, would be followed by additional prosecutions.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—First Lieut. A. C. Wright, Twelfth Infantry, will report to the Department of California pending the arrival of his regiment in the United States.

Capt. W. J. Barden is relieved from duty with the Second Battalion of Engineers and will report to the Commandant of the Engineer School, Washington Barracks, for duty as instructor.

First Lieut. E. M. Markham is relieved from duty under orders of Capt. J. S. Sewell, and will report to Washington Barracks for assignment to duty with the Second Battalion of Engineers.

First Lieut. R. C. Moore is relieved from duty with the Third Battalion of Engineers, and will proceed to Washington Barracks for assignment to duty with the Second Battalion of Engineers and to take the course of instruction at the engineer school.

Capt. G. A. Nugent, Quartermaster, is relieved from duty in the Philippines and will proceed to San Francisco for further orders.

Capt. C. C. Walcutt, Jr., Quartermaster, is relieved from service in the Quartermaster's Department, to take effect Oct. 29.

First Lieut. W. R. Vance, Artillery, in addition to present duties will assume charge of construction work at Fort Washington and Fort Hunt, relieving First Lieut. W. G. Metcalf.

The Navy.

Commander J. H. Bull's orders, Sept. 28, to command the Celtic are revoked to home.

Lieut. H. B. Sowle from recruiting party No 5 to establish recruiting rendezvous, Cincinnati.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Dolphin and Brutus at Lynn Haven Bay; Porter, Nicholson, Dupont, and Rodgers at Yorktown, Chickasaw at Newport, Newport at Monte Christi, Nina at Boston, Wisconsin at Nagasaki, Mayflower at Hampton Roads, Maryland off Cape Henry, Hannibal at Newport News.

Sailed—Lawrence and Truxton from Boston for Pine Beach, Osceola from Key West for Beaufort, Wahneta from Norfolk for Annapolis, Columbia from Hampton Roads for Colon, West Virginia from Sand Key Light for Lynn Haven Bay, Paducah from New London for Yorktown, Minneapolis from Genoa for Naples, Colorado and Pennsylvania from Sand Key Light for Lynn Haven Bay.

The Caesar has been placed out of commission at Norfolk.

THERE is *some* difference in the quality of all Turkish Cigarettes. If you were to bring each different brand to me, I could show you by comparison with the Murad, in just what point they differ. Some are too strong; and some are too mild. The strength of the finest Turkish leaf used in

MURAD CIGARETTES

has been so perfectly tempered by expert blending that it becomes an *exquisite richness.* So perfect again is this blending, that, while retaining all the body of the leaf, the Murad offers an *unequaled mildness.* The Murad really stands midway between extreme strength and mildness, and represents sixteen years' effort to reach just the *right point.* This point is *fine quality,* the distinctive character of the Murad.

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111 Fifth Ave., New York

Loading for shipment. Bales of Turkish tobacco for Murad Cigarettes.

WM. W. MACFARLAND, NOTED LAWYER, DEAD

He Was at One Time Candidate Ivins's Partner.

APPEARED IN FAMOUS CASES

He Was Recently Retained by President Paul Morton to Aid in Equitable Prosecutions.

William Wallace MacFarland, a former law partner of William M. Ivins, in the firm of Tracy, MacFarland, Boardman, Ivins & Platt, and one of the foremost lawyers in this city, died yesterday at his home, at Arrochar, S. I. He was counsel in many celebrated cases in his time, among them the suits against Jay Gould in behalf of the Erie Railway stockholders to recover $13,000,000; the suit in behalf of August Belmont growing out of the treasurership of the Fenian Fund, and the celebrated case of the prosecution of Dan Noble by the Royal Insurance Company. He was one of the founders of the Bar Association, and one of the few honorary members in this country of the Cobden Club of London.

Mr. MacFarland was born in Chenango County July 22, 1834. He soon became dissatisfied with farm life and set out for Hartford, Conn., where he went to work as salesman in a dry goods store. All his spare moments he devoted to reading Blackstone. Even before his admission to the bar he had established a local reputation for the lucidity which characterized legal papers which he drew up and because of his success in petty collection cases.

Young MacFarland made the acquaintance of Judge William D. Shipman of the United States District Court, and so favorably was Judge Shipman impressed with the young lawyer that he made him clerk of his court. MacFarland next became District Attorney of Hartford, and later entered into a partnership with former Gov. Hubbard of Connecticut. In 1869, at the death of Jeremiah Larocque, who had been one of the most brilliant lawyers of his time, Mr. MacFarland entered the firm of Bowdoin, Larocque & Barlow. After that Mr. MacFarland was connected with several leading legal firms in this city, among them MacFarland, Boardman & Platt; Tracy, MacFarland, Boardman & Platt, and Tracy, MacFarland, Boardman, Ivins & Platt.

Mr. MacFarland was always a commanding figure in court. His briefs were a marvel of clear and vigorous expression, and were often held up as models by the Judges to whom they were submitted.

In 1890 Mr. MacFarland was appointed by Gov. Roosevelt a Special Commissioner, with Austen G. Fox, to inquire into the canal contracts let under Superintendent of Public Works George W. Aldridge. He lately became counsel to Paul Morton, again with Austen G. Fox, to aid in any prosecution which Mr. Morton might wish to bring in the Equitable case.

Mr. MacFarland was intensely devoted to his profession, and saw in it not only a means of earning a livelihood, but an opportunity for intellectual combat with other strong minds, which he keenly enjoyed. Because he would not be denied this mental exercise he declined other honors, among them an appointment to a Judgeship of the Court of Appeals.

Mr. MacFarland was a life member of the Manhattan and Knickerbocker Clubs, and one of the original members of the Metropolitan Club.

Mr. MacFarland leaves a widow and two daughters, Mrs. Frank J. Lord and Miss Effie MacFarland.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Consul's Certification Makes Date of Exportation—Other Decisions.

In a decision by Judge Somerville the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday overruled claims filed by John T. Bailey & Co. of Philadelphia. The dispute had to do with the legal date of exportation of merchandise, and the valuation to be placed upon the Indian rupee. The currency of the invoice being stated in the rupee, the board holds that the certification of the invoice by the United States Consul made Oct. 11, 1900, must be taken as conclusive evidence of the time of exportation, by virtue of Section 25 of the Tariff act of 1894, which expressly provides that the date of exportation and the actual shipment of the goods at an earlier date will be immaterial. With reference to the valuation to be placed upon the rupee, Judge Somerville holds that it must be estimated, in the case at bar, at 32.4 cents, as provided by circular of the Treasury Department of Oct. 1, 1900, and not at 20.8 cents, as provided for by the circular of July 1, 1900.

General Appraiser Sharretts wrote a decision sustaining the contention of Stern Brothers that certain imitation pearl strands are not dutiable at 60 per cent. as "jewelry." The board finds that the articles are properly assessable at 45 per cent. Protests by the H. B. Claflin Company and Louis Auerbach of New York were also sustained.

The board overruled these claims: Estate of C. B. Rouss, Lindon W. Bates, Hirschbach & Smith, Henry Small, Euler & Robeson, C. B. Richard & Co., New York; G. W. Sheldon & Co., International Harvester Company, and Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago; American Express Company, Boston; A. G. Spalding & Brothers, Chicago; Cuban-American Manufacturing Company, Tampa; the Thayer Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo., and John Ginzel & Co., Detroit.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ALFRED GUGGENHEIMER.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Alfred Guggenheimer, dealer in jewelry and novelties at 529 Broadway, by Adolph Strauss & Co., $738; Henry Rosenstein, $87, and Jacob Busch, $73. It was said that the alleged bankrupt had transferred property to certain creditors with intent to prefer them over other creditors. Alfred Roelker, Jr., was appointed receiver.

FRANK TONKS.—Frank Tonks, proprietor of restaurants at 6 Park Place and 22 to 26 West Houston Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilities of $16,084 and assets of $1,508, consisting of real estate, $100; stock, $200; fixtures, $1,200, and cash, $8. The largest creditor is Helen Tonks, borrowed money, $5,900. Other members of the petitioner's family are creditors to the amount of $1,200. The petitioner holds leases on the properties 6 Park Place and 22 to 26 West Houston Street, the value of which he does not know. George W. Alger was appointed receiver. Mr. Tonks began business in 1894 at 380 Canal Street.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

ALBERT, Isaac—Leon M. Hirsch	$366
ANGUS, Annetta E.—Pat. W. Cullinan	917
ARMSTRONG, Chas. R. — Wheeling Corrugating Co	131
ANDERSON, Wm. H., not summoned—Wheeling Corrugating Co	131
BEHRENS, Geo. E.—Thos. Fahey	342
BELLINGER, Walter J.—U. S. Electric Light & Power Co	33
BUNKER, Geo. T.—N. Y. Tel. Co	50
BROOKE, Geo. H.—John M. Jones et al., Cts	92
BHUMGARA, Jai—Bernard A. Myers	41
BRICE, Stewart M.—Arthur S. Levy	273
BACALLES, James W. and Peter W.—Eugene M. Travis	76
BODINE, M. Harold—Dan. S. Updike	10
CARRAWAY, John—Benjamin Altman	329
CELLER, Chas. Z.—N. Y. Edison Co	28
CALHOUN, John C.—Sheffield Farms Slawson Decker Co	394
COHN, Hugo—Sam. Saffer	2,194
DALEY, Jane—Diedrich N. Tiemann	248
DEITRICH, Chas.—Geo. F. Moore	51
EICHENFELD, Sam.—Isidor Bloch	29
FIRBE, Malke—Ray Grushoff	161
FINGAR, Albert—Frank Siegel	231
FIRESTONE, Chas.—Alex. Landeberg and another	39
GREENWALD, Jos., not summoned—N. Y. Tel. Co	32
GEARY, Dan.—Ernst Drescher	44
GIBSON, Sarah—Sheffield Farms Slawson Decker Co	141
GOLDEN, Max—Maskell E. Fox and another	120
HAUSER, Joseph—Ralph Bellino	22
HANNAFORD, Arthur J.—Harrison D. Meyer	36
HEALY, Charles—John Riese and another	33
HELLMAN, Myer—Samuel Gadiginsky	794
HAFF, Lena M.—Charles A. Borne	125
HAYSLIP, Andrew—Henry Wellbrook and another	973
HOYT, Anna G.—De Witt L. Hornthal et al	25
JAILLET, Henry A.—N. Y. Tel. Co	32
KITSHNER, Samuel—Louis J. Jacoves	104
KOEPKE, Max—Schoverling, Daly & Gales	26
KNAPP, Mark I.—Albert M. Childs et al	71
LIEBESKIND, Leon A. and Henle—Henry M. Humphrey	7,049
LEVY, John—N. Y. Edison Co	50
LEE, Charles M.—James W. Hamblet	26
LOEWENTHAL, Emil—Nathan Ginsberg	389
MACLEAN, Edward A.—Wm. C. Lawson	1,820
MAYLE, Edward J.—Standard Oil Co. of New York	223
MALLOY, Frank—Patrick W. Cullinan	1,901
MYERS, Frederick—Joseph Di Benedetto	1,682
OSMER, Herman—Patrick W. Cullinan	1,946
PINKERNELLY, Charles—Max Henschel	91
PFISTER, Maria—Patrick W. Cullinan	1,931
RE, John—C. Schilling & Co	572
RIGNEY, Abigail R.—Ella L. Laing	5,911
RAYMOND, Nelson H.—Samuel B. Truesdale and another	97
RAISCH, Henry—Mayer Meyers and another	754
ROCKWELL, Hannah R.—John M. Jones and others, costs	138
RANDOLPH, Ray W.—William J. Mathieson Company	178
ROSENTHAL, Abraham—Samuel Grodginsky	794
RYAN, Thomas—Patrick W. Cullinan	1,958
SLUTZKY, Jacob—Abraham Satz	119
STRONG, George—James T. Ackerman	228
SOSLAWSKY, Isreal—Morris Goodman	132
SULLIVAN, Charles—Margaret Sullivan	227
STOERGER, Max H.—George W. Carr	92
SKELLY, Thomas—Schoverling, Daly & Gales	82
SEIDMAN, Louis—Maskell E. Fox and another	120
UNTERBERG, Belle (not summoned) and Abraham—Solomon J. Rosenblum	266
WILSNACK, Theodore P.—Ludwig Blumgart	148
WALES, Henry G.—Edward E. Tull	117
WHITING, A. Bruce—Forrest MacNee and another	58
INTERNATIONAL AUTO SIGHTSEEING Co—Con. Rubber Tire Co	389
HORACE WATERS & CO.—B. Davis	1,160
THE EMPIRE STATE SECURITY Co.—Patrick W. Cullinan	917
AMERICAN SURETY CO.—Same	1,901
THE EMPIRE STATE SURETY CO.—Same	1,931
THE U. S. GUARANTY CO.—Same	1,946
R. G. PACKARD CO.—Katie McCarthy, costs	100
INTERURBAN ST. RY. CO.—Mary Aylesworth	1,151
PENN. R. R. CO.—Nettie M. Kimburg	250
MANHATTAN RY. CO.—Mary I. Love	621
MIDWAY PUB. CO.—John Hammalian and others	121
MET. ST. RY. CO.—Joseph Lawrence	5,090
THE CITY OF N. Y.—John W. Gates	275
SAME—Sylvanus Browning	194

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when judgment was filed.

BROUWER, Geo. H.—M. L. Ernst et al., Dec. 20, 1894	$862
SAME—Tucker Electrical Con. Co., May 20, 1896	200
SAME—The Long Island Loan and Trust Co., Feb. 9, 1893, (canceled)	3,247
SAME—C. C. Palmer, Dec. 20, 1894, (canceled)	162
SAME—D. S. Voorhees, Dec. 20, 1894, (canceled)	195
CHESTERMAN, George—E. S. Clark, Jan. 15, 1903	1,919
HENDRICKSON, Stephen W.—H. E. Losee, Dec. 20, 1892	384
BROUWER, Geo. H.—H. E. Losee, Dec. 20, 1892	384
LEMMOLE, Michael—M. Eckhoff, Oct. 22, 1898	71
LANG, Adolph—The Birmingham Co., Oct. 16, 1903, (canceled)	246
McGOWN, Geo. W.—The Long Island Loan and Trust Co., Feb. 9, 1895, (canceled)	3,247
SAME—C. C. Palmer, Dec. 20, 1894, (canceled)	162
SAME—D. S. Voorhees, Dec. 20, 1894, (canceled)	195
SAME—M. L. Ernst et al., Dec. 20, 1894	862

HARPER'S BOOK NEWS.

The Gambler

From the "Cleveland Leader."

GLORY BE, she has done it again!

Who?

Katherine Cecil Thurston, author of that fascinating story, *The Masquerader.*

In Heaven's name, what has she done?

She has written THE novel of the year again.

What is it called?

The Gambler.

And why do you grow thus hysterical over it?

Because of its pull on the sympathies. When a woman in a book comes out of its pages and grips you like one in real lite; when you get all a-tremble for fear she may do this thing and groan and moan because she does do that; when, in a word, she seems so real that your interest is personal and you worry over her, then there is every reason to exult.—*Cleveland Leader.*

"Bound to be the literary sensation of the hour."—*N. Y. Sun.*

"It deserves a wider and more enthusiastic circle of readers than *The Masquerader.* The reader is led from situation to situation with an unflagging eagerness to know 'what next?'"—*N. Y. Times.*

A History of Our Own Times

In these new volumes (IV. and V.) Justin McCarthy carries his admirable history to completion, from Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee to the accession of Edward VII. This is one of the very few histories that deserve a place also as literature. The author, widely known as a historian and scholar, is especially happy in his portraiture of the various statesmen, reformers, authors and scientists whose lives figure prominently in the times of which he writes.

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The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY, Times Square, New York City.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, OCT. 31, 1905.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

OFFICES—NEW YORK:
Publication.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Harlem.....120 West 125th Street
Wall Street.....30 Broad Street
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....160 Queen Victoria Street, E. C.

ONE CENT in Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.
FIVE CENTS Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY, per Week	$0.12
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	0.17
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY, per Year	6.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
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SIXTEEN PAGES.

"LIBERTY TO ALL THE LAND."

The "effacement" of the autocracy, "inviolability of person, freedom of conscience, speech, union, and association," no law to be enforced "without the approval of the State Douma," (House of Commons,) "real participation in the acts of the authorities appointed by" the Czar to be lodged with "the elected of the people"—these are the essential elements of the Constitution which "NICHOLAS the Second, by the Grace of GOD Emperor and Autocrat of All the Russias," has proclaimed. And this amazing proclamation he makes avowedly to save "the integrity and unity of our [his] empire," practically at the dictation of Count WITTE, as the indispensable condition on which the Count would take charge of the Government, and therefore as the sole means of restoring peace and order and the safe and regular course of daily existence for the millions of the Russian people.

On the face of it, the revolution is unprecedented. Never before has it been in the power of one man, the loyal subject of an absolute monarch, to demand such changes; never before has there been found a statesman ready to bring about at one stroke such tremendous changes. And, to the infinite credit of the Czar be it said, never before has a ruler with his prerogatives, with a past such as his, with such a training in absolutism, been willing to lend his authority, even under compulsion, to such changes. For it is plain that in principle here is the substantial surrender of autocracy. For the sovereign and undisputed, uncontrolled will of one man is substituted the authority of the "elected of the people." And the elected of the people are to be chosen "so far as the limited time before the convocation of the Douma will permit," from "those classes of the population now completely deprived of electoral rights," while "the ultimate development of the electoral right in general" is to be left to "the newly established legislative order of things."

It does not lessen the real significance of this marvelous revolution that it will be physically and morally impossible fully to realize it in practice. The qualifying phrases occurring in the manifesto, and apparently inserted in it as an afterthought, are indications of the influences that will at once and persistently be brought to bear to prevent the application of the principles announced and to trouble Count WITTE and his associates in the administration of the new order of things. Nor can we possibly ignore the obvious fact that there is only a very small proportion of the Russian people who can know how to use the liberty won by them. From the very initiation of attempts at self-government there will be deception, intrigue, corruption, appeals to prejudice and selfish interests, and all the devices of a rotten Court applied to confuse and wreck the Government of the people. The most advanced republican nation in the world has experienced and at this moment is in a thousand ways experiencing the difficulties and defects of popular rule, which will be the greater and more troublesome in the ratio of the ignorance and backwardness of the people themselves. But back of all this lies the supreme fact that the most powerful, the most completely autocratic ruler of the modern world finds safety only in surrendering the autocratic principle and passing to his people the burden he cannot longer carry. It is a proclamation of the most solemn and, at the same time, of the most practical and concrete nature, that, difficult and risky as is popular representative government, it is the only one now possible, and must be better than the despotism that has failed.

That, from the start, has been the only reasonable answer to the critics of free government. Only in the earliest days, when popular rule was of necessity but a dream, did the dreamers imagine that it could be perfect. The moment it was put in practice on any considerable scale it suffered from the weaknesses and the vices of human nature, and from these in greater or less degree it must always suffer. But it remains proved, and the proof strengthens with the progress of time, that in popular government is on the whole the greatest safety and hope. And it is the lesson of history for at least two centuries that once popular government is set up in any substantial form, it grows steadily in force and ultimately in stability, so that in this sense there can be no turning back. So, we are convinced, will it prove, whatever troubles may arise, in the vast Empire of Russia.

THE ELECTION OF A MAYOR.

It is time for the property owners, the business men, and serious-minded voters to take thought concerning the political transaction in which they are at present engaged. On Tuesday next something over 600,000 voters will go to the polls and deposit the ballots indicating their choice for Mayor. It is a choice to be made between three candidates—Mr. MCCLELLAN, the regular Democratic nominee and present incumbent of the office; Mr. IVINS, the candidate of the Republican Party, and Mr. HEARST, candidate of the new organization calling itself the Municipal Ownership League. Which of these three candidates do the voters whose property interests, whose annual contribution to the tax fund, whose opportunity to earn an honest living through the gains of trade or by regular and well-paid labor is affected or influenced by the character of the municipal administration, believe would be the best Mayor of New York? That is a question to be answered next Tuesday, and it is a question which every voter should consider seriously and try to answer with intelligence.

Mayor MCCLELLAN we all know. The city has made a trial of his capacity. His fitness has been demonstrated. Everybody knows that he has made organization appointments which have been justly criticised. But his faithfulness to the public trust reposed in him, his energy in carrying out municipal undertakings, his insistence upon the performance of duty by those about him, and his independence of spirit and action have been recognized and are appreciated by those who have taken the trouble to gain their knowledge of him by accurate observation, not by hearsay and the parrot-like repetition of old slurs. Mr. MCCLELLAN has been a good Mayor, and every candid man knows it. He would be a better Mayor in his second term than he has been in his first—of that THE TIMES has no doubt. Mr. MCCLELLAN is not a demagogue, he is not an agitator, he will not as Mayor initiate new, dangerous, and revolutionary policies. Every taxpayer and property owner, every man who carries on a business or practices a profession in New York will know from day to day, from week to week, and from month to month just where Mayor MCCLELLAN stands upon the established principles that underlie human society in this Republic.

Mr. IVINS is altogether unique. Through his intimate and accurate knowledge of the machinery of the City Government he is doubtless the best-equipped man in New York for the office of Mayor. He is also about the most independent man in the city. No boss would have the hardihood to approach him, and should he be elected grafters of all sorts would have a very unhappy four years before them. But Mr. IVINS cannot be elected, his party does not intend to elect him, it has not treated him seriously as a candidate. He is making his canvass alone. It is the shameful fact that his organization is giving him no help. Therefore, while his election would be a cause of rejoicing, in the circumstances the vote cast for him is wasted.

Finally, there is Mr. HEARST. It is exceedingly difficult to speak temperately of his canvass. The very audacity of the man in putting himself forward as an aspirant for the chief place in the Government of the chief city of the United States is startling, and the fact, for it is now a fact admitted by everybody, that he is to have a large vote is simply shocking. The incapacity of Mr. HEARST for administering the affairs of this municipality is well understood by those who know much of him; the trouble is that there is a vast multitude of voters who know nothing of him or of any candidate. He has attracted to himself all the strange and uncouth part of the electorate, whose principles are past understanding and who are beyond the reach of appeal and of reason. Anarchists and Socialists and violent ranters against the existing order naturally flock to his standard. But beyond that it seems that a very considerable part of the wage-earning class has yielded to the strange delusion that Mr. HEARST is a fit man to be a Mayor of New York. Discontent has taken him for its candidate, and discontent it appears includes not merely those who are discontented with their lot—at a time when all labor is employed at high wages it would seem that there would not be much discontent of that class—but those who are disgusted with the insurance exposure, who have become convinced that Mr. LAWSON is an apostle of financial purity, who have become imbued with the spirit of sullen hostility to all wealth.

During the past four years wealth and property and their rights and interests have been under a pretty steady fire, and some of the guns have thundered forth from high and conspicuous emplacements. Many men of great fortunes, and those who are seeking great fortunes, have, it must be acknowledged, done what they could to swell the tide of popular dislike of great accumulations, insomuch that thousands of fairly intelligent citizens of this community doubtless believe that all fortunes have been brought together by processes allied to "graft." Mr. HEARST profits by the existence of this feeling. Without taking the trouble to inquire how his own fortune was amassed—indeed, without taking the trouble to make any inquiry at all about their candidate—men who have become hostile to or envious of every person in good circumstances are wearing the "Hearst button." This may mean much or little. For ourselves we have too much confidence in the native good sense of an American electorate to credit the wild stories about Mr. HEARST's great vote. But he is going to have a great many votes—far too many for the good of the city.

It therefore behooves every man who has any stake in the continuance of good administration and in guarantees of public security to do all that it is in his power to do this week to swell the vote of GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN for Mayor. The good name of the city, the pride of self-respecting New Yorkers, and the wish to avoid an example of hideous electoral folly should prompt the supporters of Mayor MCCLELLAN to labor diligently in his behalf during the few remaining days of the canvass. This is the time for respectable and self-respecting men to show that they have some sense of public duty, some willingness to make contributions of time and labor for the city's welfare. Conservatism is on trial.

PURIFYING THE SUFFRAGE.

Mr. Low and his companions in the association to prevent corrupt practices at elections have gone about their work in an intelligent manner by asking the candidates for the Legislature for information as well as for expressions of opinion. They have sent out four questions, relating first to the propriety of forbidding campaign contributions by corporations; second, as to detailed publication of accounts by candidates and committees; third, as to court procedure relative to contributions, and finally as to limitation of expenditures and defining those that are legitimate. After replies to these questions have been received and studied, a bill will be drawn up to be submitted to the Legislature in January, and it is understood that D CADY HERRICK will be Chairman of the committee for this purpose. No better man could be secured, and he will have able associates. The movement is heartily supported, not only in this city, but in other parts of the State, by such men as Mr. MARCUS T. HUN of Albany, Mr. ANDREW D. WHITE of Ithaca, Dr. SCHURMAN of Cornell, and Mr. ANSLEY WILCOX of Buffalo.

The time is certainly ripe for successful effort in the direction of purifying the suffrage and raising the standard of political life generally. So sound is the real sentiment of the people that the best means of accomplishing this end is the most thorough and detailed publicity. If this can be secured, the penalties provided by law are of minor consequence. The people will find an adequate remedy for themselves.

ADMIRAL TRAIN'S MISFORTUNE.

There is no occasion for any American to become excited over the misadventure of Admiral TRAIN. It by no means rises to the dignity of an "international incident." It does not even appear, though it is doubtless true, that the Chinese mob was actuated by "anti-foreign" feeling. An American automobilist might be similarly mobbed in a New England village, if he had run over one of the villagers, and the other villagers could catch him, though in such a case there would obviously be no international element.

Of course the slight injury to the Chinese woman, which we may be sure nobody regrets more than the Admiral himself, with the possible exception of the woman, was a pure accident. But at the same time we may regret that an Admiral of the United States Navy should go shooting when it appears that he cannot tell the difference between a Chinese woman and a Chinese pheasant. The confusion is not creditable to our boasted naval marksmanship.

When the Admiral has "squared" the woman by paying her doctor's bills, and the local Mandarin has apologized to the Admiral, the incident will without doubt be closed. But we can tell the Chinese Government that it is very lucky for them that it was an American and not a German Admiral that took the notion to go ostensibly Chinese pheasant, but really Chinese peasant shooting. Everybody remembers the extravagant amount of "water," including, in fact, the whole Shan-Tung Peninsula, that Germany put into the capitalization of two mere German missionaries. What would Germany have demanded if an actual German Admiral had been rolled in the mud? Nothing less than half the Flowery Kingdom would have wiped away that stain on the dignity of a proud empire.

SUNDAY CAMPAIGNING.

It is a very rare, if not a quite unprecedented, thing that a candidate for public office should be invited to pursue his campaign on Sunday, and in a church, in the City of New York. And yet, in the case of Mr. JEROME, nobody finds any incompatibility. The pastor of a church invites Mr. JEROME to occupy his pulpit of a Sunday. Mr. JEROME accepts the invitation. Nobody perceives any incongruity in the matter. It is received on all hands as an arrangement equally creditable to both parties. The fact is auspicious for Mr. JEROME and ominous for the machines which are his opponents. He took advantage of the occasion in an admirable manner and in perfect taste, dismissing for this occasion the quips and the personalities which enliven his week-day discourses in secular places, and making a plain and impressive statement of the principle involved.

It is on account of that principle that his canvass is so exceptional that it can be carried on in church without exciting any sense of incongruity. For the canvass is a concrete illustration of the idea of civic righteousness which every, even the most conservative, preacher feels himself at liberty to commend in the abstract. It is an appeal to the moral sense of the community as well as an appeal to that sense of political independence which has the force of a religious sentiment to many Americans who are by no means in complete sympathy with the religious organizations. Such an appeal to the moral sense of the community, if it be well taken and plainly put, has never yet failed to succeed. We are confident that it will not fail this time.

CITY OWNERSHIP EXAMPLE.

Considering the prominence of municipal ownership in this campaign, it is a pity—or a delight, according to the point of view—that the experiment New York is making with its municipal ferry does not start more auspiciously. Before the boats began running many old and efficient employés were discharged. Then the operation when begun left nearly everything to be desired. And Sunday there was a strike, or rather would have been a strike, if the demands had not been granted, to avoid tying up the entire service. However, it is promised that all will be well, next week, after election, in fact. We hope so, but as matters stand remark that things are not altered by altering their names. The Staten Islanders wanted and want better communications, not another name for their ferry.

Municipal ownership is not a conjurer's wand.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Sermon on the Equitable.

It is the greatest of pities that Dr. STIMSON did not, if he could, tell in greater detail the story about a conference between high insurance officials which formed such a remarkable part of his sermon on Sunday. And apparently he could have done it if he would, for had he learned the facts in circumstances which imposed any obligation of secrecy, of course he could not have revealed even as much as he did in regard to a scene which, if his informant described it accurately, deserves a very prominent place in the insurance history of the day. According to Dr. STIMSON, President ALEXANDER made his now famous attack on Mr. HYDE only after he had failed to secure the approval and assistance of those whom he invited to the conference in the execution of a plan vastly greater than that of transferring the control of the Equitable from one faction among its officers to another. What he wanted, we are asked to believe, was a moral reform in the methods and management of insurance companies in general—a reform of such a nature that the officers would no longer have to steer their great ships with compasses deflected by a huge mass of gold, exactly as real compasses are deflected by masses of iron. The financiers present, Dr. STIMSON said, were content with things as they were, and warned Mr. ALEXANDER that he was inviting personal ruin—which warning he scorned and proceeded to light the fuse which has since caused such a long series of reverberating and shattering explosions. This thrilling narrative, unfortunately, fits in considerably better with the first interpretations of the Alexander-Hyde controversy than with those which have since been forced into public acceptance by the revelations of the legislative inquiry. Now, as a matter of lamentable fact, it cannot be fitted in at all without more severe straining than any really good and interesting story ought to be subjected to, and one's interest somehow wanders from the tale itself to the identity of the man who told it to Dr. STIMSON. We all would like to know who he was—would like to know the names of those who were present at that strange conference, the speeches they made while it was in progress, and most especially how, if interviewed to-day, their versions would differ from that which reached the pastor of the Manhattan Congregational Church, and was by him transmitted to his flock. To be quite frank, the story had certain peculiarities of the "well found"—but not too well found—as distinguished from the "true," and the fear will arise that Dr. STIMSON was bewrayed by an artistic appreciation of the beautiful. For the anecdote certainly is beautiful.

Home News from Abroad.

A wise Britisher develops in The London Globe the pretty theory that the language talked by the inhabitants of the United States is not, as commonly and uncharitably supposed by Britishers less well informed, a perversion or corruption of English, but a new and separate language, standing by itself and worthy of study and judgment as such, like any other. And for the support of his pretty theory he has found and used a very pretty illustration of real Americanese. "When, for instance," he says, "we overhear such a conversation as 'Say, Mister, can you dahnce?' 'I can't now, but I useter could,' we are apt to wince unless we realize that we are listening to a foreign language." Here, now, is a man who knows us. Perhaps he wasn't in this country more than a few weeks—possibly he has never been here at all, and yet how well, how accurately he has put his finger on a characteristic locution! Never a one of us, now that the matter has been brought to our attention, can deny the constant employment of "useter could" or fail to recall that all his friends do it, too. Doubtless there are many more phrases of the same kind, and the wonder is that we did not long ago notice that there are enough of them to disprove the existence of anything more than a remote relation between English and the American tongue. We shall not ourselves hereafter say that we "useter could" do this or that without a clear knowledge that we are talking a language of our very own—which we useter hadn't. Thus are we again deeply indebted to The London Globe for that most valuable of possessions, self-realization. That paper is intensely interested in things American, and what it doesn't know about them it will soon learn. And then we will be all right, for a fact.

Messages That Go Too Far.

Evidently the people engaged in the transmission and receiving of "wireless" messages have not yet learned to regard them as possessing any such rights as an ordinary telegram has, for they do not all yet recognise that each of the queer things is somebody's private property, though they are all well aware of the fact that a round price is paid for the sending of each. A certain Miss MAMIE FISHER, for instance, while on a steamer that has just rounded the end of Florida, confidingly intrusts to the atmosphere the news that she will reach Galveston the following morning. She intends it only for "her folks," but some scientific army officers up in Leavenworth, Kan., find the news of Miss MAMIE's expectation ticking out of their receivers, and immediately they proceed to demonstrate the wonder of the new system by telling the reporters all about it. Then the message gets into the papers all over the country, as an interesting detail of the efforts to keep in constant communication with the seafaring President! But perhaps Miss MAMIE doesn't like to serve as an illustration of what can be done by the wireless people—perhaps when she sends a dispatch to her friends at home she prefers that they alone should get it and they alone give it such distribution as in their judgment it needs. But there—of course there will be an end of all this as soon as the new system gets more familiar. Meanwhile, with experimenters in scores of places fishing in the air for any words they can catch, one can conceive that while Miss MAMIE will only be gently annoyed, other people may—have reason for excitement if their more important messages are to be captured and divulged in this free-hearted manner.

The Wooden Pavement.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thirty years ago when the Nicholson wooden pavement appeared in Brooklyn, C. Crozat Converse, the attorney, then residing there, on being offered the Secretaryship of a pavement company for the introduction of the Nicholson pavement to our city authorities, refused it, pronouncing the pavement defective, because it did not afford a foothold for horses. He then invented and patented a wooden pavement, the essential feature of his device being an intermediate strip of wood between every two rows of blocks, the abrasion of this strip ever affording this foothold, and the early laying of his pavement in Chicago, beginning with the space between the rails of the street railways there, established its efficiency.

As his patent died about fifteen years ago, after yielding him thousands of dollars in royalty, THE TIMES should commend his invention to present city powers, who find that the wooden pavement as laid in Cortlandt, Liberty, and other city streets affords no foothold.

New York, Oct. 30, 1905. PUBLICUS.

McClellan Republicans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Saturday evening I was looking at the "yellow peril" poster depicting Hearst getting away from the bomb, when a gentleman who was also looking at it remarked: "I am a Republican, but I am going to vote for Mr. McClellan, and I know a good many Republicans who are going to do the same thing, for we are afraid that Hearst may slip in between the other two candidates." This is a nice thing for Republicans to do. They have for a good many years back tried to "slip in a candidate between the other two"; vide Roosevelt, Erhardt, Einstein, and others. Looks like a case of biter bitten. C. W. H.

New York, Oct. 29, 1905.

Would Petition Osborne to Withdraw.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a possible means toward the accomplishment of an end devoutly to be desired in this political campaign, I suggest for your consideration and that of the leaders who are seeking the retention in office of William Travers Jerome the idea of holding a public mass meeting, at which prominent citizens, independent of all affiliations, shall speak, and the signing of a monster petition asking Mr. James W. Osborne to withdraw his candidacy for the office of District Attorney in favor of Mr. Jerome. PUBLICIST.

New York, Oct. 29, 1905.

Will McClellan Vote for Jerome?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am very much inclined to vote for the retention of Mayor McClellan, but I cannot do so unless I know what candidate he will support for District Attorney. If he is for "Jim" Osborne, that's too much for me.

But is McClellan going to vote for Jerome? It will make a difference of 15,000 in his own vote if he says yes. GEORGE W. BLUNT.

New York, Oct. 28, 1905.

A Suggestion.

From The Boston Transcript.

If Bernard Shaw wants a ready made character for a new play he could not do better than adopt Mr. Anthony Comstock. The attitude Mr. Comstock has taken toward the latest Shaw play must make the playwright itch to do something with him or to him. And yet, as he turns the whole matter over in his mind, he may reflect that Comstock does help to advertise a thing and make it "good" from the box office point of view. He might then, after this reflection, decide to make him a passionate press agent and build a play around him; it would be easy for him to set the public to asking, after seeing the play, whether Shaw really and truly thought the press agent a desirable member of society or only a necessary evil.

The Football of Fate.

From The Washington Star.

"You are always having more or less trouble, aren't you?" said the sympathetic friend.

"You are mistaken," answered the Czar with hauteur. "We never have less."

The Penalty.

From The Galveston Daily News.

Senator Platt of New York has reached the age at which, if he talks, he is charged with the garrulity of old age, and if he is silent he is said to have lost his mind.

Sunday Eggs.

From The St. Louis Republic.

The good women of the Bethel Presbytery of Harrodsburg, Ky., are going to give all the Sunday eggs laid by sacrilegious hens to the cause of foreign missions. Disputants interested in the tainted-money theory, please take notice.

MODERN PERILS OF THE DEEP.

"We are lost!" the Captain shouted
As he took the elevator,
For a storm had swept the vessel
All the way to the Equator.

"Now the telephone is busted,
And the steam heat's swept away,
While the patent pianola
Only funeral hymns will play.

"Swimming tank is leaking badly,
And the ice plant's put to soak—
Cannot get our Wall Street prices,
For the wireless mast is broke.

"Manicure and masseur missing—
Open plumbing can't be found.
Printing presses all are broken,
And the incubator's drowned!

"Ship is just as good as ever,
Engines sound and working well—
But we're shy on several features
That become a good hotel.

"So we're lost," the Captain shouted.
"It's a cinch we've got to drown."
Elevator boy then murmured
Opportunely, "Going down!"

A. E. THOMAS.

OPEN THE CAMPAIGN BOOKS!

Let Each and Every Party Tell Where the Money Comes From.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with great interest the communication in to-day's issue signed "Ignoramus." I think it strikes the right key. Graft is the issue. Open the campaign books should be the immediate and universal demand on all parties.

A VOTER.

New York, Oct. 30, 1905.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Ignoramus" strikes it right. Don't let go on them—Republican, Democratic, Municipal, or Socialist. Answer the question, Where did you get it? Open the books. HUGO PICK.

New York, Oct. 30, 1905.

Socialist Books Are Open.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The books of the Socialist Party do not have to be opened, because they never have been closed. From the very beginning of our movement it has been the uniform practice of the Socialist Party to publish, through the party press, full and detailed reports of all receipts for its campaign and other regular and special funds. Also twice a year we publish a full report showing how these funds have been expended.

During the present campaign the Socialist Party of this city has published its campaign fund report weekly in The Worker and The Volkszeitung, its English and German organs. I would gladly furnish you with copies for republication should desire it. But I am sure you would not find space for it. Although the total amount is less than $4,000, the lists would probably fill half a page in your smallest type, for the reason that nearly the whole amount has come in small sums—nickels, dimes, quarters, some dollars, a few fives, still fewer tens—mostly collected in shops and workingmen's meeting places, with a few donations from trade unions and other workingmen's societies. It would be safe to say that this $4,000 represents the contributions of at least 10,000 individuals. ALGERNON LEE.

New York, Oct. 30, 1905.

ACT NOW, SAYS BELMONT.

Wants Immediate Action with Regard to Corrupt Practices.

Perry Belmont, who drew up the Corrupt Practices bill which was before the Legislature at the session of last Winter, said yesterday that he considered that the movement headed by ex-Mayor Low for such legislation next Winter was entitled to hearty support. He offered a few suggestions, the most pertinent of which was that the present campaign be included in the scope of the proposed reform. Mr. Belmont said:

"Any organization headed by ex-Mayor Low is entitled to respectful consideration. I have written to the three candidates for Mayor, and their responses warrant the belief that they will favor the proposed legislation.

"It appears to be the intention of the gentlemen forming this organization to wait until the meeting of the Albany Legislature and have their bill ready by the 1st of January. It may be pointed out, however, that there is a most fruitful field for immediate action during the present campaign in this city. All the contending parties and organizations in the pending municipal campaign are receiving and expending very large sums, the source of which is unknown and the disposition of which is unaccounted for. These amounts may not be as large as are disbursed during Presidential campaigns, but they are undoubtedly excessive, and it would throw a very practical light upon the necessity of the proposed legislation to obtain as a result of pledges exacted during the pendency of the present campaign a detailed statement of the campaign receipts and expenditures of the municipal candidates and their responsible committees.

"I know of a certain candidate in this election who has received many contributions, some of them under the pledge of secrecy. Undoubtedly the individual, in the absence of any law requiring publicity, may be considered as having a certain right to ask that his contribution be kept secret, but the very absence of a legal requirement for publicity in contributions and expenditures by political committees has brought about the present absurd condition and furnishes the basis for false views upon the subject.

"Those who find no merit in the publicity laws adopted in other States and especially those of Massachusetts and of Missouri, which are operative and effectual, claim that the individual has an inherent right of secrecy in regard to his contribution to his party or political organization, and that it is no one's business how campaign funds are either contributed or expended. This view disregards the fact that political organizations are recognized by law and are subject to the regulation of law.

"In the State of New York political managers while held to rigid accountability by law in many essential respects, yet in the important matter of the receipt and expenditure of money are subjected to no supervision whatever.

"Candidates under the law of New York have already an accountability to the public. The law requires publicity in regard to the amount of their expenditures, but the source and purpose of such expenditure should also be, as in other States, subject to the same publicity."

TO COST $1,000 A VOLUME.

Suit Discloses Plan to Publish Costly Reproductions of Paintings.

In a suit brought yesterday in the Supreme Court by Charles Le Barbier, as attorney for William A. Cooper, the fact developed that certain persons had arranged to publish photogravures of various paintings now in the galleries of New York's art collectors. There were to have been fifteen volumes, to be sold at $1,000 a volume.

Cooper asked the court for a permanent injunction restraining William G. Gray and Maud Hegger from disposing of certain photographs or carbon copies of paintings made under the terms of a contract which Cooper had entered into with Merrill & Baker, the publishers.

Cooper asserts that he made a contract with Merrill & Baker to make photographic negatives of pictures which were to be reproduced in a work to be edited by John La Farge. Among the paintings so photographed, he declares, were paintings in the art galleries of George Vanderbilt, T. M. Davis of Newport, Perry Belmont, George Gould, A. A. Pope, the late John Hay, Senator Lodge, Sir William Van Horne, Mrs. Jack Gardner, P. A. B. Widener, and the late William L. Elkins. The plaintiff adds that he employed Gray to make carbon prints from the negatives and that "Gray did appropriate to his own use carbon prints on glass."

Cooper also charges that Gray sold many carbon prints of Millet's "The Sower," a picture valued at $25,000, to the defendants, who did business under the name of "Hegger," at 288 Fifth Avenue, and to Fischel, Adler & Schwartz of 313 Fifth Avenue.

They, with the other persons named, were ordered by Justice McCall to show cause why a permanent injunction should not issue Thursday morning. In the meantime the court granted a temporary injunction.

An Illustration.

From The Chicago Record-Herald.

"Pa, what's the difference between poetry and verse?"

"It's about the same as the difference between a gentleman and a gent."

A COLOR CONFLAGRATION.

Like an ancient Nero
Nature's fires are spread,
And the north wind fiddles
While the woods burn red.

McLANDBURGH WILSON.

CABINET PUT ON RACK BY KEEP COMMITTEE

Astounded at Questions Asked by Subordinate Inquisitors.

PRESIDENT DICTATED SOME

One Member Admits He Was Flustered—A Few of the Queries That Jarred Him.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Members of the Cabinet have something besides the President's recent muzzling order to worry them now. The Keep Committee has started in to call the members of the Cabinet to the stand and put them through the third degree on departmental administration. By arrangement, no member of the Cabinet knows long beforehand just when he will be called.

The members of the Keep Committee are all subordinates of the various Cabinet members whom they examine, and it is said that the questions they put would sound impertinent, if not insubordinate, were it not for a tacit understanding that some of them, and enough to leaven the whole series, were dictated by the President.

It is certain that those members of the Cabinet who have thus far appeared before the committee have expressed surprise at the character of the questions put to them by the young men who constitute the Keep Committee. If the thing were a joke they would relish it, but the whole transaction is in dead earnest. Not a single committeeman has been known to crack a smile during any of the hearings when their official chiefs were being interrogated.

A member of the Cabinet said to-day that he was astonished at the kind of questions put to him. Here are some of them:

How old are you? Are your Bureau and Division Chiefs older or younger than you are? How do you communicate with your subordinates? How often do you see them? Do you hold conferences with two or more of your subordinates? Do you hold such conferences often? Do you hold them regularly? Do you have anything like a Cabinet meeting junior in your department?

Do you find women make good clerks? Ought women to be advanced to the position of Bureau Chief or Division Chief?

In signing up your mail each day how many letters are purely red tape? What portion could be dispensed with for the improvement of the service?

Is there any particular ceremony or regulation or order about your Bureau Chiefs getting access to you on public business?

Do your subordinates keep you fully informed as to all details of public business in their control? Can they conceal from you facts that you ought to know? Is there any part of the department over which you preside whose business you do not understand? Would it be an advantage to the country and to public business if your department were cut in two and another department created?

"I could not begin," said the member of the Cabinet who had these questions put to him, "to tell you how I answered. I confess that I hardly remember how I got through my examination. I don't know yet whether I passed or not, or what my marks were."

The Secretary of the Interior in a recent letter to the President said he was convinced that defects existed in the organization and business methods of a number of the bureaus connected with his department, and suggested himself that the matter be referred to the Keep Commission for investigation.

The President has requested the commission to enter upon the investigation at its earliest convenience, and that special attention be given to the methods of business employed in the general and local land offices, the offices of Surveyors General, the Reclamation Service, and the Indian Service.

FAVOR GOOD ROADS PLAN.

Farmers and Automobilists Hope $50,000,000 Amendment Will Be Adopted.

One of the most important Constitutional amendments to be voted upon at the coming election is that which provides for the bonding of the State to the extent of $50,000,000 for good roads. The proposed amendment is generally regarded as a sop to the agricultural element of the State to allay their resentment over the adoption of the amendment which provided for the issuance of bonds to the extent of $101,000,000 to improve the canals. It is very much desired by up-State Republican leaders.

The farmers, as a rule, favor the good roads proposition, but they are not a unit as to the manner in which the money appropriated for good roads should be expended. In the session of 1905 there were repeated attacks on the Higbie-Armstrong Good Roads act, and attempts were made to repeal it. The opponents of the law, although favoring good roads, did not believe that the law gave everybody a square deal. They said that the contractors got too much and the taxpayers too little.

Automobilists are strongly in favor of the good roads bonding proposition. They have been among the active agitators for road improvement for the last two years. The farmers expect to get considerable support for the amendment in the cities through the influence of automobile manufacturers and owners.

NEW FIRE INSURANCE PLAN.

The Real Estate Owners' Company to Classify Its Risks.

The Real Estate Owners' Fire Insurance Company of New York was incorporated on Oct. 25, and held the first meeting of its Board of Directors yesterday. These officers were elected: H. A. C. Anderson, President; P. B. Armstrong, Vice President; William C. Pratt, Secretary.

The business will be conducted on a profit-sharing basis, whereby the real estate owners will receive 75 per cent. of the underwriting profit, and the remainder of the profit, together with all interest received from invested funds, will be paid to the stockholders. The company will confine itself to two classes of risks, designated as "A" and "B," in which neither the loss nor the expense of one class is chargeable to the other. Class "A" will be confined exclusively to brick, stone, and iron buildings, occupied for non-hazardous purposes. Class "B" will be confined to properties protected with automatic sprinklers, which will include both buildings and contents.

POSTER ORDINANCE A LAW.

Mayor McClellan Approves the "Public Morality" Measure.

Mayor McClellan approved yesterday the "public morality" ordinance which seeks to regulate bill posting. It says:

No person shall post any placard, poster, bill, or picture of any show, exhibition, theatrical or other performance, in or on any building * * * or upon any public place in the City of New York which shall be of lewd, indecent, immoral, immodest, vulgar, or suggestive character, calculated to debauch the public or shock the sense of decency or propriety.

The penalty for violation of the ordinance is fixed at "not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars fine or by imprisonment in the city prison or both, such imprisonment not to exceed ten days."

The ordinance does not say by whom the objectionable advertisements shall be judged, so it will be another duty added to the regular work of the police.

PUT ON RACK EEP COMMITTEE

at Questions Asked by inate Inquisitors.

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Admits He Was Flus- Few of the Queries at Jarred Him.

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INSURANCE PLAN.

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e Owners' Fire Insurance w York was incorporated held the first meeting of rectors yesterday. These ted: H. A. C. Anderson, Armstrong, Vice Presi- Pratt, Secretary.

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SHAW'S PLAY UNFIT; THE CRITICS UNANIMOUS

Police Called to Handle Crush at "Mrs. Warren's Profession."

McADOO SAT IN A BOX

Thinks Shaw Wise in Putting Play in Unpleasant List—Comstock May Get Warrants To-day.

Crowds began struggling to get into the Garrick Theatre as early as 6:30 o'clock last evening to see the first performance in this city of George Bernard Shaw's play, "Mrs. Warren's Profession," by the Arnold Daly Company. When the curtain went up there was not a vacant seat in the house, and as many as the management would allow to do so stood back of the rail. Between 2,000 and 3,000 persons had been turned away at the door. Extra police were ordered out to handle the crowd.

It was an audience that had paid for its seats, and many of the typical first-nighters were absent. Knowing that the demand would be great, the speculators got to work early. As much as $30 each was paid for orchestra seats and $5 was the prevailing price for the top gallery. The tickets were eagerly snapped up at these prices.

Dense crowds thronged Thirty-fifth Street between Fifth and Sixth Avenues from 6:30 to 8:30 o'clock, and when those who had tickets began to file in, it was almost impossible for a carriage to force its way to the curb in front of the building. There were as many women as men in the throng. Several policemen were on duty in the lobby and street, but they were powerless to keep the crowds moving.

A slim young man stood in the street and bawled out at intervals: "I have the only unsold ticket for this show in New York, ladies and gentlemen, but I won't have it long."

"How much?" yelled a dozen voices at each announcement.

"Only fifteen dollars?" replied the young man.

He did not seem to have any competitors, and after a time his voice was silenced. He probably got the fifteen. Three policemen in the lobby took turns in declaring to the crowds:

"There ain't no tickets; there ain't no seats on sale; there ain't no admission nor no standin' room on'y."

When the policemen got tired, the man in the box office stopped counting money long enough to emphasize their remarks. He counted money with exasperating coolness, and wrapped up dozens of parcels of it with red strips of paper, on which were printed the inscription, "$100."

McAdoo Saw the Play.

One feature of the audience was the presence of a number of young girls. This fact was commented upon by Police Commissioner McAdoo as he stood watching the theatre squad take care of the crowd that poured out of the house and got into the waiting carriages that stood for a block in each direction in Thirty-fifth Street.

Mr. McAdoo saw the play from start to finish. He occupied one of the upper boxes on the right-hand side of the house. Inspector Brooks was there, too, and so were several of the Headquarters staff. Two of these, at the instance of the Commissioner, went back on the stage after the play was over and Mr. Daly showed them the original prompt book of the play and the cuts he had made in the original business and dialogue.

Anthony Comstock was not in the theatre, but it was said by the management that he had two of his agents there who would make a report to him this morning. It was said that these agents would apply for warrants to-day, and that an effort would be made to have the show stopped to-night. This information came from the management, but how they got it they would not say. It was said for Mr. Daly that he was prepared to meet any of these attacks, and would argue the matter out in court if such a proceeding became necessary.

Many Young Girls There.

Police Commissioner McAdoo refused to say anything when he came down stairs after the third act. When the play was over he said:

"I will not say now what I will do, if anything. It appears to me, however, that this is not the usual first night audience at a New York theatre. Most of these people came in their own carriages, and it looks like an opera first night. I don't think that this is a good test of trying it on the dog. The dog in this instance is rather high bred, and the ordinary run of dog may have different ideas." Then looking around at the throng, Mr. McAdoo said:

"Remarkable, isn't it, what a lot of young girls there were in the house to-night? It was also rather interesting for me to find out that there were Raines law hotels in Budapest, and several other places on the Continent.

"At least Mr. Shaw is frank when he puts this play in his book among his 'plays unpleasant.' Mr. Daly sent for me to come back on the stage, but I sent word that I couldn't see him this evening."

Mr. Daly's Speech.

At the end of the third act, in response to repeated calls, Mr. Daly came before the curtain. He said:

"So much has been said—too much has been said—about 'Mrs. Warren's Profession,' so that I do not intend to go into an ethical discussion as to its fitness or purpose, further than to say that, in my opinion, we as a people are able to face the problems of life when we attain our majority, and willingly cast off illusions and youthful legends to do our day's work. But I also believe that the person who attempts to disillusionize a child, or to take from them their legends—as of Santa Claus and our reverend Washington and his little hatchet—is a brutal and conscienceless destroyer of all that youth owes us. We have many theatres devoted to plays appealing to the romanticist or child. New York has even provided a hippodrome for such. Surely there should be room in New York for at least one theatre devoted to Truth, however disagreeable Truth may appear.

"If public opinion forces this theatre to close and this play to be withdrawn it will be a sad commentary indeed upon twentieth century so-called civilization and our enlightened new country."

It was said at the box office last night that nearly every seat in the house for the week has been sold. Should the play be stopped the money will be refunded.

The Audience Polled.

At the door last night the agents of The New York World gave every one who went in this card:

> In your opinion is "Mrs. Warren's Profession," a play fit to be presented on the American stage?
>
> Erase one { FIT. / UNFIT.
>
> This card will be collected as you leave the theatre.

According to The World's poll, there were 903 persons in the theatre and 576 voted. Of these 304 voted "Fit" and 272 "Unfit."

PLAY STUPID AND VICIOUS.

A Performance About as Elevating as a Post-Mortem.

Sir George Crofts.....Fred Tyler
Mr. Praed.....George Farren
Rev. Samuel Gardner.....John Findlay
Frank Gardner.....Arnold Daly
Mrs. Warren.....Miss Mary Shaw
Miss Vivie Warren.....Miss Chrystal Herne

Arnold Daly has made a serious mistake. "Mrs. Warren's Profession," whatever its merits or demerits as a play for the closet, or as an exposition of the author's views upon a sociological question, has absolutely no place in a theatre before a mixed assemblage such as witnessed it at the Garrick last night. The post-mortem and the clinic undoubtedly have their place as utilities of scientific investigation. But they would lose their value if permitted to become subjects of general and morbid curiosity.

"Mrs. Warren's Profession," as an acted play, bears about the same relation to the drama that the post-mortem bears to the science of which it is a part. Mr. Shaw takes a subject, decayed and reeking, and analyzes it for the edification of those whose unhealthy tastes find satisfaction in morbific suggestion.

As a play to be read by a limited number of persons capable of understanding its significance, of estimating Mr. Shaw and his themes at their full value, and of discounting them through their personal knowledge of him and their general knowledge of the life he seeks to portray, it undoubtedly has a place. But as a play to be acted before a miscellaneous assemblage, it cannot be accepted.

If there had been any doubt upon that subject it was dispelled after seeing the performance last night. "Mrs. Warren's Profession" is not only of vicious tendency in its exposition, but it is also depressingly stupid. And those who would be likely to condone the first fault will find it extremely difficult to forgive the latter. Lines that impressed themselves upon the mind as one read the play, and whole passages that impressed one in the reading as examples of Mr. Shaw's brilliant capacity for argumentation, when delivered by the actors became simply long, dry, tedious shallows of nugatory talk. The fact that the dialogue had been pruned to some extent was hardly apparent in the actual effect of the representation. The whole thesis involving Mr. Shaw's value as a moralist, of "Mrs. Warren's Profession" as a moral treatise, becomes ridiculous in the consideration of it as acted drama.

As it stood revealed last night, it was neither drama nor moral. It failed to qualify as the one primarily by reason that in its writing no attempt has been made to mould it to any sort of form suggestive of a play to be acted, beyond the fact that it is divided into scenes and its dialogue is framed in the familiar manner of the theatrical manuscript. It failed to qualify as the other by reason of the fact, first, that its lesson, if any, is not conveyed in such a way that it is readily received by an audience; second, by reason of the fact that the audience which had assembled to see it was not prepared to recognize or accept any lesson.

In these matters there is always this element of the audience to be taken into consideration, and here it is that Mr. Shaw in his larger way, and Mr. Daly in his lesser one, have failed to take account of the conditions that exist, that up to the present have always existed, and will probably continue to exist. The persons in the Garrick Theatre last night represented an average theatre assemblage. There was so far as could be determined no preponderance of any one class such as might have been expected under the circumstances.

It was, on the other hand, an audience of average intelligence and of average quality. But when it laughed—and the laughs were few enough—one had the uncomfortable feeling that it was a moment that might better justify tears, and when it applauded one knew that the sentiment would have been more properly met with silence or some show of disapprobation.

While we do not admit that Mr. Shaw's works are as inscrutable or triple-plated with meanings as some of his critics would have us believe, and while there is every reason for attributing much credit to his magnificent powers of mentality, and while we feel that tragic seriousness, not willful flippancy, may be the motive for his work, we must exclude Mrs. Warren from it, and we must reject her, as a moral derelict. She is of no use to us as a lesson or a study.

When she becomes a subject for laughter and amusement, as occurred last night, she is something more than worthless—she is vicious. She may serve a purpose when we are free to ponder over her under our own vine and fig tree, without the uncomfortable conviction that others not, perhaps, so earnest as we, are gaining a certain amount of unholy enjoyment from the utter profundity of the horror.

In the acting of the chief rôle there was exactly the overemphasis of its more repugnant features that might have been expected. Mary Shaw, an artist of broad experience and undoubted ability, has been successful in the theatre in direct proportion to her knowledge of theatrical needs. In playing such a rôle as Mrs. Warren she approaches it primarily from the point of view of the actress who knows when and how to get her effects. As a result we find Mrs. Warren depicted from the very outset in the broadest tints.

Miss Shaw lays on her colors too heavily, and the result is that, while giving us a portrait of a person who undoubtedly has existed and unfortunately does exist, she fails to impress us as reproducing the particular type that Mr. Shaw has in mind. Mrs. Warren's exact status would have been at once patent to her daughter and to every one else had she been the sort of person shown to us by Mary Shaw.

Viewed merely as an exhibition of theatrical characterization, however, Miss Shaw's performance justifies a share of appreciative comment. She reflected to an astonishingly offensive, natural degree the abandoned creatures after whom she has evidently modelled her study. If it is not the creature of the text, but it is true to the type it seeks to reproduce, so true in fact that it contributes to the generally revolting picture another and a nauseating quality. But, though it was for the most part highly colorful acting, it was acting of a most uneven character. As an artistic achievement it did not approximate her performance in "Ghosts."

Mr. Daly's fault in the exploitation of "Mrs. Warren," however misguided it may have proved itself to be, can in no wise be laid at the door of personal vanity as regards the hope of distinguishing himself in the rôle of Frank Gardner, for it is a part about which he can have had no beforehand delusions. He is perhaps the more to be pitied—that his aim in producing it was so single. There are only two possible exculpating reasons for the acting presentation of the play—a blind, unreasoning desire to revolutionize the moral state-of-being, or else a wholly unnatural and somewhat disgraceful attempt to win much talented notoriety. Personally we believe Mr. Daly has simply made the error of attaching to this work of Mr. Shaw's an artistically dramatic value which it does not possess.

Of the actors in the cast, Chrystal Herne, though temperamentally opposed to the rôle of Vivie, and generally unable to realise it, had occasional impressive moments, and the others acted as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

CRITICS' VERDICT HOSTILE.

Opinions of the Newspapers, by Which Daly Said He Would Abide.

From The Herald.

"The lid" was lifted by Mr. Arnold Daly and "the limit" of stage indecency reached last night in the Garrick Theatre in the performance of one of George Bernard Shaw's "unpleasant comedies"—called "Mrs. Warren's Profession"—a profession, by the way, which is the occupation of a certain class of female harpies.

"The limit of indecency" may seem pretty strong words, but they are justified by the fact that the play is morally rotten. It makes no difference that some of the lines may have been omitted and others toned down—there was superabundance of foulness left.

The whole story of the play, the atmosphere surrounding it, the incidents, the personalities of the characters are wholly immoral and degenerate. The only way successfully to expurgate "Mrs. Warren's Profession" is to cut the whole play out. You cannot have a clean pigsty. The play is an insult to decency because—

It defends immorality.

It glorifies prostitution.

It besmirches the sacredness of a clergyman's calling.

It pictures children and parents living in calm observance of most unholy relations.

And, worst of all, it countenances the most revolting form of degeneracy by flippantly discussing the marriage of brother and sister, father and daughter, and makes one supposedly moral character of the play, a young girl, declare that choice of shame, instead of poverty, is eminently right. If New York's sense of shame is not aroused to hot indignation at this theatrical insult, it is indeed in a sad plight.

From The Sun.

All New York will now discuss the hitherto unspeakable—race suicide is for the moment back numbered.

The opening act was all but over before people seemed convinced that nothing would happen to make Mr. McAdoo pull the joint. There was none of the languorous enticement of "Sapho," never a touch of the suggestion of "Orange Blossoms." Except from the advertising of mistaken Comstockers, the occasion would probably have been rather a funeral—with no flowers.

At the end of an hour many an aspiring "rubberneck" must have felt that the poverty of those on the sidewalk was more blessed than that of a mendicant friar. And this was not due to the cuts which Mr. Daly has made in the text. Nothing worse was sacrificed than Miss Warren's Scotch and her cigar, while one really objectionable passage, in which her young lover makes eyes at Mrs. Warren and is kissed by her, received all possible prominence.

The play is, in fact, little more than the dramatization of a tract on the social evil.

From The Tribune.

What the verdict should be the performance last night left no doubt. Advertised as the play has been by the most glaring and exciting methods, bearing the ban of two censors—the royal play reader of England and the Mayor of New Haven—decried as indecent by those who knew and (most loudly, perhaps,) by those who did not, the audience which entered the theatre last night was not of the kind properly to appreciate the serious drift of the drama, and before such an audience it should never have been presented. Such will be the audiences of the next week, if the performances go on, and the continuation of "Mrs. Warren's Profession" before them can do no possible good to anybody. It is an affront to decency and a blot on the theatre. Mr. Daly owes it to his profession and the public to remove the drama from the boards.

From The World.

"Mrs. Warren's Profession" from any point of view which it may be judged is a frank, brutal, and wholly nasty justification of prostitution. The question that presents itself, however, is not so much one of good morals as of good taste. Bernard Shaw has portrayed with rarest fidelity and minutest detail a form of social ulcer the existence of which is perfectly well known to all persons. But the theatre is not the place for its exhibition. It belongs to the moral clinics.

From The American.

"Mrs. Warren's Profession" is an intellectual and unnecessary but cold-blooded discussion of a pestilential issue.

It is an effort to set before unthinking men and women, by means of the footlights, the putrefaction of social life. It is illuminated gangrene. It is the suppuration of a plague spot. It is undoubtedly a true picture, but it is the sort of picture that few want to look at, and that many should not be allowed to look at—on the stage.

From The Press.

In sight of one of the most representative audiences New York has seen in many years the "red light" was hung high, and the Drama, that the other week was honored in Westminster Abbey, was dedicated formally to the glorification of the "Scarlet Woman."

Many doubtful points were settled to general satisfaction. No doubt was left that in "Mrs. Warren's Profession" Shaw has written his best play. The plot held every auditor, there was directness in every spoken line. The play was well staged, and on the whole well acted.

SUNSHINE IN "MOONSHINE."

Marie Cahill Pleases Big House in New Musical Play.

The still, small confidential voice that calls Miss Marie Cahill its ample tenement returned to amuse New Yorkers last evening at the Liberty Theatre, where the cacophany that wraps the Rogers Brothers as a cloak gave way before a big house, to an unclassified entertainment that from an unpromising beginning found its way to a rather merry conclusion.

Edwin Milton Royle, author of "The Squaw Man," collaborated in the book with George V. Hobart, than whom is no more industrious manufacturer of words for actor persons to speak and sing up "on top of the stage," while Silvio Hein, a sort of musical Lochinvar, furnished the music.

In "Moonshine," for so the piece is called, the plot survives the incidentals rather better than in most musical plays of the moment, and perhaps it deserves to, since it gives Miss Cahill and her capable and occasionally clever company an opportunity for such diverting nonsense. He who would expound the plot of a musical comedy is first cousin to him who would explain a joke.

Suffice it to say, therefore, that Miss Cahill appears as an ex-Secret Service Agent who utilizes her detective ability to save the reputation of the man she loves. But be not anxious—she does it smilingly, and you smile with her.

It wouldn't be accurate to say that the book of "Moonshine" puts the laurels of Mr. W. S. Gilbert in peril, but, on the other hand, it is rather superior to the goods usually put on the market by the well-known librette factory of H. B. Smith, Glen McDonough, and other wordmakers.

Several of the lyrics are dainty and tuneful, while others were apparently written under the impression that a lyric is anything that can be sung if you try hard enough. On the whole, though, Mr. Hein's music is a creditable effort, a bit above the level of mere jingles. Miss Cahill's singing of "Robinson Crusoe," "Don't Be What You Ain't," "Conjure Man," and "Foolish," was of the sort that only she can do, though, truth to tell, there is no "Nancy Brown" in the piece.

No musical comedienne on our stage furnishes more satisfactory amusement to intelligent people than Miss Cahill, and she was at her best last evening on several occasions. Her description of a suburban in which the principal contestants were thoroughbreds called Jaundice, Bad News, and Rag Time elicited roars of laughter, as also did the doings of George Beban, who insisted on looking like Napoleon Bonaparte.

He earned all the applause he got. As that much-abused stage figure, a juvenile member of the British nobility, Dick Temple managed in some fashion to be attractively debonnaire and graceful. But the best is saved for the last—there is not tenor love song in the piece. In fact, there is considerable sunshine in "Moonshine."

MANTELL AS RICHELIEU.

Mr. Brady's Second Week's Offering at the Garden.

At the Garden Theatre last night William A. Brady presented Robert B. Mantell in another of the rôles made already more or less illustrious by the late Sir Henry Irving. The play was Bulwer Lytton's "Richelieu," and to tell the honest truth Mr. Mantell made no contemptible figure as the Cardinal Duke. There were times when his rendering of the part was excellently effective, and that especially in those droppings into the plain (if sometimes cynical) truth which relieve the large bow-wow style of the main declamation. As these are the only places in the famous piece where the human element shows at all strongly they have frequently on the best lips been the most telling speeches. Much of the bow-wow (for that matter) was well read, and a house of agreeable size and every appearance of intelligence was manifestly not altogether disappointed.

There was plentiful applause—some qquite spontaneous—and Mr. Mantell was called before the curtain and made a little speech quite in Sir Henry Irving's manner and almost in his customary words. The remaining parts were, it must be confessed, rather wooden—with the exception of Joseph the Capuchin, very well played by Giles Shine, and François, the page, rendered with real enthusiasm by Devore Parmer. King Louis (Franklin Bendtsen) was, on the whole, the woodenest. Marie Booth Russell, as Julie de Mortemar, was a handsome figure of woman. Her stature and style of dress rather suggested Mrs. Patrick Campbell. Emily Dodd, as Marion de Lorme, was equally handsome and rather more flexible. The whole performance, after all is said, must be allowed to reflect credit upon Mr. Brady, and may be trusted to provide a very pleasant evening's entertainment.

Royal
Baking Powder

is the greatest of modern-time helps to perfect cooking.

ANDRE MESSAGER'S "VERONIQUE" PLEASES

Its First American Production at the Broadway Last Evening.

MUSIC DELICATE AND FLUENT

Brought to This Country After Two Years in London—A Good Company of English Singers.

Florestan de Vallancourt.....Lawrence Rea
Seraphin.....Aubrey Fitzgerald
M. Coquenard.....Ralph Nairn
Ermerance, Countess de Champ Azur.....John Le Hay
Agatha, Mme. Coquenard.....Miss Lena Maitland
Aunt Benoit.....Miss Kitty Gordon
Denise.....Miss Emmie Santer
Helene de Solanges.....Miss Vaili-Vaili
.....Miss Ruth Vincent

It might be a little difficult to determine whether Mr. André Messager's comic opera "Véronique," after its two years of success in London, is more an English or a French piece. Mr. Messager is and has been active as a composer, a conductor, and a manager in London, and his comic opera has received some violent maltreatment at the hands of its English adapters. And its English players manage to get an effect that is tremendously English. But whatever its present nationality, "Véronique" is charming.

It was produced at the Broadway Theatre last evening for the first time in this country, having been brought over here with the English company that has been playing and singing it for so long in London. They and the work itself seem to have grown together so as to fit each other like a glove, and the performance is in many respects a very smooth one; it will be smoother when the New York orchestral players become a little more familiar with the characteristics of the music. Mr. Messager himself conducted the performance last evening.

The story is a pretty one of a young noblewoman, Helène de Solanges, who has been betrothed to a young nobleman in the French fashion, "sight unseen"; the young nobleman, Florestan de Valincourt, has been amusing himself with the pretty wife of a Parisian florist, who has a large staff of uncommonly pretty salesgirls. To satisfy herself in regard to him, Helène takes employment in the shop as Véronique, and induces her duenna and aunt to do the same, whereupon she immediately falls in love with the young man and he with her without knowing who she is.

The proper solution of this complication is duly brought about in the course of three Acts—that really have some action and some consistent development. There are, certainly, some arid spots in them, in which some very conventional and well-worn devices are used to fill up the time. And the English adapters, as has been observed, have produced some awkward and commonplace lines in dialogues and lyrics.

But Mr. Messager's music gives charm and vivacity and variety wherever it has the chance. It is full of flowing melody and sprightliness. It characterizes the situations. It is not always of the highest originality and not all the tunes will haunt the memory.

But such distinction and facile grace, such delicacy and certainty of touch, such fine musicianship, are grateful to the ears wearied of the commonplaces and vulgarities that have done duty so long on Broadway as the substance of "comic opera." The score is well written for the voices. The choruses are spirited and effective, especially those which open the first and second acts.

There are a number of pretty songs and duets, and some captivating dances. Mr. Messager has scored his music with much taste and skill. The orchestration has finesse and delicate effects of color; it is full of instrumental touches that set off and beautify the whole effect—touches of the sort that give pleasurable surprise. The effect is on the whole one of gayety and sparkle.

Miss Ruth Vincent is an embodiment of archness and humorous grace in her impersonation of Véronique. She is of the winsome English type to look at and sings with an agreeable voice and nice taste. Miss Kitty Gordon, with a voice of much less beauty, make an attractive figure as the florist's flirtatious wife. Not much can be said of the voice of Lawrence Rea, who takes the part of Florestan, but he acts it with intelligence and ardor.

The central figure among the men is John Le Hay, who has a genuine comic vein, and makes of the florist Coquenard an extremely amusing personage. Unctuous in an abused word, but it is rightly applied to his action and his delivery. A somewhat elaborate form of humor is exemplified by Aubrey Fitzgerald as M. Loustot, a nobleman reduced by too much attention to "slow horses and quick ladies," to the position of a bailiff.

The chorus of girls is attractive to the eye and the ear alike, and the costuming of the piece, which belongs to the period of 1840 in France, is quaint and pretty.

The reception of "Véronique," which is a true comic opera on lines that have been sadly lost sight of in recent years, was enthusiastic. The audience was large and somewhat cool at first, but it was soon interested.

"THE MERCHANT OF VENICE."

Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe Revive the Shakespearean Comedy.

At the Knickerbocker Theatre last evening E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe appeared in "The Merchant of Venice" before a large audience, which apparently appreciated to the full the rich stage pictures provided in this production and the acting of the two principals in the familiar Shakespeare comedy. The performance will be reviewed in THE TIMES to-morrow.

Ben Greet Company in "Henry V."

The Ben Greet company began its season at Mendessohn Hall last evening with a performance of "Henry V." in the Elizabethan manner. The company includes forty people, among them being Mr Greet, Dallas Anderson, Adelaide Alexander, and G. Brengle Hart. The performance will be considered in detail later in the week.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Shuberts yesterday announced the engagement of Peter F. Dailey to head a company which will present a piece called "The Press Agent."

Marie Keller, formerly of "The Rollicking Girl" Company, made her debut in vaudeville yesterday at Proctor's 125th Street Theatre.

Nettie Black has perfected a vaudeville act entitled "The Auto Girl." It combines monologue and singing and will introduce a real automobile.

Henry Lee began the second week of his engagement at the Eden Musee by adding District Attorney Jerome and Shakespeare to his repertoire of imitations.

Alice Nielsen's debut as a singer of grand opera in New York will be made on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 9, instead of on Friday, Nov. 10, as has been previously announced.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

The Game and the Candle

By Frances Davidge

Is the crime committed in this book murder? This question results from a tale of New York society. From drawing rooms we are transported to the roughest West; thence to the South; and finally, in the last pages, we face the problem which the author has solved so boldly. Is it murder? Is it justice? Or is it fate?

D. APPLETON & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS, NEW YORK

WEDDINGS OF A DAY.

LORD—BARKER.

One of the most fashionable weddings of the Autumn took place yesterday afternoon in Grace Church, when Miss Lilian L. Fordyce Barker, daughter of Mrs. Fordyce Barker, was married to Franklin Butler Lord, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin B. Lord.

The church was decorated with Autumn leaves and palms and white chrysanthemums. The Rev. Dr. Huntington officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin trimmed with point lace and a lace veil caught with orange blossoms. Miss Jessie Sloane, daughter of Henry T. Sloane, was the maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Sibyl Douglas, Margaret Dix, Martha McCook, Ruth Vanderbilt Twombly, Violet Cruger, and Virginia Murray. They all wore Romney frocks of white radium silk with blue girdles and blue hats trimmed with pink roses, they carried gilt baskets filled with shaded pink roses, and pink roses also decorated their bodices.

Charles L. Lawrence was the best man and the ushers were Sheldon Whitehouse, Lawrence B. Rand, Murray W. Dodge, W. W. White, Clarence H. Young, Courtland P. Dixon, 2d, Seton Porter, Payson McL. Merrill, and Buell Hollister.

The musical programme was rather an unusual one, and an innovation was the singing at the chancel steps of a verse from one of Barnby's hymns, beginning "Grant them the joy that brightens earthly sorrows."

The programme, under the direction of Mr. Helferstein, was as follows:

Organ Phantasie.....Rheinberger
Dreams, "Tristan and Isolde".....Wagner
"La Boheme".....Puccini
Air in C.....Bach
Bridal.....Simonetti
Sanctus.....Gounod (?)
Spring Song.....Hollins
"Ave Maria".....Gounod
Choral Processional—"O, Perfect Love," two verses.
Wedding March, "Aida."
Grant them the joy that brightens earthly sorrows.....Barnby
(At chancel steps.)
The voice that breathed o'er Eden sevenfold, Amen.
Mendelssohn March, (Choral.)
Soloist,
Master Kent Bromley.

The church meremony was followed by a reception at the old Babcock mansion, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Lord are to sail on Nov. 7 for Europe, and on their arrival in Havre will start on a motor tour. Later they will go to Egypt for the Winter. They do not intend returning to America until next Autumn.

GAMBASSERI—LELAND.

FLORENCE, Oct. 30.—Miss Amelia Leland, daughter of Col. Francis L. Leland of New York, was married here to-day to Lieut. Gambasseri.

Miss Amelia Leland is the only daughter of Col. Francis L. Leland, President of the New York County National Bank, a member of the New York Yacht and Union League Clubs, and the Lafayette Post, G. A. R. Lieut. Gambasseri is an officer in the Italian Army, stationed at Rome.

William A. Duer's Funeral.

Funeral services for William A. Duer, father-in-law of Clarence H. Mackay, who died at Harbor Hill last week, were held yesterday in Trinity Chapel. The burial was in Woodlawn Cemetery. Mr. Mackay, Mrs. Mackay, and several other relatives accompanied the body from Roslyn.

AT THE THEATRES YESTERDAY

Digby Bell in "The Education of Mr. Pipp" was seen at the Grand Opera House last night.

The offering at the Third Avenue was "The Lighthouse by the Sea."

A revival of "The Christian," with Ralph Stuart, was made at the New Star.

At the Harlem Opera House Sam Bernard in "The Rollicking Girl" was the attraction.

"Simple Simon Simple" began a week's engagement at the West End last night.

"The Errand Boy," with Billy B. Van, holds the boards at the American.

The Russell Brothers were seen in "The Great Jewel Mystery" at the Metropolis.

"The Sign of the Cross" was presented at the Murray Hill.

At the Fourteenth Street Theatre "In New York Town" opened a week's engagement.

"Hazel Kirke" was revived by the stock company at the Yorkville.

"Forbidden Fruit" is the week's offering at Proctor's 125th Street Theatre.

The attraction this week at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre is "Lady Windermere's Fan." Amelia Bingham plays Mrs. Erlynne.

"The Wizard of Oz," with new songs and spectacular effects, began a limited engagement last evening at the Academy of Music.

The London Pantomime Company in "A Night in an English Music Hall" was the top-liner at Proctor's Fifty-eighth Street Theatre. Hart & Demar were also on the bill.

Adele Ritchie is the feature at the Colonial. The bill also includes Annie Irish in her new comedietta "Jim and Me."

Lillian Russell, Fanny Rice, and Herrmann are at Proctor's Twenty-third Street Theatre.

At the Alhambra, Houdini, the handcuff king, heads the bill, followed by Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew.

At the Eden Musee new pictures are shown on the Cinematograph and concerts are given by the Hungarian Orchestra.

At Huber's Museum Mme. Laurens and her lions, Olga, the snake charmer, and Capt. Witte, the giant, are the principal features.

Peggy Pryde is the head-liner at Hurtig & Seamon's. Louis Wesley, Adolph Zink, and Hal Godfrey are other entertainers.

Cecilia Loftus was the star attraction at Keith's. Her imitations went with all their old-time success. Wilfred Clarke was second on the programme.

Williams & Walker made their appearance in vaudeville yesterday at Hammerstein's Victoria, and there were many other attractions.

Hale's Honey
of Horehound & Tar

Cures Coughs and Colds. Pleasant to take. Sold by all druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in One Minute.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

Nathaniel Ford Moore of Chicago, son of James Hobart Moore, will give his bachelor dinner on Saturday evening, and on the same night his fiancé, Miss Helen Fargo, will give a dinner to her bridesmaids at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Congdon Fargo in Park Avenue. Miss Fargo will give a dinner this evening to the entire bridal party at her home. The wedding will take place on Nov. 8 at St. Thomas's Church.

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The attendants at the wedding of Mr. Moore and Miss Fargo will be Miss Grace Fargo, a cousin of the bride, maid of honor; Miss Ruth Hubbell, Miss Cora Carpenter, Miss Martha Strong, Miss Leonore Cobb, Miss Natalie Vanderhoef, and Miss Gladys Morgan, bridesmaids. Alden Swift of Chicago will be best man; the ushers will be Preston Fargo, brother of the bride; Stuart Preston, a cousin, and Lee Jones, Y. C. Gordon, Richard Bokum, and Elmer Williams.

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Miss Blanche Shoemaker, daughter of Henry F. Shoemaker, is visiting in Philadelphia, where her relatives and friends are giving a number of dinners and other entertainments for her.

***

Mr. and Mrs. S. Minot Jones have closed Windyhough, their country place at Easthampton, and have gone to Europe. They sailed last Saturday on the Princess Irene.

***

The marriage of Franklom A. Batchelder, son of Mrs. Francis A. Bangs, and Miss Helen Leffingwell, daughter of Charles R. Leffingwell of Yonkers, is set for Nov. 15.

***

Miss Ethel Kingsland is to make her début in December. Miss Jennie Crocker, sister of Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison, will be another of the Winter's buds.

***

Dr. Henry Barton Jacobs and Mrs. Jacobs, who have been in Europe, are booked to sail to-morrow for America.

***

The wedding of Miss Marion Gallaudet and John Warren Edgerton will take place on Nov. 8 at the home of the bride's father, Dr. Edward M. Gallaudet, at Kendall Green.

***

Richmond Levering, who is to give his bachelor dinner at Delmonico's on Nov. 6, is to marry Miss Laura Barnum, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Barnum, on Nov. 8, in St. Thomas's Church at Mamaroneck. Miss Flora Findlay is to be the maid of honor and Miss Polly Jacobs bridesmaid. Frank Jenkins is to be best man, and the ushers will include Newell Margrave, Winthrop Dwight Henry Barnum, Walter Barnum, and Porter Hall. After the bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Levering will go to Lexington, Ky., to live.

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To-day and to-morrow from 10 to 1 and from 2 to 6 o'clock there will be at the residence of Mrs. Richard Irvin, 1 West Thirty-ninth Street, a sale of hats, the proceeds of which are to go to charity. The prices are to range from $8 to $20. Among those who have made and contributed hats and will be on hand to sell them are Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mrs. H. C. Beadleston, Mrs. W. P. Douglas, the Misses Sybil Douglas, Rosamond Street, Georgette Borland, Adelaide Randolph, Alice Borland, and Marion Kemp.

Miss de Sola Mendes to Receive.

Miss Irma de Sola Mendes and Samuel C. Steinhardt will receive their friends on the occasion of their engagement, on Sundays, Nov. 5 and 12, between 3 and 6 P. M., at 154 West Eighty-second Street.

Atlantic Voyagers.

Among the passengers who will sail on the Cunarder Caronia to-day are Hall Caine, Major Gen. J. M. Grierson of the British Army, Sir Michael and Lady Nairn, the Rev. Dr. George F. Pentecost, and E. N. Gunsaulus, the United States Consul at Queenstown. On the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, also sailing to-day, will be Col. and Mrs. A. J. Drexel of Philadelphia and Capt. A. W. Bjornstadt of the United States Army.

Some of those who arrived from Europe yesterday were Mrs. Chester A. Arthur on the Ryndam and Col. F. L. Denny of the United States Marine Corps and Capt. T. B. Mott, United States Navy, on the Vaderland.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—In the west half of the country conditions have become very much unsettled with a marked low area over Assiniboia, and a lesser one over the South Plateau, with a pronounced high area between the two. This combination has resulted in quite general snows and rains in the Slope and Central Rocky Mountain region, the Missouri and Upper Mississippi Valleys, and the north and west upper lake region.

Tem

BATTLEAXE STOPPED; AND CURLY JIM WON

Whitney Colt, at Odds On, Was Beaten a Head by Outsider.

HANDZARRA TOOK THE STAKE

Filly Was One of Four Favorites Successful at Jamaica—Druid First All the Way.

Promising as prospective winner to such a degree that he carried the burden of public confidence in addition to the top weight, Battleaxe once more disappointed at the Jamaica track yesterday, when he failed to live out even the shortest distance that two-year-olds have been required to run at the meeting. As the strongest favorite that started in the course of the afternoon, Battleaxe, with the prestige he earned when he won an important stake at the Saratoga Summer meeting now much tarnished, began to stop in the final furlong of the five and a half furlongs race, and in the final jump let up the long-chance outsider Curley Jim, which beat him a head on the post, in one of the most aggravating finishes that betting racegoers have witnessed this Fall.

At odds on, Battleaxe broke out of the crowd the moment the barrier was raised in the fifth race and galloped easily in the lead to the turn into the short stretch, with Curly Jim, a 15 to 1 chance, the only one of the field of six anywhere near him. On the straight, Battleaxe, as usual, gave it up when Curly Jim went after him, and though Curly Jim was under the whip for nearly all the last furlong, while the favorite seemed much the better horse, Battleaxe was beaten once more. In losing the race Battleaxe also lost his place in the Harry Payne Whitney stable, for it was decided to sell him by auction, at a date still to be fixed, in the course of the races at the Aqueduct track.

The one other favorite to fail the betting crowd in the course of the afternoon was Incantation in the six furlongs handicap, first on the card, she starting as the best backed of the nine that ran. Incantation broke best of the lot, but was outrun from the first jump by the fast filly Druid, which slipped to the front in the first strides, and holding the lead for the remainder of the distance, won ridden out from Zeala, which closed at the end and beat Incantation for the place.

In the four other races, backers and the form followers had plain sailing, as the post choices were first in all these.

For the stake feature of the card, the Richmond Handicap, with nine horses running, Handzarra started a positive choice over Aeronaut, and justified the betting by jumping to the front at the start and winning all the way. At the end she was hard ridden to keep her place in the lead, Race King, which closed from far back in the crowd, forcing her to do her best in the last half furlong, while the two-year-old Hermitage, well up all the way, was a close third. Summary:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds, handicap; six furlongs.

	S.	½	F.
Druid, 115, O'Neil, 8-1, 3-1	2	1	1½
Zeala, 119, J. Jones, 5-1, 2-1	7	3	2h
Incantation, 109, Miller, 5-2, even	1	2	3½
Tongorder, 125, Burns, 8-1, 3-1	6	4	4
My Bucks, 105, Hoffman, 4-1, 5-2	5	5	5
Lucy Young, 102, Forehand, 15-1, 6-1	3	6	6
Broombandle, 117, Schaeffner, 20-1, 8-1	8	7	7
Tramutor, 107, O'Connell, 100-1, 30-1	4	8	8
Martin Doyle, 126, Sewell, 10-1, 4-1	9	9	9

Time—1:14 2-5. Start good. Won ridden out; place driving. Winner ch. f., 3 years, by Sir Dixon-Merdin. Owner, J. A. Wernberg. Trainer, J. J. McCafferty.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile and a sixteenth.

	S.	¾	F.
Samuel H. Harris, 98, Notter, 9-5, 7-10	2	1	1°
Antimony, 99, Romanelli, 30-1, 10-1	4	3	2½
Arsenal, 103, Miller, 10-5, 6-5	1	2	3½
Caronal, 106, Heigenn, 15-1, 5-1	5	5	4
Brilliant, 104, Klenck, 8-1, 3-1	6	4	5
Robador, 98, L. Smith, 8-1, 3-1	7	6	6
Fleur de Marie, 106, W. Knapp, 4-1, 8-5	3	7	7

Time—1:42 2-5. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Winner b. c., 8 years, by Sir Walter-Lindula. Owner, P. H. Sullivan. Trainer, J. Carruthers.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs.

	S.	¾	F.
Raidmoore, 107, Sewell, 9-10, 2-5	8	2	1½
Lone Hand, 94, Horner, 6-1, 2-1	3	1	2h
Vino, 98, Myers, 9-1, 3-1	10	3	3¾
Don Fonso, 98, Huestis, 40-1, 12-1	5	4	4
Society Maid, 96, R. Smith, 60-1, 20-1	6	5	5
Speed Smith, 99, Romanelli, 40-1, 12-1	6	6	6
J. K. F., 98, Notter, 8-1, 3-1	12	9	7
Progress, 95, Miller, 8-1, 3-1	7	8	8
Mauvy, 98, Schaeffner, 60-1, 20-1	4	7	9
Melbourne Nominee, 98, L. Smith, 8-1	9	10	10
Gentian, 93, Clare, 30-1, 10-1	8	11	11
Snow Ball, 96, Brussel, 60-1, 20-1	11	12	12

Time—1:08. Start fair. Won driving; place same. Winner ch. c., two years, by Ornament-Desayuno. Owner, W. Shields. Trainer, W. Shields.

FOURTH RACE.—The Richmond Handicap, for all ages; six furlongs.

	S.	½	F.
Handzarra, 117, J. Martin, 2-1, 4-5	1	1	1½
Race King, 100, Sewell, 6-1, 2-1	8	3	2h
Hermitage, 88, Notter, 15-1, 6-1	5	2	3½
True Wing, 100, Romanelli, 12-1, 4-1	3	4	4
Aeronaut, 119, Miller, 5-1, 2-1	2	5	5
Pastula, 95, Klenck, 8-1, 3-1	7	6	6
Cloten, 107, Creamer, 25-1, 10-1	6	7	7
Gold Rose, 106, W. Buchanan, 2-1, 8-5	9	8	8
Belle Strome, 107, J. Jones, 10-1, 4-1	4	9	9

Time—1:13 4-5. Start good. Won ridden out; place driving. Winner ch. f., 3 years, by Handsel-Elzarra. Owner and trainer, F. B. Van Meter.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; handicap; five and a half furlongs.

	S.	¾	F.
Curly Jim, 106, Miller, 15-1, 6-1	2	2	1h
Battle Axe, 126, O'Neil, 4-5, 2-5	1	1	2°
Wedding Daisy, 100, Notter, 18-5, even	6	5	3h
Third Alarm, 114, J. Martin, 8-1, 8-5	5	3	4
Caprice, 111, W. Buchanan, 20-1, 8-1	3	4	5
Old Guard, 103, Sewell, 12-1, 3-1	4	6	6

Time—1:08 1-5. Start good. Won driving; place same. Winner ch. c., two years, by Woolthorpe-Spondild. Owner, H. J. McDermott. Trainer, C. Merritt.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile and a sixteenth.

	S.	¾	F.
Roycroft, 92, Miller, 7-2, 8-5	1	1	1°
Gambler, 84, Mailin, 20-1, 8-1	2	1	2h
W. J. Cox, 106, W. Buchanan, 8-1, 3-1	8	3	3
Legatee, 105, Burns, 4-1, 7-5	14	4	4
Lizzy Izzy, 91, Myers, 8-1, 3-1	3	8	5
Yachting Girl, 97, Sewell, 18-5, 8-5	4	5	6
Violette, 94, Riley, 30-1, 10-1	5	6	7
Navajo, 106, W. Knapp, 5-1, 2-1	9	7	8
Myrica, 92, Murphy, 100-1, 40-1	15	10	9
Salt and Pepper, 84, Clare, 40-1, 15-1	13	12	10
Non de Plume, 92, Holman, 20-1, 8-1	10	11	11
Argos, 97, B. Smith, 100-1, 40-1	11	15	12
Binderton, 97, L. Smith, 20-1, 8-1	12	13	13
Benista, 80, Notter, 60-1, 20-1	7	14	14
Topright, 105, J. Jones, 30-1, 10-1	6	14	15

Time—1:48 2-5. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Winner ch. c., 3 years, by Requital-Monarda. Owner, J. Grant Lyman. Trainer, G. B. Hill.

Entries for Jamaica Races.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Consideration	112 Yada	100
Sovereign	111 *Flatoon	100
Col. White	106 *Brush Up	100
*Emergency	105 *Hannibal Bey	94
Cognomen	104 *Water Mirror	92
Invincible	103 *Cutter	90
Nimasqua	100 *Little Buttercup	90
Vagary	100	

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

Hypocrate	108 Athlone 103
*Israelite	100 D'Arkle 95
*Jack Young	100

THIRD RACE.—Handicap for two-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong.

Alwin	122 Reidmoore 93
Ostrich	111 Novena 92
Miss Crawford	110 Sailor Boy 88
Kittie Platt	90

FOURTH RACE.—The Gowanus Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs.

Diamond	118 *Austian 103
*Belle Strome	110 Incantation 105
*Monet	108 *Right and True 103
King Pepper	105

FIFTH RACE.—For fillies, mares, and geldings, three years old and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

Card Badge	108 Novella 98
Jane Holly	108 *Elle 98
Madrid Fleur	104 Ismaillan 98
Ammunia	103 Cabin 95
*Prestidillet	103 *Consuela II 90
Bronze Wing	103 *Gaylord 87

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden fillies, two years old, special weights; five and a half furlongs.

Parasonde	110 Peuro 110
Cousin Kate	110 Margaret Angela 110
Yolande	110 Helen Porter 110
Miss Margo	110 Swell Girl 110
Royal China	110 Winifred A. 110
Ruby Star	110

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

AUTO ECONOMY TEST BEGUN.

Machines Filled with Passengers in Run to Philadelphia.

Nine automobiles, ranging from the eight-horse power Oldsmobile to the twenty-four-horse power Frayer-Miller touring car, started yesterday morning in the first day's run of the week's economy tour that is being held under the auspices of the New York Motor Club. The start was made from the Smith & Mabley garage, Broadway and Fifty-sixth Street, and the run was to Philadelphia, ninety miles, by way of Staten Island, Perth Amboy, New Brunswick, and Trenton. The Frayer-Miller car, driven by Lee Frayer, was the first to leave shortly after 8:30 o'clock, but all got away before 10 o'clock.

Every car was filled with passengers, including the sixteen-horse power Reobus. The total weight carried by this car was 1,698 pounds. The wheels are equipped with 3½-inch tires, but as the roads to Philadelphia are good it is believed he big omnibus will have no difficulty in completing the trip. Whether it will be so successful in the run to-morrow to Albany has occasioned some speculation among automobilists.

The cars will remain in Philadelphia until this morning, when the return trip will be made. To-morrow and Thursday the run will be to Albany and back, and on Friday and Saturday the cars will go to Southampton and return. The total number of miles to be traveled during the week is 682.

A strict economical watch will be kept on each car, the cost of the gasoline, lubricating oil, all repairs, and even stops for whatever cause being carefully noted. Prizes are to be awarded to the cars making the best economical showing, and the one burning the least gasoline will receive a special prize. An economical automobile run of such length and under rules so strictly drawn has never been attempted before. The competing cars and passengers are:

Frayer-Miller, 24 horse power, driven by Lee Frayer; passengers, E. S. Williams, H. H. Lockwood; passengers, C. H. Croft, Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson, and J. P. Walker.

Marmon, 20 horse power, driven by A. L. Largmuir; passengers, O. H. Slacer, Theodore Schultz, and C. Levine.

Red omnibus, 16 horse power, driven by R. L. Lockwood; passengers, C. H. Croft, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Curry, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Enders, R. H. Montgomery, Mrs. Leary, John C. Wetmore, and Mrs. Hodgdon.

Red runabout, 8 horse power, driven by C. C. Singer; passengers, J. C. Cochrane, F. O. Edwards, and R. M. Owen.

Compound, 15-20 horse power, driven by D. F. Graham; passengers, A. E. Schwartz, A. Lazzaro, J. L. Alexander, and F. X. Brown.

Compound, 15-20 horse power, driven by F. C. Carter; passengers, R. D. Palmer, S. F. Gallaher, V. M. Coyne, and H. Kelly.

Compound, 15-20 horse power, driven by C. P. Hatch; passengers, George A. Banker, Mrs. C. P. Hatch, and J. W. Hatch.

Oldsmobile, 8 horse power, driven by F. Munroe; passengers, W. C. Hancock, W. H. Harrison, and T. Gleason.

Wayne, 20 horse power, driven by A. L. Kull; passengers, E. G. Ferguson, F. Gremmell, J. G. Moore, and A. F. Comacho.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—Nine automobiles of moderate power and moderate cost started this morning from New York to this city on the first loop of a six-day test. Eight of the nine finished in good order, but with records of economy which astonished the board of judges who sat at the Hotel Walton to-night and received the reports of the official observers. The order of start, finish, and elapsed time of the eight cars which finished follows:

Name.	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Frayer-Miller	8:38	5:17	8:39
Marmon	9:19	5:49	8:20
Reo omnibus	8:50	6:52	10:02
Reo runabout	8:48	6:41	9:53
Compound	9:00	disabled.	
Compound	9:01	5:42	8:41
Compound	8:55	5:49	8:54
Oldsmobile	8:52	5:24	8:32
Wayne	9:07	4:57	7:50

C. H. MACKAY STUD DEPARTS.

Entire Breeding Establishment Shipped to New Home in Kentucky.

The thoroughbred horse breeding establishment, founded only two yeaors ago by Clarence H. Mackay and installed then on the Silver Brook Stud farm, near Red Bank, N. J., and near the old Monmouth Park race course, yesterday was shipped as a whole to Kentucky, where the stallions and mares are to be quartered for the future on the Kingston Stud Farm, near Lexington. The movement was one of the biggest that has taken place in recent years, all the horses, with their stud manager, the grooms and farm hands and the private equipment of the stud going on a single train, which was sent out as a special over the Pennsylvania Railroad. The train was made up of ten horse cars, a baggage car and a single private car for the use of Charles Hill, stud manager, and his family. The horses, sixty head in all, with their score of attendants, were loaded on the train in the forenoon, and the journey to the new home of the Mackay stud was begun early in the day, the schedule on which the train is to run being such that the stock will be unloaded at Lexington this evening.

The most noted horses of the big shipment were the successful Sir Meddler, for which Mr. Mackay paid $60,000 at the dispersal of the William C. Whitney stud, and the stout race horse and promising sire Banastar, which, in Mr. Mackay's colors, and trained by his present stud manager, Charles Hill, won the Metropolitan Handicap after having won a Brooklyn Handicap for a previous owner, the late W. C. Clark. The best known of the brood mares in the shipment were Trigger and Kamara, both of which raced successfully for Mr. Mackay.

The movement to Kentucky of his breeding interests was made by Mr. Mackay in the belief that he would meet with more success in Kentucky than was possible at the New Jersey farm, which he leased from L. O. Appleby. After the lease was made Mr. Appleby sold the farm to W. S. Fanshawe, who intended the place as a breeding farm for his son, whose recent death changed all the plans formed by the father.

It was stated a week ago that the yearlings of James R. Keene's stable would be wintered at Silver Brook, but this Trainer James Rowe yesterday said was an error, as he had given to-day the yearlings their quarters at the Sheepshead Bay track, and will break and try his yearlings there.

AQUEDUCT HANDICAP WEIGHTS

Best Entry of the Fall in Opening Feature of Meeting.

With the best entry list of the Fall season engaged in the race, the weights for the Aqueduct Handicap, at one mile and a sixteenth, to be run as the feature of the opening of the Aqueduct meeting on Wednesday, have been announced by Handicapper Vosburgh. Though it is certain that Oiseau will not start, it is an indication of what may be expected next year in the handicaps, that this three-year-old is made the top weight, with 128 pounds, or ten pounds more than scale weight. The weights for the handicap follow:

Pounds.		Pounds.
Oiseau	128 Oxford	108
Stalwart	127 Geranium	107
Roseben	126 Santa Catalina	106
Colonial Girl	124 Pretension	106
Alwin	122 Outcome	106
Eugenia Burch	122 Cederstrome	106
Dolly Spanker	121 Sidney C. Love	105
Kiamesha	119 Judge Himes	105
Water Light	118 Jocund	105
Knight Errant	118 Ollette	104
Bad News	118 Master Richardson	103
Humo	118 Von Tromp	102
Alma Dufour	116 Canteen	100
First Mason	116 Dandy Rose	100
Merry Lark	115 Gold Rose	99
Ormonde's Right	115 Miss Crawford	99
Bedouin	114 Uncle Urigh	99
Mercury	114 Flying Kirk	98
Go Between	114 Oliver Cromwell	98
Jacquin	113 Cassian	98
Spring	112 Reidmoore	93
Ostrich	112 Red Fraser	93
Woodsaw	111 Louis H.	93
Grapple	110 Holscher	93
John Smulski	110 Steam Tide	93
Martin Doyle	110 Lord Badge	94
Tongorder	100 Cigarlighter	92
Right Royal	100 Sir Brillar	92
Schulamite	100 Bull's Eye	90
Coy Maid	100 Inquisitor	89
Grenade	108 Caronal	87

Columbia Rowing Cost Over $11,000.

Manager Walter E. F. Bradley of last year's Columbia 'Varsity crew has made public his report for the season of 1905. The statement shows a balance in the treasury of $86.91, as against 84 cents a year ago. The total receipts were $11,224.62. Of this amount $4,673 was contributed by graduates and $1,881.45 by undergraduates. The freshman subscriptions were $2,068.91. The largest item of expense is set down as the salary of the coach, which is placed at $2,500. The cost of the training table and quarters is given at $2,214.17. The sum of $1,404 was spent for new shells.

FOOTBALL WORK LIGHT AMONG LEADING TEAMS

Practice Will Be More Strenuous To-day for Saturday's Games.

COLUMBIA MEN A BIT STIFF

Harvard's Captain Returns to Active Work—Yale's Defense to be Stronger—Cornell Worried.

Practice as a rule was light among the big football elevens yesterday, the coaches evidently being of the opinion that another day's rest after the hard struggles on Saturday would put the players in a better position to indulge in more strenuous work for the games scheduled next Saturday. All the Columbia men did yesterday was to indulge in a walk. At New Haven the Yale team showed the effects of the game with West Point, and consequently very little work was performed. But, beginning to-day, the wearers of the blue will be put in shape to make their best stand against Columbia next Saturday.

Columbia's football warriors rested yesterday, the men not doing anything more than walking. They were a bit stiff after the hard game with Princeton, but no one was seriously injured in that contest. To-day the players will probably run through signals, but it is unlikely that there will be any scrimmage work. In fact, there will be little or no scrimmage practice during the remainder of the week.

After an absence from practice of nearly a month and a half on account of a bad thigh, Dan Hurley, Captain of the Harvard football eleven, yesterday returned to active work on Soldiers' Field. He took no part in the scrimmage, but got into signal practice and showed that he is again in fighting trim. Another veteran crippie who returned after a long absence yesterday was Beaton Squires, right tackle. Singularly enough, his reappearance is simultaneous with the retirement, on account of injuries, of Dan Knowlton, the All-America tackle in 1906, who has been playing his place during his absence. Knowlton has water on his knee as a result of a bad strain in the Brown game Saturday, and will be out of things for two weeks. Nesmith broke a bone in his leg Saturday, and will be out of the game probably for the rest of the season.

The West Point game wearied Yale's team badly, and yesterday there was only the lightest work for the Blue players. Flanders, Tripp, and Bigelow were the only veterans in their places in the secret half. In the open half the 'Varsity scored a touchdown easily on the scrubs. This is Columbia game week, and Yale will spend every minute shifting up the defense. The two weak places in the line are right tackle and left guard, although neither of these will see new men. Heffelfinger, the 1891 guard, is due to-day, and he will put his time in showing the line how to stop a play through centre. Metcalf, the 1903 half back, was a new coach at the field yesterday.

Through necessity the Princeton coaches were compelled to resort to a novel idea of training yesterday afternoon which did not prove so acceptable to the squad. Because of the fact that the 'Varsity training quarters were burned to the ground Friday night the players found themselves in the cold. They were taken down to the field in buses, but after the practice the coaches made the men run back to the gymnasium, a distance of three-quarters of a mile, for fear of catching cold if they rode through the streets in their heated condition. The work was the lightest of the season, as no scrimmage was allowed, and the players simply ran through signals.

The Army team had light work yesterday afternoon, but expects to settle down to something more serious to-morrow. The men are stiff and sore from Saturday's game. The first team men simply ran through the signals in their ordinary trousers and football shoes. The men who did not play Saturday had harder practice. The second squad is getting ready for their game Wednesday with the Cornwall Preparatory School. All the first team are out of the hospital ready for work. The players will devote their attention to defensive work in the future. They will not be allowed to carry the ball any more until they show themselves capable of stopping the rushing of the second team.

Some of the Navy football cripples were on the field in uniform yesterday afternoon, while others came out but did not put on football clothes. Half Back Bernard went in the scrimmage and Spencer was in football togs, but limped badly and did not get in the game. Capt. Howard also did not get in the scrimmage, as his shoulder is not yet strong. Douglass, Doherty, and Welch were on the side lines. Charles Gould, ex-Captain and end of Yale, was an addition to the coaching staff. No score was made in twenty minutes of fierce work against the scrub, the first team being drilled mainly on defensive tactics.

Coach Warner told the Cornell football men yesterday that they would have to hustle to beat Columbia this year, let alone Princeton. He had just returned from seeing the Columbia-Princeton game at New York. Cornell plays Princeton on Nov. 11 and Columbia a week later. Going around, the day was one of the most discouraging of the year. Full Back Halliday, the strongest man in the back field, went to the infirmary with a sprain. After a preliminary formation practice the 'Varsity went up against the freshmen for a scrimmage and got the worst of the argument, being scored upon by the first year eleven. Next Saturday's game with Swarthmore is causing much worry.

With high hopes of defeating Harvard next Saturday the Carlisle Indians began the week's practice yesterday afternoon in the best condition they have been in this season. They were not dispirited over their defeat by Pennsylvania. The practice was light, and the first part of it consisted of kicking and signal work for the four practice teams that were out. Assistant Coach Kinney worked the line for speedy starting, and showed the men how to open up a possible hole in it. In the usual time for scrimmage work the first eleven was excused from duty and the second and third elevens lined up for their instruction. Their scrimmages were fierce in intensity.

"TOM" THORP AT VIRGINIA.

Columbia's ex-Captain Played on "Scrub" in Yesterday's Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Oct. 30.—University of Virginia football stock took a jump to-day when there appeared on Lambeth Field this afternoon a new applicant for the 'Varsity team in the person of "Tom" Thorp, ex-Captain of the present Columbia University eleven, New York City. Thorp, it will be recalled, was dropped from Columbia because he failed to conform to certain Faculty rules regarding the passing of three conditional examinations.

From New York he went to Cornell, but because they would not grant him advanced standing there he came on to Virginia, where he will enter the engineering department.

Thorp played his old position on the scrub eleven this afternoon and tore great holes in the opposing line. His appearance on the gridiron attracted a crowd to the field and served to put new life in the practice of the 'Varsity. The crowd in the bleachers cheered as if a match game were in progress. One touchdown was scored on the 'Varsity. The squad remained on the field until dark.

Rutgers Prep. School Bars Football.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Oct. 30.—On account of the many accidents football players have met with here this season, the football game on Saturday between the Rutgers Preparatory Academy and the Mount Pleasant Military Academy was the last game that the former school will play this season.

Dr. Elliot H. Payson, the Rutgers Preparatory School Headmaster, on last Friday delivered a very strong address on football, in which he stated that he would not allow any more games to be played by the school. He stated that there is more and more resentment against this sport every day.

DUFFEY ANGERS ATHLETES.

Not Willing to Rest Under Stigma Sprinter Has Put Upon Them.

That the Duffey sensation merited the characterization of James E. Sullivan that it was the most startling confession ever made in athletics, is being more clearly demonstrated by every day that passes. The Amateur Athletic Union officials are being deluged by demands from all parts of the country for the summary punishment of the self-confessed trickster, but by far the larger interest is being displayed in the charges Duffey makes, rather than in his own misdoings. His personal side of it is of small importance compared with the question of whether or not athletics "reeks with rottenness," as the sprinter says, and all those who have the interest of the game at heart are eager that the statement that the pure amateur is the exception rather than the rule shall be probed to the bottom.

There are few of those who have made the closest study of sporting conditions who will for a moment accept Duffey's statement of the case. All of them say that they knew of isolated instances where men are probably deriving pecuniary benefit from their athletic participation in an indirect way that does not admit of the offenses being fastened upon them, but that in the main the athletes in sport are bona fide and above all subterfuge and unfair practice. That the whole fabric of the sport should be tainted by the wholesale accusations of this malpractitioner is bitterly resented.

If anything could emphasize the necessity of a change of rule to increase the authority of those in command so that all shady athletes might be summarily disbarred upon suspicious circumstances, this one incident will do it. At once the objection is made that increased power means an increase in the chances that partisan interests will favor those with influence at court. This must be met by the adoption of some such plan as the "supreme court" of athletics proposed recently. The power must be vested in men who are so far above the possibility of question that their very names shall guarantee their integrity.

As to the investigations, what form they will take has not been determined. The first step will be an inquiry into all Duffey's transactions. After this is finished, some idea of how to proceed further will be formed.

As for the prosecution of Duffey, Bartow S. Weeks, who has occupied the position of virtual legal adviser of the Amateur Athletic Union, said yesterday: "As to the advisability of proceeding against Duffey, I do not care to speak, as I am on the board which must decide the question and do not wish to be put in the position of anticipating its actions. As to the possibility of proceeding I will say I certainly think there is ground for action and reason to believe that it could be successfully prosecuted.

"There are two possibilities. Civil action could be brought to recover all prizes and medals unfairly won. I am satisfied this could be done on the strength of the confession Duffey has made. Whether the prizes would be actually forthcoming or not is another question, but I believe a judgment could be obtained.

"As to any criminal action, more specific evidence would have to be secured before Duffey could be reached on that line. If he obtained articles of value under false pretense he can be prosecuted criminally, but there will have to be evidence submitted of such a character as to show that such was the case. What evidence we can secure must determine what course we will pursue in that matter.

"The question of whether or not we can recover at law, or secure the punishment of the deception practiced against us, is a very different one from the question whether or not it is advisable to do it."

LOCAL SCRIBES WON AT GOLF.

New York Newspaper Club Defeated New England, 7 Matches to 3.

The New York Newspaper Golf Club yesterday defeated the New England Press Golf Association in the third annual contest over the Fox Hills Golf Club course by a score of 7 matches to 3. The team match was played in the afternoon, the morning being devoted to a qualifying round for the individual newspaper championship of the East, and W. C. Freeman of the American, Jason Rogers of the New York Globe, W. W. Harris of the New York Telegram, and F. P. Sands of The Meriden (Conn.) Journal will meet to-day for the semi-final and final rounds.

The local players also held a handicap event, in which more than two-score newspaper golf players competed. The best score of the day was made by A. G. Lockwood of the Boston Journal in his match with W. C. Freeman of the American, his card of 77 nearly equaling the amateur record of the course. Summary of the individual match:

NEW YORK.	BOSTON.
W. C. Freeman, American	0 A. G. Lockwood, Boston Journal	1
W. W. Harris Telegram	0 M. Meehan, Concord Patriot	1
W. C. Pulver, Mail	1 R. Cracknell, Boston Globe	0
J. J. Worrell, Staten Islander	0 J. E. O'Connell, Globe	0
Jason Rogers, Globe	1 W. U. Swan, Associated Press	0
J. P. Paret, Globe	1 J. Alton, New Bedford Press	0
E. G. Rich, World	1 T. F. Harrison, Sun	0
R. S. Lord, Sun	0 F. E. Sands, Meriden Journal	1
J. D. Cochrane, Globe	1 J. Kellogg, Pittsburg	0
W. J. Henderson, Sun	1 C. Berry, Lynn	0
		7 3

Notes of the Thoroughbreds.

The Stewards of the Jamaica meeting have added one other to the remarkable list of suspicious races under investigation, and are making inquiry into the circumstances attending the race run by R. E. Watkins's filly Swell Girl, ridden by Martin, when she was beaten by Commune in the last event of Saturday's programme. It developed that a stable boy yesterday what had been found or what action would be taken in the matter. The Stewards also have under advisement the cases of Jockey Davis, beaten on Ormonde's Right, and Shaw, beaten on Dreamer, aside from the several instances where jockeys have been reprimanded for bad or ill-judged riding in the two weeks that the meeting has been in progress.

Suspicion that a "ringer" had found entry to a Jamaica race took the Stewards at Jamaica into the paddock yesterday while examination of a horse, entered as Cataract, bay gelding, three years old, by Niagara-Charlotte, with M. L. Mitchell named as owner and M. Steel as trainer, was in progress. It was asserted that the horse was not registered with The Jockey Club as required under the rules, and as that in itself made the animal ineligible to run, he was ordered withdrawn from the sixth race. The Stewards still were not satisfied, and the horse was held in the paddock after the races, while horsemen were requested to look him over and if possible identify him. No light has been thrown on the animal's identity as yet.

The racing stable owned by Harry Payne Whitney will weed out a number of horses that have not raced well enough to satisfy the owner that they are worthy of being retained in his establishment, and in addition to Battleaxe, which has been a source of much disappointment to Mr. Whitney, Midas, Commune, and Israfel, all winners, and Vanguard, still a maiden, will be offered at auction. The date for the sale has not been fixed, but the catalogue will be made some time in the course of the Aqueduct meeting.

W. A. Porter, agent for S. S. Brown, made the statement at the Jamaica track that Capt. Brown, who has been a chief figure in the American Turf Association in its fight with the Western Turf Congress, had decided that he would not permit himself to be used to aid Edward Corrigan in his personal fight on the Western Congress, but would withdraw from the contention and permit the rival racing bodies to do their own battling. Capt. Brown went into the American Association in good faith, and in the early part of last season gave all the help in his power to the new body, in the belief that he was working for the good of the turf. He is not satisfied, however, to continue a fight which seems to have resolved into a conflict between Edward Corrigan and John Condon, with utter disregard of the interests of racing in the South.

Roycroft, entered in the last race at Jamaica yesterday by J. G. Lyman to sell for $500, was bid up to $1,205, at which price he was bought in by his owner. Roycroft and Geranium recently were bought by Mr. Lyman from T. C. McDowell for a price said to be $6,000.

A reduction sale by the stable racing in the name of Sydney Paget, with horses in the main bred on the J. B. Haggin farms, has been announced for Saturday, Nov. 11, at the Aqueduct track. The horses catalogued, nineteen in number, include the Carter Handicap winner, Ormonde's Right, Zeala, sister to Waterboy, the stake winner Belle Strome, and the six two-year-old winner Jacobite.

Douglas Grand, who imported the yearling filly by Melton-Dainty, half sister to the winner Santa Catalina, owned by H. T. Oxnard, has sold the filly to Mr. Oxnard on private terms.

Jockey Miller for the sixth day in the course of the Jamaica meeting rode two winners yesterday, his total of winning mounts at the track being fourteen. Miller's winners yesterday were Curly Jim, at 15 to 1, and Roycroft, at 7 to 2.

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AMERICA'S CUP RACES UNDER THE NEW RULES

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UNIVERSAL RULE CONFERENCE

Delegates Will Be Sent to England to Secure Uniform Regulations for International Contests.

The meeting of the Long Island Yacht Racing Association, held at the Hotel Astor last evening, while in itself unimportant and perfunctory, developed much of interest to yachtsmen throughout the country. The President of the association, Oliver E. Cromwell, and Chairman of the Regatta Committee of the New York Yacht Club, made the statement that in his opinion the next America's Cup race would be held under the new measurement rule, which differs from the old rule in that it places a premium on displacement and tends to produce a serviceable cruising boat instead of a mere racing machine. As this is the assurance for which Sir Thomas Lipton claims to be waiting before challenging for the cup, its import will be understood. While President Cromwell expressed this as a purely personal opinion, still his influence in shaping the policy of the New York Yacht Club is so potent, and he voices the general sentiment of the active yachting men in the club so thoroughly that it may almost be taken as an official statement.

The discussion of the working of the new rule in last night's meeting was unqualifiedly favorable. The yachtsmen are delighted with the performances of the one-design class of thirty-footers of the New York Yacht Club, with the twenty-two foot class of the Atlantic Yacht Club, and with the work of Doris, the forty-eight footer owned by S. Reed Anthony. All are anxious, however, to see the operation of the rule in the larger classes. Mr. Cromwell stated that he believed a seventy-footer built to the new rule would beat Mineola, Yankee, and the present seventies twenty minutes in thirty miles, while a new Reliance would beat the old Reliance and her kind ten minutes in thirty miles, while after the races the boat would be worth something. He is anxious to see the experiment tried, and thinks it will be shortly, leading to the adoption of the new rule for America's Cup races.

The meeting appointed a committee to meet a committee of the New York Yacht Club on Nov. 20 at the New York Yacht Clubhouse to consider the question of a universal rule, in accordance with an invitation from England to participate in an international conference. The Yacht Racing Association of England has invited delegates to a convention to secure the adoption of one rule for all countries. Henry Howard, who was in England last year, reports that the English are favorable to the general adoption of the present American rule, and that there is a splendid chance of its being made universal. This will mean many international races in all classes of boats.

The meeting also appointed a committee to meet the New York Yacht Club committee to consider the reduction of the present scale of allowances to 60 per cent., and other questions concerning the conduct of racing. The same men compose both committees. They are Oliver E. Cromwell, Charles P. Tower, Edward B. McClellan, T. T. Hill, G. P. Granbery, J. Wilmer Hanan, and H. de B. Parsons. The second meeting will be held at the New York Yacht Club house on Nov. 28.

Ward Dickson, E. C. Seward, Charles F. Kirby, Willard Fisher, and Harry Stevenson were appointed a committee to nominate officers for the association for next year, to report at the March meeting.

ST. MARY'S C. C. SMOKER.

Mixed Boxing and Wrestling Programme Enjoyed by Big Crowd.

The semi-annual smoker of the St. Mary's Catholic Club was held at the clubhouse, 612 East 151st Street, last night, when an interesting programme of boxing, wrestling, and singing was enjoyed by a big crowd of members and their friends. The boxing was confined to exhibition bouts of three rounds in each class. Andy McGarry and J. Reilly of the Mott Haven Athletic Club put up a lively bout in the opening event. They were followed by Eddie Boyleston and J. Callahan, Union Settlement Athletic Club, and J. Hickey and E. Armstrong, Mohawk Athletic Club, both of which were enjoyed by the spectators. The wrestling bouts brought together W. Dorn and J. Keating, Mohawk Athletic

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E TO-DAY.

... Havana	Oct. 28
... Curacao	Oct. 23
... New Orleans	Oct. 26
... Galveston	Oct. 25

TO-MORROW.

... Bremen	Oct. 24
... Bremen	Oct. 27
... Almeria	Oct. 27
... Jacksonville	Oct. 29

THURSDAY.

... Liverpool	Oct. 25
... Havre	Oct. 26
... Antwerp	Oct. 26
... Trinidad	Oct. 25
... Gibraltar	Oct. 29

E FRIDAY.

... Hamburg	Oct. 21
... Swansea	Oct. 28
... Galveston	Oct. 28
... Barbados	Oct. 28
... Galveston	Oct. 28

INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived.

helm, at Cherbourg, Oct. 30.
ver, Oct. 30.
Glasgow, Oct. 29.
e, Oct. 27.
at Antwerp, Oct. 28.
Bremen, Oct. 28.
k, at Gibraltar, Oct. 30.
ull, Oct. 28.
at Rio Janeiro, Oct. 27.
ort Said, Oct. 29.
Singapore, Oct. 30.

Sailed.

Boulogne, Oct. 29.
from London, Oct. 29.
derland, Oct. 28.
from Gibraltar, Oct. 30.
om Kobe, Oct. 29.
n Plume, Oct. 28.

Passed.

from Naples, for New

New York, for London,

York, for Calcutta, passed

ping News See Page 1.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

GRAIN.—WHEAT—Selling orders poured into the wheat market at the opening yesterday and prices gave way 1½c on the May option at New York in consequence. Almost immediately, however, there was a rally which grew in importance as the day progressed until before the close the loss had been fully regained, and the market was selling within about half a cent of the season's highest point. Last prices were ½c above Saturday, having reacted slightly from top. Most of the early depression was due to a break of 1½d at Liverpool, which was supposed to represent heavy world's shipments and more reassuring news from Russia. Subsequent private cables on the other hand failed to indicate that the Russian outlook was very much improved, and this with advices to the effect that incessant rains had caused damage in the Argentine, gave the leading Chicago bull an opportunity to run in the shorts. Some of the late covering by these was a chance for shipments of wheat from Odessa being stopped by Tuesday; Broomhall added that in Southern Russia and Roumania

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THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Advance; Call Money Rates, 4@5½ Per Cent.

More Hopeful Russian Position a Favorable Factor—Money Higher.

The absence of any serious culmination on Sunday in the Russian disorders exerted a favorable influence yesterday on the financial markets of Berlin and London, and the note of hope in the London market, which sent over higher quotations for American securities before the opening of the local Exchange and followed this with buying orders in moderate volume, found reflection here. There were, however, other factors at work on prices which brought about a dip by the general list to a point well below Saturday's level, and not until the closing hour were the losses recovered and modest gains substituted for them. One of the matters offsetting the cheerfulness growing out of the better news from Russia was the further sharp break in Metropolitan Street Railway shares, which had declined nearly 10 points, reckoning from yesterday's low price of 117¾, without important rallies. One of yesterday's periods of weakness was brought about by the slump in these shares from 119¾ to 117¾. Like previous declines of the same nature, yesterday's drop was explained on the floor of the Stock Exchange as being due to the bogy of municipal ownership, but this is not, perhaps, altogether satisfactory. The subsequent recovery in the stock, accompanied as it was by a similar upward turn in Rock Island shares, was not without influence on sentiment. While the final gains in the general list were measured in fractions there were exceptions, notably so in American Smelting, which rose 3⅝ points, and in Canadian Pacific, where the advance was 2½ points, and in American Locomotive, St. Paul, Tennessee Coal and Iron, Reading, and People's Gas. Atchison shares were unaffected by the news of the serious accident near Kansas City.

As a result of the preparations under way for the Nov. 1 disbursements and the calling of loans incident to the shifting of Japanese funds, which have been out at interest, call money rates moved up to 5½ per cent. yesterday, and the bulk of the day's loans was arranged on a 5 per cent. basis.

Indications that rates may be temporarily, at least, firmer were found in the renewal of the interior demands on this centre. Through the Sub-Treasury $500,000 was transferred to Chicago, making $1,000,000 sent to that point since the last bank statement was made up, and in addition $200,000 was in like manner shipped to St. Louis yesterday. In their operations with the Sub-Treasury thus far the banks have lost $1,280,000, this comparing with a gain of $472,000 a week ago. Following the higher rates for call money demand sterling eased off yesterday, quotations declining some 10 points. No engagements of gold for export were announced, although these seemed probable at the end of last week. The Bank of France has been unwilling, so far, to pay interest on gold in transit.

The exchange situation, and in fact the financial position abroad, may be affected favorably if the cables received after the close of business yesterday regarding the reforms now granted by the Czar are confirmed. It is as yet uncertain in what position this surrender leaves the abandoned loan negotiations.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE KEARSARGE SILVER MINING COMPANY.
Mines in Ophir District, Utah.
The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of this Company for election of Trustees and transaction of such business as may be presented will be held at office of the Company, No. 1 Broadway, New York, Wednesday, November 8th, 1905, 2 o'clock P. M.
W. H. KID, Secretary.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
Associated Merchants.
Harlem Market.
Houston Oil Co. of Texas.
Lincoln National Bank.
New England Telephone and Telegraph Co.
People's Trust Co. of Brooklyn.
Procter & Gamble Co. common stock.
Pullman Co.
Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad.
United Copper Co. preferred stock.
United States Express Co.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.
Central District and Printing Telegraph Co.
Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Co. on preferred.
Standard Milling Co. on preferred.
Third Avenue Railroad.
United States Rubber Co. on preferred, first and second preferred.

ANNUAL MEETING.
International Traction Co.

STERLING EXCHANGE EASIER.

20-Point Reaction Prevents Gold Exports for the Present.

A reaction of 20 points in sterling exchange rates prevented yesterday the export of gold, which was considered imminent at the close of last week. The direct cause of the easier exchange situation was the advance in money rates here, due to the preparations for end-of-the-month payments and to the resumption of shipments to the West through the Sub-Treasury.

Demand sterling, which sold at 4.8715 at the close of last week, declined yesterday to 4.8690, and sales were made for next Saturday's steamer at 4.8685. There was no decline in the rate of sterling exchange at Paris to offset the reaction here. Call money was lent yesterday as high as 5½ per cent., and closed for the day at that figure.

There was transferred to Chicago, through the Sub-Treasury, $500,000, making $1,000,000 sent to that city in the last two business days, and $200,000 was sent to St. Louis. It was said in Wall Street that further sums were likely to be sent to Chicago before the close of the week.

Advices received by some New York bankers yesterday indicated a freer movement of cotton at the South and larger exports of that staple. An increase in cotton exports would, of course, increase the supply of bills and serve, to some extent at least, to bring about lower rates of exchange.

North American Co.'s Inspection.

Charles W. Wetmore, President of the North American Company; Edwin M. Bulkley, of Spencer Trask & Co., a Director, and C. D. Smithers, of F. S. Smithers & Co. returned Saturday from a trip of inspection of the properties of the important subsidiary companies of the North American Company—the United Railways, Union Electric Light and Power, and Laclede Gas Companies of St. Louis; the Milwaukee Railway and Lighting Company and Milwaukee Light, Heat, and Traction Company, and the Detroit Edison Company. All were found to be in greatly improved condition.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned at 4@5½ per cent., closing at 5½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 5 per cent.

Time money rates, 4½@4¾ per cent. for all periods.

Mercantile paper rates, 4¾@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable and choice four to six months' single names, and 5@5½ per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $161,188,023; balances, $6,222,142. The Sub-Treasury debit was $81,412.

Foreign exchange was slightly easier. Nominal rates were $4.84½ for sixty days and $4.88 for demand. Rates for actual business were as follows: Sixty days, $4.8340; demand, $4.87; cables, $4.8765; commercial bills, $4.83@$4.83¾.

Commercial bills were quoted: France, 5.19 and 5.16; reichsmarks, 94¼@94 9-16 and 95 3-16@95 7-32; guilders, 39 15-16 and 40 1-16.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par. Chicago—10c discount. New Orleans—Commercial, 50c discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 80c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, 20; telegraphic, 5c. Cincinnati—Par. St. Louis—25@10c discount.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—In the market today the supplies of money were abundant and rates were easier than last mid-week. Discounts were firm. Bar gold was in much Continental request.

Trading on the Stock Exchange opened with a fairly good tendency as a result of the calmness on the Continent, the Russian situation being regarded more hopefully. Prices rallied in many directions. The ease of money was also a bull factor. A small failure was announced, but it did not affect the market. Consols were fairly supported though slightly easier owing to stiff contangos. They closed firmer. Home rails mostly had a better tone.

Americans opened dull, rallied soon to above parity on New York buying; afterward became unsettled and easier on realizations and New York selling and closed weak. Grand Trunk was flat on the disappointing revenue statement.

Foreigners improved. Russians hardened considerably, but closed weak on Paris selling.

Japanese Imperial Sixes of 1904 were quoted at 101⅜.

Bar silver steady at 28⅞d per ounce. Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Madrid, 28.82; Lisbon, 5.50.

Bar gold, 77s 9½d. American eagles, 76s 4½d.

Bullion amounting to £27,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day and £50,000 was withdrawn for shipment to the Continent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between New York equivalents and the previous New York closing:

	London Closing Yesterday.	N. Y. Equiva-lent.	Previous N. Y. Closing.	Change.
Consols, money	88 3-16	....	....	+1-16
Consols, acct. Dec.	88⅛	....	....	....
Anaconda	6	117	116¾	+ ¼
Atchison	89⅝	87⅝	87½	+ ⅛
Canadian Pacific	174⅝	169⅞	169¾	+ ⅛
St. Paul	184	179	179	....
Erie	48⅝	47½	47¾	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	82⅝	80¼	80⅝	+ ¾
Illinois Central	182½	177½	177½	....
Louis. & Nash.	154½	150⅝	150⅝	+ ⅛
N. Y. Central	154½	150¼	150¼	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	74⅜	144⅝	144⅝	+ ⅛
Reading	64¼	125¾	124½	+ ⅛
South. Pacific	71¾	69⅝	69½	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	132⅝	131⅞	131⅝	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	38½	37¼	37¼	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	107¼	104½	104½	+ ⅛

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Prices on the Bourse to-day opened with an upward tendency owing to the satisfactory reports from Russia received here early in the day.

Later reports, including the rumor of an attack upon Emperor Nicholas, caused prices to weaken. Russians were much depressed, Russian Imperial fours going down to 90 and Russian bonds of 1904 to 514.

At the close the market was feeble.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 52½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 14½c for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firmer on account of the receipt of no very bad news from Russia.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 45½ pfennings for checks.

Discount rates—Short bills, 6 per cent.; three months bills, 1⅞ per cent.

American Mining Stocks in London.

The following prices for American mining stocks were received from London yesterday:

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	15	6	Esperanza	5	1	3
Tomboy	1	11	3	Dolores	2	0	0
El Oro	1	15	4½	Strat. Ind'y'nes	0	9	9

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Officials of the principal money-lending institutions in Wall Street comment privately upon the increased amount of high-priced stocks appearing in large speculative loans. This bears out the assertion so often made of late by conservative commentators that there has been, and is still in progress, an accumulation of high-priced stocks in the hands of a few aggressive speculators. It proves, also, that the investor, instead of buying such stocks on this advanced level of prices, has been tempted to sell. In no other way than through the selling of investment holdings could the speculative supply of certain stocks have been so materially increased. It has been supposed for some time by experienced observers of the market that various pools operating in high-priced stocks were being compelled to increase their lines in order to keep control of a certain percentage of the floating supply. It appears that they have been doing precisely that. Anybody who has followed the market closely in the last few weeks has known that such securities were not being distributed by the speculative public. There has not been any public in the market to speak of.

***

In a 5 per cent. money market interest charges begin to eat upon an account that is loaded up with high-priced stocks. To carry New York Central at 150 in a 5 per cent. money market costs 7½ per cent. on the par value of the stock, and the holder receives in dividends only 5 per cent. on the par value, a difference to the disadvantage of the account of 2½ per cent. To carry St. Paul at 180 with 5 per cent. money costs 9 per cent. on the par value of the stock, and the dividend return is 7 per cent. on the par value, a loss of 2 per cent. To carry Reading at 125 in a 5 per cent. money market costs 6¼ per cent. on the par value, and the stock yields 4 per cent., a difference of 2¼ per cent. To carry Canadian Pacific at 175 with 5 per cent. money costs 8¾ per cent. on the face value of the stock, and it yields 6 per cent. Comparisons of this sort lead sooner or later to Steel preferred, a seasoned 7 per cent. stock, which is selling out of line with other established dividend payers, either among railroad or industrial securities. To carry Steel preferred at 105 with 5 per cent. money costs 5¼ per cent. on par value, and the stock yields 7 per cent., a difference in favor of the account of 1¾ per cent.

***

The position of those operators who have advanced a number of dividend paying stocks to prices at which they no longer appeal either to investors or careful speculative buyers is made more difficult by the fact that Wall Street and the public at large are in a critical mood. In the excitement of a broad and active general speculation such disparities between the cost of money and the dividend yield of securities are largely lost sight of, or, at least, may be offset by rumors of deals, increased dividends, concealed assets, &c., but with the market dull, with the public holding aloof, and with Wall Street at leisure to look over and under and all around every question presented for consideration, such things are dwelt upon unfavorably. Any pool or combination of operators that has been responsible for producing a striking inequality in the market becomes then a target for criticism.

***

The wide publicity given to the last annual Wabash report and the unfriendly criticism based upon the figures therein presented have failed to bring Wabash securities upon the market in any volume. The reason that a showing so highly unsatisfactory at first glance has not produced more liquidation probably is that Wabash securities are held largely by persons who are incapable of reasoning backward. Perhaps their association with the property has developed that faculty. At all events, it is said by some of them that the annual report, upon examination, will be seen to wear a worse face than is warranted by the condition of the property. They allege, in short, that the report took the worst possible aspect for the purpose of discouraging tired holders of the company's securities. If that really was the object of making such a report, it has been defeated by the patience of the security holders. It is said that in order to bring operating expenses up to 88 per cent. of gross earnings heavy charges which should properly have been made to capital account were included in operating expenses. Persons familiar with the Wabash property believe that it can be operated from 65 to 67 per cent. of gross, and that consequently there is a difference of more than 15 per cent. between what was charged to operating expenses on $24,000,000 gross and what should have been charged to that account. The recent Gould-Ramsey contest showed that actual control of the Wabash property did not rest in the hands of the Goulds. They had to borrow stock and bonds in the open market and canvass Wall Street for proxies in order to control the meeting. It is argued that sooner or later the Goulds will have to acquire actual control of Wabash securities in order to protect themselves against the Pennsylvania or some other rival that might unexpectedly make an offer which the holders of a majority of Wabash stock and bonds would be tempted to accept. If the Pennsylvania, for example, were to offer a 3½ per cent. bond in exchange for the Wabash debenture Bs the outside holders of Wabash Bs might find the temptation irresistible, as a 3½ per cent. Pennsylvania bond would be worth probably par.

***

The Wabash earnings soon will cease to compare with those of the World's Fair year, and then, it is said, the freight business ought to show increases. The World's Fair business cost the Wabash about all it got out of it, owing to the large expenditures that had to be made in and around St. Louis to take care of it. It was chiefly valuable as an advertisement.

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It is positively and authoritatively denied that Southern Pacific will be placed on a dividend basis in January.

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The Tammany crowd has been heavily long of Metropolitan Street Railway.

***

The heaviest calling of loans reported yesterday was by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who were said to have withdrawn from the market during the day about $10,000,000. This was supposed to be the Japanese money. The National City Bank and J. P. Morgan & Co. were reported to be lending freely.

***

American Smelting and Refining common makes new high records these days without attracting much attention. It touched 136⅝ yesterday, and closed at the highest eighth. It is a stock that has no very persuasive influence upon the general market.

***

The more cheerful feeling pervading foreign markets yesterday had its direct effect upon this market through a higher range of quotations in London for American stocks. On the opening of this market traders who had carried short stocks over the week's end covered their contracts at very moderate profits, if any, and stood by to await developments. Slight advances seemed to be bringing in stocks, brokers reported from the floor, and the market degenerated after the first hour into a perfunctory traders' affair. There was very little commission house business. Various pools made pretense of keeping up the activity, but they accomplished very little. The commissions they paid out doubtless were charged up to expense, with little or nothing to balance them on the other side. The only exhibitions of aggressive activity in the forenoon were in American Smelting and Refining and Kansas City Southern preferred. Support appeared through the general list as often as it was needed. Steel common was strongly supported again on the level of 37. It sold at that price, but did not go below it, and closed at a recovery of ⅝ per cent. Union Pacific, which has been supported several times in a very aggressive manner on the level of 131, sold in the first hour at 131¼, and rallied in the last hour to 132⅝.

***

In the last half hour a general and fairly effective demonstration was made against the short interest. The movement started in a few stocks, notably Tennessee Coal and Iron, Canadian Pacific, Reading, American Locomotive, and American Smelting, in which the activity of the forenoon was resumed, and gradually extended so as to include practically the entire list. The buying on this recovery was rather aggressive, but as to its general character there could be two opinions. The Gates crowd, which had not appeared openly in the market for several weeks, was reported in the forenoon to be supporting various stocks, notably Union Pacific, with orders so distributed as to have the appearance of other and stronger origin.

***

After two days the selling pressure upon the Rock Island issues was renewed yesterday, the common stock declining to 28¾, the lowest point so far reached on this movement. The first transaction in the preferred stock occurred long after mid-day. This recent selling of Rock Island securities has also included St. Louis and San Francisco second preferred, which touched 64 yesterday. It is a 4 per cent. stock. The principal members of the Moore crowd returned to Wall Street yesterday, but, although they were seen by a number of persons anxious to know how the weakness of the Rock Island issues could be explained, nobody seemed to get much light on the subject. Along with the member of the Moore crowd who has been in the West came President Winchell of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company (not the Rock Island Company, nor the Rock Island, Chicago and Pacific Railroad Company,) and he participated in the conferences that were held during the day. The principal support for Rock Island common on yesterday's further decline appeared to come from the short interest.

DIVIDENDS.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
66 BROADWAY, N. Y.
COUPONS PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1ST, 1905.
New York City 3s.
New York City 3½s.
New York City 4s.
Bay Shore Union Free School District No. 1 4s.
Cedric Ditch Co. 1st 6s.
Citizens' Electric Co. of North Plainfield, N. J., 1st 5s.
Columbus, Buckeye Lake & Newark Traction Co. 1st 5s.
Du Bois Electric & Traction Co. Collateral Trust 5s.
Fort Madison Water Co. Registered Interest 5s.
Marietta, Columbus & Cleveland R. R. Co. 1st 5s.
Manhanset Improvement Co. 1st 6s.
Newburgh Electric Ry. Co 1st 5s.
New Jersey Steamboat Co. Consolidated 5s.
New York Athletic Club Debenture 5s.
Pelham Manor [village of] Sewers 4s.
Pere Marquette R. R. Co. of Indiana 1st 4s.
Rochester Gas & Electric Co. Con. 5s.
Rockland Light & Power Co. 1st 5s.
Rocky Mountain Coal & Iron Co. 1st 5s.
Safety Insulated Wire & Cable Co. 1st 6s.
San Francisco Coke & Gas Co. 1st 5s.
Sing Sing Gas Mfg. Co. 1st 4s.
Southern States Land Co. 1st 6s.
Southern States Land Co. 2d 6s.
Watervliet Hydraulic Co. 1st 5s.
DUE NOVEMBER 15TH, 1905.
Hammondsport [village of] N. Y. 5s.
Lambs [The] Registered Interest 5s.
Coupons due and payable at the
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
MUTUAL LIFE BUILDING,
on and after November 1, 1905.
American Steel Casting Co. 1st Mtg. 5%
Cen. of Ga. Ry. Co. 1st Con. 5%
Cent. Railroad & Bkg. Co. of Ga. Coll. Tr. .. 5%
Cumberland & Penn. R. R. Co. 1st 5%
City of Elmira, N. Y., Funding 4%
E. I. de Pont de Nemours & Co. Coll. Trust 4%
Loraine St. Ry. Co. 1st 5%
Michigan Central R. R. Co. 1st 3½%
Mobile & Ohio R. R. Co., St. Louis & Cairo Collateral Trust 4%
Raleigh Electric Co. 5%
Sacramento Elec. Gas & Railway Co. 5%
Wilkes-Barre & Hazelton R. R. Co. (Due Nov. 15) 5%

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the Treasurer, New York, Oct. 27, 1905.
A dividend of One Per Cent. (being the first quarter Per Cent. on the capital stock of the ROME, WATERTOWN & OGDENSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, Lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office, on and after November 15, 1905, to stockholders of record at the closing of the transfer books on October 31, 1905.
EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.
Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Coupon Notes.
Coupons from these notes for their terms payable on November 1, 1905, at the office of its Treasurer in the City of New York, or, at the holder's option, at the office of its Treasurer in the City of Boston, will be paid in New York by the Manhattan Trust Company, 20 Wall Street, or in Boston by the National Bank of Commerce, Sears Building.
WM. R. DRIVER, Treasurer.

THE GERMANIA BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
New York, Oct. 20, 1905.
The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Ten (10) Per Cent. out of the net earnings of the past six months, payable to the shareholders on and after the first day of November next. Transfer books will be closed to November 2, 1905, 10 A. M.
LOFTIN LOVE, Cashier.

Central of Georgia Railway Co.
COUPONS DUE NOVEMBER 1, 1905, ON THE
First Consolidated Mortgage Bonds, Collateral Trust Mortgage Bonds
of this company will be paid on and after November 1st, 1905, at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company, 28 Nassau Street.
T. M. CUNNINGHAM, Treasurer.

Litchfield & Madison Railway Co.
Coupons due November 1, 1905, from the First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Thirty-year Gold Bonds of the above company, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of Dent, Palmer & Co., 52 William Street, New York.
D. M. CAMERON, Treasurer.

Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Company
First Mortgage 4½ Per Cent. Gold Bonds.
Coupon No. 8, due Nov. 1, 1905, will be paid at maturity at the office of
FISK & ROBINSON, 35 Cedar St., N. Y.
F. A. LEHR, Treasurer.

CENTRAL FOUNDRY COMPANY.
The coupons due November 1st, 1905, from the 6% gold debentures of this company will be paid on and after that date by Baring, Magoun & Co., 15 Wall St.
W. L. ROGERS, Treasurer.

HANCO TENI-AVRIAL ANCOLA.—COUPON No. 18 of Cedulas, sixth edition, will be paid upon presentation at the office of Muller, Schall & Co., No. 44 Wall Street, Oct. 31, 1905.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS and BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICES 55 WILLIAM STREET,
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1st,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
10 shs. Somerville (N. J.) Woolen Mills.
13 shs. Illinois Central R. R. Co.
9 shs. American Smelting & Refining Co. Pfd.
20 shs. Southern Railway Co. Pref'd.
6 shs. Union Trust Co.
5 shs. United States Trust Co.
5 shs. The Anglo-American Oyster Co.
105 shs. Adams Express Co.
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.
19 shs. Metropolitan Trust Co. of N. Y.
25 shs. Brooklyn Trust Co.
15 shs. Nassau Trust Co. of Brooklyn.
38 shs. Franklin Trust Co. of Brooklyn.
1 sh. Chemical National Bank.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$92,549.74 The Lawlor & Cavanaugh Co. Cfts. of Indebtedness.
$1,500 Altamont Water Supply Co. 1st Mtge. Bds.
15 shs. Germania Fire Insurance Co.
50 shs. Van Norden Trust Co.
15 shs. National City Bank.
1 sh. N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust Co.
7 shs. 4th National Bank.
10 shs. Morton Trust Co. of N. Y.
80 shs. Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic. R. R. (Special Guar.)
50 shs. Title Insurance Co. of N. Y.
25 shs. N. Y. Mtge. & Security Co.
100 shs. American Surety Co.
50 shs. R. R. Mabie Roofing Co.
20 shs. Richmond Light & R. R. Co. & $15 Scrip, V. T. C.
68 shs. Computing Scale Co. of America common.
33 shs. Realty Associates.
25 shs. Long Island Loan & Trust Co.
50 shs. N. Y. & East River Ferry Co.
5 shs. 42d Street & Grand St. Ferry R. R.
10 shs. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry.
50 shs. U. S. Title Guar. & Indemnity Co.
12 shs. Home Insurance Co.
$2,000 B'klyn, Queens Co. & Suburban R. R. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds.
$7,000 B'klyn, Queens Co. & Suburban R. R. 1st Con. Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds.
$3,000 East Tenn., Virg. & Geo. R. R. Con. 5 p. c. Reg. Bds., 1956.
$2,000 Mutual Union Tel. Co. 6 p. c. Bds., 1911.
$1,000 N. Y. & East River Gas Co. 5 p. c. Bds., 1945.
$4,000 Evansville, Terre Haute R. R., S. C. C. Branch, 5 p. c. Bds., 1930.
10 shs. Peoples Trust Co.
10 shs. Union Trust Co.
10 shs. Thirty-fourth St. Nat'l Bank.
25 shs. Liberty Nat'l Bank.
$2,000 Travers City R. R. 5 p. c. Bds., 1933.
$250 St. Louis & Southwestern R. R. Con. Mtg. 4 p. c. Bond Scrip.
$1,200 Mobile & Birmingham R. R. 4 p. c. Bds., 1945.
30 shs. N. Y., Susq. & Western Coal Co. pfd.
$60,000 Cross Country R. R. 1st Mtg. 4 p. c. Bds., 1951.
3 shs. Mechanics' Nat'l. Bank.
$2,000 Computing Scale Co. of America 6 p. c. Bds.
370 shs. Little Falls Water Co. of N. Y.
15 shs. Nassau Trust Co.
1 share Fifth Avenue Trust Co.
$5,000 Lack. & Wyoming Valley Rapid Transit 5 p. c. Bds., 1951.
$65,000 Toluca, Marquette & Northern R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. 4½ p. c. 50-year Gold Bonds, 1952, Jany., 1902, Coupons.
100 shs. American Surety Co.
20 shs. Metropolitan Surety Co.
40 shs. Bond & Mortgage Guar. Co.

We offer,
subject to advance in price,
a limited amount of
The Colorado Telephone Co.
6% STOCK
to net about 5⅞%
This company is a "BELL" licensee. A majority of its capital stock is owned by the American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
The Colorado Telephone Co. has NO BONDED DEBT, and has paid regular 6% dividends since 1893.
SPECIAL CIRCULAR UPON APPLICATION.
Moffat & White,
Members New York Stock Exchange,
5 Nassau St., Hanover Bank Bldg.,
NEW YORK CITY.

ROCK ISLAND FOURS.
I recommend their purchase. They are secured by deposit of Chicago, R. I. & P. R'way Co. stock—dollar for dollar—C., R. I. & P. paid dividends uninterruptedly for a long period of years. Its stock sold as high as 206 during the conversion. A bond selling for $825 or $805, (a coupon will be paid Nov. 1,) with security costing, say, $2,060, looks cheap.
This issue was marketed in 1902 at 92½.
Cornelius P. Rosemon,
Banker.
68 WALL STREET. Tel. 2204 Broad.

DIVIDENDS.

FOURTEENTH STREET BANK,
In the City of New York.
New York, October 24th, 1905.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a Quarterly Dividend of TWO PER CENT., free of tax, was declared upon the capital stock of this bank, payable November 1st, 1905. Transfer books will be closed from October 24th to November 1st, 1905, inclusive.
IRVING C. GAYLORD, Cashier.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
128 Broadway, New York, October 20th, 1905.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank held to-day a semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5%) PER CENT. on the capital stock was declared, payable November 1st, proximo, to stockholders of record at close of business October 20th, 1905.
EDWARD BURNS, Cashier.

Interborough Rapid Transit Co.
Coupon No. 1 of the Four Per Cent. Three Year Gold Notes of this Company, due November 1st, 1905, will be paid on and after that date at the office of August Belmont & Co., No. 23 Nassau Street, New York City. Coupons may be now left for examination.
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.
By AUGUST BELMONT, President.
October 28th, 1905.

UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY.
New York, October 13, 1905.
144th Dividend.
A Semi-Annual Dividend of Two Dollars per share has been declared payable November 15th, 1905.
Transfer Books will close October 31st at noon and reopen November 16th.
EDWARD T. PLATT, Treasurer.

THE UNITED STATES LEATHER COMPANY.
The coupons of the debenture bonds of this Company, due November 1st, 1905, will be paid on and after that date at the National Park Bank, New York.
JAMES R. PLUM, Treasurer.

THE NASSAU BANK.
New York, October 25th, 1905.
105TH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.
A semi-annual dividend of Four (4) Per Cent., free of tax, was this day declared, payable to stockholders of record of this date on and after Nov. 1st.
WM. H. ROGERS, Cashier.

THE HORMIGUERO CENTRAL CO. OF NEW YORK.
New York Office, No. 69 Wall Street.
The coupon No. 30, due November 1, on the First Mortgage 8 per cent. Gold Bond of this Company will be paid on presentation at this office.
LORENZO M. GILLET, Treasurer.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.
Coupons due November 1, 1905, from Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of this company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Central Trust Company, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.
F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

COUPONS OF THE NORTHERN UNION GAS Company, due November 1, 1905, will be paid at the office of Messrs. H. B. Hollins & Co., 15 Wall St., N. Y.
D. HAMILTON, Treasurer.

Guaranty Trust Company
OF NEW YORK
MUTUAL LIFE BUILDING
Capital, $2,000,000 | Surplus, $5,500,000
INTEREST PAID ON CHECK ACCOUNTS AND ON CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT
OFFICERS:
JOHN W. CASTLES, President.
OSCAR L. GUBELMAN, Vice-President. ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Vice-President.
MAX MAY, Manager Foreign Department. WM. C. EDWARDS, Treasurer.
E. C. HEBBARD, Secretary. F. C. HARRIMAN, Assistant Treasurer.
R. C. NEWTON, Trust Officer.
Issues Travelers' Letters of Credit and Foreign Drafts.

The Importance of Precious Metal Values In Copper Ores.

The Greene Consolidated Copper Company's report for August shows that its copper costs it about twelve cents a pound. This is probably nearly the present average cost of copper production.

The SAN LUIS MINING COMPANY and the George A. Treadwell Mining Company have such large gold and silver values in their product that the entire cost of production is paid by the precious metals, and the copper is all profit. It costs nothing.

With copper selling at seventeen cents a pound there is a handsome profit upon a cost of twelve cents, but it is only a short time since copper was selling at eleven cents, and in the swing of the pendulum it is likely to go back there again, and perhaps to nine or ten cents. Everybody makes money when prices are high. The test comes when prices are low.

The San Luis and the Treadwell Companies both have copper properties as large as the largest. They can go on producing copper longer than any of their present stockholders can live to enjoy their dividends. They are making good all that has ever been claimed for them, and are already producing and making handsome earnings, which will soon take the form of dividends, and which will increase as their development and equipment increase.

The strength of their position is that while they can earn as much as any other copper producers while copper is high, they can keep on earning and paying dividends when other copper producers may have to shut up shop because copper is low.

This is something that investors who are buying copper stocks cannot afford to overlook.

The SAN LUIS MINING COMPANY offers for sale the balance of its Treasury stock to provide additional funds for betterments which will still further largely increase its production and profits.

Prices will be quoted on application.
MYRA B. MARTIN, Secretary,
27 William Street, New York.

American Malting Company
FIRST MORTGAGE 6% BONDS.
Notice of Bonds Drawn for Redemption.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Depositary of the Sinking Fund, as provided in the mortgage of above-named Company dated November 20, 1899, hereby gives notice that bonds of the following numbers have been drawn for redemption on December 1, 1905, at the rate of 105% and accrued interest to December 1, 1905, after which date interest on each of said bonds will cease:

1	358	743	1127	1480	1916	2452	2989	3370
23	387	786	1136	1537	1932	2492	2945	3416
44	448	820	1147	1565	1955	2529	3016	3486
105	488	850	1155	1584	1969	2610	3068	3474
172	515	893	1158	1585	2014	2786	3153	3538
180	517	1052	1212	1740	2071	2888	3179	3497
227	551	1062	1300	1748	2086	2894	3284	3616
248	611	1074	1301	1763	2155	2907	3326

mpany

$5,500,000

FICATES OF DEPOSIT

MPHILL, Vice-President.
Treasurer.
Assistant Treasurer.

reign Drafts.

nce of
s Metal Values
in Copper Ores.

Consolidated Copper Co
or August shows that its
about twelve cents a pound,
nearly the present aver-
per production.

IS MINING COMPANY
A. Treadwell Mining Com-
large gold and silver val-
oduct that the entire cost
paid by the precious met-
pper is all profit. It costs

selling at seventeen cents
is a handsome profit upon
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ce copper was selling at
and in the swing of the
is likely to go back there
haps to nine or ten cents.
ke money when prices are low.
comes when prices are low.
s and the Treadwell Com-
ave copper properties as
rgest. They can go on pro-
longer than any of their
olders can live to enjoy
. They are making good
er been claimed for them-
producing and making
ings, which will soon take
ldends, and which will in-
development and equip-

of their position is that
earn as much as any other
rs while copper is high,
n earning and paying div-
her copper producers may
shop because copper is

thing that investors who
per stocks cannot afford

S MINING COMPANY of-
e balance of its Treasury
additional funds for buy-
will still further largely
duction and profits.
opened on application.
. MARTIN, Secretary,
illiam Street, New York.

Malting Company

RTGAGE 6% BONDS.

s Drawn for Redemption.

Company of New York, as
Sinking Fund, as provided in
above-named Company dated
90, hereby gives notice that
llowing numbers have been
tion on December 1, 1905, at
nd accrued interest to Decem-
which date interest on each of
ase:

7 1480 1916 2462 2689 3370
6 1537 1932 2492 2945 3416
7 1565 1955 2529 3016 3456
5 1584 1969 2610 3068 3474
8 1585 2014 2786 3155 3533
2 1740 2071 2888 3179 3557
0 1746 2086 2894 3264 3616
1 1763 2155 2907 3282 3629
3 1789 2186 2915 3327 3633
2 1855 2215 2934 3358 3646
9 1868 2238

RUST CO. OF NEW YORK.

ary of Sinking Fund.

UBELMAN, Vice President.
16, 1905.

TIONAL WATER WORKS
THE CITY OF TROY.

ffice, Troy, N. Y.—The un-
eceive bids at this office
e sixth day of November
ed bonds of the City of
e September 1st, 1905, and
e aggregate to the sum of
ty-one thousand five hun-
$21,000.00), payable as fol-
ousand dollars ($20,000.00)
ar 1935; twenty-five thou-
,000.00) thereof in the year
ousand dollars ($30,000.00)
ar 1937; fifty-five thousand
thereof in the year 1938,
ousand five hundred dollars
in the year 1939. They
Additional Water Works
of Troy" and are issued
ct of Chapter 476 of the
amended by Chapter 435 of
and Chapter 370 of the laws
laws amendatory thereof
to, and in pursuance
of the Common Council of
adopted on the 2nd day of
approved by the Mayor of
day of August, 1905.
be in denominations of one
each, except where a fraction
the issue in a lesser sum,
terest at the rate of four
annum, payable semi-an-
offer the date of issue. The
shall be payable at the
ffice, Troy, N. Y.
proposals shall be accompa-
fied check, payable to the
of Troy, for not less than
per value of said
ntee that the bidder shall
they are awarded the
which said checks are
ated as and shall be liqui-
d shall belong to the City
of the failure, refusal or
bidders to take such
days after notice to him or
roller of said city that he
n awarded such bonds at
of the unsuccessful
turned immediately after
d bonds. Notice of the
on to the successful bidder
dated at Troy, N. Y.,

L GEARIN, Comptroller.

NOTICE.
Certificates of Deposit
rust Co. of N. Y. for Com-
ed Stock of the RUBBER
ACTING CO.
w York, Oct. 26th, 1905.
TRUST CO. OF N. Y. will
and after NOVEMBER 1ST,
ing Certificates of deposit
DBS MFG. CO. stock issued
ircular signed by ANSLEY
ance Manager, dated May
ount of stock of the
ber Company due thereon
dend and interest to

twenty-nine ($2.29) cents
first Preferred Stock, being
est on the preferred stock
MFG. CO. from
1st, 1905, and it dividend
Rubber Co. 1st preferred
1st, 1905, and one dol-
($1.50) per share on the
stock, payable October

ficates of Deposit should
exchange and furnish cer-

HONY N. BRADY,
Syndicate Manager.
RUST CO. OF N. Y.

EXPTION OF WILLIAM-
COMPANY BONDS.
Company of Bir-
n County, Alabama, have
f its real property for a
redeem all of its bonds
the undersigned
sufficient to redeem all
with interest thereon to
notice is hereby given
ll be redeemed on presen-
dersigned, in the City of
ama, or to the Hanover
New York City, with ac-
reon, and that interest
bonds after January 1,
ot the same are presented

UST AND SAVINGS CO.,
Trustee.

RON WORKS COMPANY.
hat under the provisions of
e the following six Fifty
Cent Gold Coupon bonds
Iron Works Company, for
November 15, 1921 have been
and will be paid at 105 and
ue of The Land Title and
Trustee, Philadelphia, Penn-
ber 15, 1905, on which date

82 134 280 239 240.
RON WORKS COMPANY.
ber 17, 1905.

RKED AND NEED RE-
man of excellent record an-
ust such a place, where his
will be properly recognized
furnished if required; you
nted if you try me. Kindly
x 321 Times, Times Square.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Sluggish—Standard Oil Reaches 700.

Boston Copper Only Active Copper Stock—It Gains 1⅜—Heavy Trading in Albany and Susquehanna Bonds.

Sluggishness characterized the trading in curb stocks yesterday. There was little movement, and the volume of sales was small. Standard Oil again advanced sharply, and closed at 700. It is up 36 points within the last three weeks. Chicago Subway, of which 900 shares were sold, showed weakness in the forenoon, but closed exactly where it opened, at 46½. Mercantile Marine preferred fell off ¼. Nearly all the copper stocks were stationary. Greene Consolidated's high and low prices differed only ⅜. United lost ¼. Boston Copper was an exception to the general dullness, rising 1⅜ on transactions in 12,000 shares. There was continued activity in Albany and Susquehanna bonds.

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300..	Amer. Can..	11	11	10½	10⅝
400..	Am. Can pf..	70⅜	71½	70⅜	71½
200..	Am. Nickel..	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
150..	Am. Writ. Pa. pf.	5	*5¼	5	5¼
250..	A. W. P. pf..	32⅜	*33	32⅜	33
17..	Beth. St. Cor.	28	28	28	28
125..	B. St. Cor. pf.	87½	87½	86	86
350..	Box Board pf.	13	13	13	13
300..	Buffalo Gas..	10¼	10½	10¼	10½
200..	Camden Land.	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
10..	Cent. Fdy.....	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
200..	Con. Refrig....	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
500..	Harriman Coal.	64½	*65	64½	65¼
2,450..	Houston Oil...	5⅜	*5⅝	5½	5⅝
1,200..	In. Mer. M. pf.	36⅜	36⅝	36⅜	36⅝
50..	Int. Salt.....	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾
100..	Lake Sup. Cor.	18½	18⅝	18½	18½
26..	Lord & Taylor	112½	112½	112½	112½
200..	Mackay Cos..	46⅛	46⅛	46	46
465..	Mack. Cos. pf.	73½	*74	73¼	73¼
50..	N. J. Ter. Dk.				
	& Imp.....	35	35	35	35
300..	Otis El.....	62	62	61	61
78..	Standard Oil..	692½	700	691	700
600..	U. S. Rub. 2d				
	pf., w. i....	78	78	77½	77¾

RAILROADS.

9,000..	Chi. Sub.....	46¼	46⅝	45¾	46⅛
2,000..	Erie rts.....	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
16..	Gt. No. rts..	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
50..	Int. Rap. T..	211	211	211	211
2,000..	Manhat. Tran.	2½	2½	2	2½
35..	New Orl. pf..	82¾	82¾	82¾	83¾
100..	N. Y., N. H. &				
	H. rts.....	6½	6½	6½	6½
1..	No. Sec. stubs.	1300	300	300	300
$84.25..	No. Sec. stub				
	script.....	300	300	300	300
200..	Seab. A. L. pf.	50	50	50	50
2,100..	West. Maryl..	30	30	29	29¾

MINING STOCKS.

12,000..	Bos. Cop....	12⅞	14⅝	12⅞	14¼
300..	Brit. Col. Cop.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
200..	Calif. Cop....	2-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
900..	Dom. Cop....	23⅝	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝
3,000..	Dom. Cop....	11-32	⅜	11-32	⅜
4,600..	Granby Con.	9¼	9¾	9¼	9¼
300..	Greene Gold..	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
2,850..	Greene Con. C.	26½	26½	26¼	26¾
376..	Guanaj. Con.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
300..	Guanaj. Amal.				
	Gold Mining.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
200..	La Chivia Min.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
5,550..	Mines Sec....	⅝	⅝	5-16	5-16
1,800..	Mitch. Min....	8¼	8¼	7⅞	8¼
600..	Monarch Min.	6½	6½	6½	6½
2,000..	Nev. Con. Cop.	6½	6½	6½	6½
380..	Phoenix Sec..	3½	3½	3¼	3⅝
250..	Treadwell Min.	70	70	70	70
2,100..	Un. Cop. Co..	1 5-16	1 5-16	1¼	1¼
1,428..	United Cop....	33⅜	34	33½	33¼
350..	Un. Cop. pf..	76	76¼	76	76⅜
450..	Utah Cop....	37⅜	37½	37	37⅜
1,800..	White Knob C.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
600..	W. K. C. pf. C.	1 11-16	1¾	1⅝	1⅝

BONDS.

$50,000..	Al. & Sus. 5s..				
	20% pd.....	118½	118¾	118½	118¾
83,000..	Am. St. Fdys.	85	85	85	85½
	6s, w. i. & pd.				
15,000..	A. Pa. Se. 5s	89½	89½	89½	89½
7,000..	N. Or. Ry. 4½s	90½	90½	90½	90½
2,000..	St. Mill. 5s...	84	84	84	84
3,000..	N. J. Ter. Dk.				
	& Imp. 5s..	85	85	85	85
5,000..	Wash. Ry. 4s.	91½	91½	91½	91½
20,000..	Wt. Mary. deb.				
	6s.....	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾

*Less than 100 shares. †Plus a commission.

Closing quotations of stocks compare as follows with the closing quotations of Saturday:

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

	Oct. 30. Bid.	Asked.	Oct. 28. Bid.	Asked.
American Can	10⅝	11	10⅝	11
American Can pf.	71¼	71¾	70¾	71¾
American Chicle	143	145	140	145
American Cotton Oil	98	102	98	101
American Ice Securities	10⅞	11	10⅞	11
Am. Light & Traction	104½	105	103¼	105
Am. Light & Trac. pf	103½	105	103½	105
American Malting	6	6¼	5¾	6
American Malting 6s	33½	35	33½	35
American Tobacco	370	375	360	370
Am. Writing Paper	5	5¼	5	5¼
Am. Writing Paper pf.	32½	33½	32½	33½
Am. Writing Paper 5s.	89¼	89½	90	90¾
Bay State Gas	¾	1	¾	⅞
Bethlehem Steel	27½	29	28	30
Bethlehem Steel pf	80	87½	80	87½
Borden's Cond. Milk	170	175	170	176
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	113	115	113	115
British Columbia Cop.	8¼	8¾	8	8¾
Buffalo Gas	10	10⅝	10	10⅝
Central Foundry	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5⅝
Central Foundry pf.	23½	25	24½	25½
Central Foundry 6s	83	83¾	83¼	84
Chicago Subway	46	46¼	45¾	46
Con. Refrigerating	6¼	6½	6¼	6⅝
Con. Rubber Tire	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	10	13	10	13
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	31	34	30	33
Electric Boat	28	35	28	35
Electric Boat pf.	65	75	65	75
Electric Vehicle	14	17	14	17
Electric Vehicle pf.	21	23	21	23
Empire Steel	7¼	8	7½	8½
Empire Steel pf.	34	38	35	40
Gold Hill Copper	¾	1	¾	⅞
Greene Con. Copper	20¾	21	20¾	20¾
Greene Con. Gold	4¾	5	4¾	5
Guanajuato Con. Min.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Guggenheim Exploration	182	190	180	186
Hall Signal	90	93	90	93
Havana Tobacco	27	29	28	30
Havana Tobacco pf.	37	40	37	41
Houston Oil	5⅝	6	6	6
Houston Oil pf.	34	36½	36	38
Inter. Rapid Transit	212	212½	211½	212½
Inter. Mer. Marine	13½	14	13⅝	13⅝
Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	36	36¾	36	36¾
Inter. Mer. Marine 4½s	82	84	82	84
International Salt	37	37¾	37	37¾
International Salt 5s	73	74	73½	75
Lackawanna Steel	80	85	80	85
Mackay Companies	45¾	46¼	46¼	46¾
Mackay Companies pf.	73	73½	73½	73¾
Manhattan Transit	2¼	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
Mine Securities	5-16	7-16	5-16	5-16
Mitchell Mining	8½	9	8	8¾
National Salt	38½	38¾	37½	38
New Orleans Rys.	82½	84	82	84
New Orleans Rys. pf.	90¼	91	90	91
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
N. Y. Transportation	57	62	57	62
N. Y. & G. E. L. & P.	87	92	88	92
N. Y. & G. E. L. & P. pf.	88	92	88	92
Northern Securities	184	188	184	188
North. Sec. stubs	300	313½	312½	325
Otis Elevator	60	63	63	67
Otis Elevator pf.	107	110	107	110
Pope Manufacturing	4¾	5	4¾	5
Pope Mfg. 1st pf.	77	78	77	78
Pope Mfg. 2d pf.	17	18	17	18
Royal Bak. Powder pf.	109½	112	109½	112
Safety Car Heating	295	310	295	310
Seaboard Co.	27	27½	27½	28
Seaboard Co. 1st pf.	90	91	90¾	91¾
Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	57½	57½	57½	58
Seaboard Air Line 5s.	100	101	100	101¼
Standard Milling	7	8	8	8¾
Standard Milling pf.	33¾	33¾	33	34
Standard Milling 5s.	83¼	84	83¼	84
Standard Oil	692	700	694	696
Tennessee Copper	33½	34½	34	34¾
Title Mining	6¾	8	8	8
Tonopah Min. of Nev.	13¾	14	13¾	14
Trenton Potteries	20	23	20	23
Trenton Potteries pf.	98	102	98	102
Trenton Potteries deb.	70	76	70	76
Union Copper	1 5-16	1⅜	1 5-16	1⅜
Union Typewriter	78	82	80	85
Union Typ. 1st pf.	112	118	118	120
Union Typ. 2d pf.	112	115	113	115
United Copper	33¾	33¾	33½	34
United Copper pf.	76	77	75¾	76¾
U. S. Rubber pf., w. i.	77½	78¼	78	79
White Knob Copper	⅝	¾	¾	⅞
White Knob Copper pf.	¾	1¼	1⅛	1¼

583

American Smelters Preferred

AT 120 PAYS ABOVE.

Write for income value and quotation record.

ENNIS & STOPPANI

38 Broad St., New York

Members { Chicago Board of Trade. Cons. Stock Exchange. New York Produce Exchange. } Estb. 1883.

WE ADVISE THE PURCHASE OF AND BUY AND SELL
UTAH APEX
AND ALL COPPER STOCKS.
Send for Daily Letter and Quotations.
O. F. Jonasson & Co.,
COMMISSION MINING STOCK BROKERS
44-46 Broadway, N. Y.
Tels. 2186-2187 Broad.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—The local money market is quiet. The usual table of rates, &c., follows:

Call loans, 5@6½ per cent.; time loans, collateral, 5@6½ per cent.; time loans, mercantile paper, 5 per cent.; clearing house loans, 5 per cent.; New York funds, 10c. discount. Clearings, $17,660,917; balance, $1,337,578; Sub-Treasury debit, $162,922.

The weekly statement of the associated National banks of Boston follows:

	Oct. 28, '05.	Decrease for Week.	Oct. 29, '04.
Loans	$187,075,000	*$209,000	$183,907,000
Circulation	7,350,000	*10,000	7,380,000
Deposits	144,153,000	686,000	44,519,000
Due banks	7,056,000	2,266,000	75,982,000
U. S. deposits	1,396,000	6,000	3,751,000
Due from agents	27,050,000	555,000	29,211,000
Exchanges	15,705,000	132,000	12,489,000
Due from others	21,740,000	2,065,000	22,068,000
5% fund	386,500	*4,250	577,000
Legals	5,751,000	*18,000	5,921,000
Specie	17,341,000	201,000	17,889,000
Reserve excess	1,639,429	259,857	3,086,429
New York excess	5,597,429	326,857	13,467,429

*Increase.

Boston Consolidated was the feature in the local market to-day, advancing to 14¼ on large transactions. The buying in this issue is by the same parties who have been so persistently acquiring the stock of late. North Butte gained a point in the early trading, selling at 58, but later lost the advance. Atlantic and Isle Royale lost about a point each on stop orders. There was more or less realizing in evidence in the afternoon trading, but prices held very well, and the undertone is good. The close was steady.

Complete list of transactions follows:

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000..	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	94½	94¼	94⅜
1,000..	A. T. & S. F. 4s	102¼	102¼	102¼
2,000..	C., B. & Q. 3½s	95¼	95¼	95¼
4,000..	C., R. I. & P. 5s	107	107	107
2,000..	Japanese 2d 4½s	91⅝	91¼	91¼
1,000..	Seattle Elec 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾
5,000..	United Fruit 5s	109¾	109¾	109½
500..	U. S. 3s (1908-18) R.	103¾	103¾	103¾

RAILROADS.

70..	Atchison.....	87⅝	87½	87⅝
50..	Atchison pf....	103¾	103¾	103¾
81..	Boston Elevated	153¾	153¾	153¾
25..	Boston Elevated	153¾	153¾	153¾
1..	Boston & Lowell	246	246	246
1..	Boston & Maine	177	177	177
1..	Boston & Worcester pf	74	73¾	73¾
45..	Fitchburg pf.	142½	142	142
55..	Mass. Elec.	13½	13	13
55..	Mass. Elec. pf.	56	56	56
55..	Mass. Elec. pf.	202	201¾	202
48..	N. Y., N. H. & H.	202	201¾	202
4..	Old Colony	207½	207½	207¾
1,065..	Union Pacific	132¼	131½	132
80..	West End	99½	99½	99½

TELEPHONES.

215..	American	137¾	137	137
82..	New England	138	137¾	138
200..	Mexican	13	1 11-16	1¾
5..	Western	13	13	13

MISCELLANEOUS.

550..	Am. Ag. Chem.	25¾	25	25
32..	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	93½	92¼	92½
50..	Am. Pneu. Serv.	6¾	6½	6¾
295..	Am. Sugar pf.	141¼	140¼	141¼
57..	Am. Sugar pf.	140	139¾	139¾
457..	Am. Wool	41	40⅝	41
65..	Am. Wool pf.	104½	104	104
350..	East Boston Land	6¼	6	6¼
7..	*Edison	248	248	248
5..	General Electric	185	185	185
150..	Ga. Ry. & El. Light	92	92	92
151..	Mass. Gas	49¾	49¼	49½
176..	Mass. Gas pf.	93¾	93⅝	93¾
5..	Pullman	250	250	250
25..	Seattle Elec. pf.	99	98½	99
23..	Swift & Co.	105	105	105
105..	United Fruit	107½	107	107
185..	United Shoe Machine	75	73½	74
190..	United Shoe Mach. pf.	31½	31½	31½
1,151..	U. S. Steel	37½	37¼	37½
276..	U. S. Steel pf.	104½	104	104½

MINING.

645..	Adventure	8¾	8½	8½
2,070..	*Amalgamated	43½	42¾	43
1,428..	Allouez	9	8⅞	9
200..	American Zinc	5¾	4	5
4,048..	Arcadian	2¼	2	2¼
200..	Arnold	25¾	25¾	25¾
2,712..	Atlantic	31	30¾	30¾
75..	Bingham	14¼	13	13¾
16,346..	Boston Con.	75c.	75c.	75c.
100..	Bonanza	68¾	68¾	68¾
5..	Calumet & Hecla	684	684	684
2,305..	†Centennial	31¾	30½	31⅝
1,000..	Con. Mercur	62c.	62c.	62c.
4,125..	Copper Range	73⅜	73	73⅜
380..	Daly-West	14¼	14	14¼
320..	Dominion Iron	20¼	20¼	20¼
125..	Elm River	3½	3½	3½
620..	Granby	26⅜	26	26
741..	*Greene	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
11,060..	Guanajuato	27¼	26¾	26¾
935..	Isle Royale	10¼	9¾	10¼
205..	†Mass	14¾	14¼	14¼
360..	Michigan	58½	58	58
100..	Mohawk	58	56½	57¼
5,835..	North Butte	3	2¾	3
910..	Montana Coal & Coke	4	3	3
100..	Old Colony	30¼	30¼	30¼
1,795..	Old Dominion	111¾	110¾	111
273..	Osceola	27½	27	27½
50..	Parrot	17¼	17	17¼
5..	Phoenix	106	106	106
5..	Quincy	7¾	7½	7¾
660..	Rhode Island	7¾	7½	7¾
1,820..	Shannon	12¾	12⅝	12¾
25..	Tamarack	14¾	13½	14⅜
595..	Tecumseh	9	8	9
175..	Trinity	10	10	10
265..	U. S. Coal & Oil	35⅜	35¼	35⅜
825..	U. S. Mining	33	32½	33
2,100..	United Copper	76¾	76¾	76¾
125..	United Copper pf.	46¼	46¼	46¼
85..	Utah	6¼	6¼	6¼
350..	‡Victoria	3½	3½	3½

*Ex dividend. †Second installment paid. ‡Assessment paid.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 30.—The feature of the trading to-day was the Maryland and Pennsylvania Railroad income bonds, which sold up to 68. This is a jump of 7¾ since last Monday and an advance of 3 points over the last sale on Saturday. Reports of a deal for the property are generally credited with being responsible for the rise.

It is said that an investigation of the property has been in progress for some time, though it is still stated by Alexander Brown & Sons, who, with associates, control the property, that nothing is known of any deal for the road. Very little of this stock has been offered for sale recently, and the last sale recorded was at about 24. The Maryland and Pennsylvania is an independent line with an entrance into Baltimore.

Western Maryland common stock sold down to 14¾, the decline being accredited to the downward trend in the New York market. This stock has been very active of late and sold up to 17 a week ago.

There were fractional declines in a number of other issues. The close was dull, but steady. Shares, 1,235.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20..	Seaboard com.	27¼	27¼	27¼
835..	Western Md.	15	14⅝	14⅝
25..	Md. & Penn R. R.	25¼	25¼	25¼
100..	Bank of Commerce	125	125	125
90..	U. S. Fidelity	127	127	127
100..	Sheerin	9	9	9
50..	Canton Co.	93½	93½	93¾
15..	Ala. Coal & Iron	60	60	60

BONDS.

$12,000..	Md. & Penn. Inc.	68	65½	68
6,000..	Seaboard 4s	89¼	89⅝	89⅝
5,000..	Seaboard 10-yr. 5s	105	105	105
1,000..	Western Md. 4s	87½	87½	87½
1,000..	Wil. & Wel. 5s	119¾	119¾	119¾
2,000..	Wil. & W. Sp. Pt. & C. 4½s	96	96	96
2,000..	Bal. Sp. Pt. & C. 4½s	96	114¾	114¾
1,000..	City & Sub. 5s	114¾	100	100
1,000..	M. Ry. & L. 5s	100	92¾	92¾
4,000..	United Rys. 4s	92¾	61	61¾
1,500..	United Rys. 4s	61¼	54¾	54¾
4,000..	Breweries Inc.	54¾	81¾	81¾
2,000..	Cotton Duck 5s	81¾		

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—New York exchange was 10c. discount before clearings, and par after. Time and call loans, 4@5 per cent.

Business on the local Exchange was restricted to-day, but prices in several instances showed improvement. Edison sold up to 165 and Tool went at 50 in small lots. Swift's continued in its recently weakened position, and Biscuit preferred was easier. Carbon preferred went at 116, and Quaker Oats preferred sold at 102.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150..	Am. Can.....	11	11	11
210..	Am. Can pf....	71	71	71
20..	Chicago Edison	165	165	165
100..	Chi. Pneumatic Tool	50	50	50
550..	Chicago Subway	46¼	46	46
45..	Chicago Telephone	138	137½	138
40..	Diamond Match	142	141¾	141¾
50..	Kansas City Light	55	55	55
65..	Illinois Brick	63½	63	63
30..	Metropolitan El	27¼	27¼	27½
50..	Nat. Biscuit	116	114½	114½
15..	Nat. Biscuit pf	116	116	116
25..	Nat. Carbon pf	125¼	125¼	125¼
100..	Oats	102	105	105
40..	Quaker Oats pf	105	104¾	105
90..	Swift & Co.	105	104	104¾
75..	South Side El	99¾	99¾	99¾
25..	United Box Board	2	2	2
310..	United Box Board pf	13	12¾	13

Swift & Company's sales of fresh beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Oct. 28, averaged 9.98 cents per pound.—Adv.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—The local feature to-day was an advance in Lehigh Coal and Navigation Trust certificates from 113 to 117¾. The movement was based upon the announcement that arrangements are being made in New York for the absorption of the property, but by whom it has not been divulged. It was acknowledged to-day that three different interests want the property—the Goulds, a syndicate of German bankers, and an unknown interest. The German syndicate only took up the proposition last Saturday, but its representative is known to represent powerful moneyed interests. Lehigh Valley was also strong and effective, support was given Philadelphia Company, renewed liquidation in United Gas improvement sent its price down to 90¼, but inside support was then forthcoming, and the price rallied to Saturday's level.

Total sales, 35,938 shares.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
4..	Alliance Ins. Co	19	19	19
1,428..	Allouez	65½	65½	65½
5..	Academy of Music	361	361	361
50..	Atchison	87⅝	87½	87⅝
37..	Cambria Iron	49¼	49¼	49¼
230..	Cambria Steel	28¾	28¼	28¾
100..	Chesapeake & Ohio	55	55	55
20..	Con. Traction, N. J.	82	82	82
200..	Diamond Steel pf.	¼	¼	¼
230..	Erie	47¾	47	47
3..	Hunt. & B. Top pf.	55	55	55
110..	Lake Superior Corp.	83¼	81⅜	82¼
8,457..	Lehigh Valley R.	116	113½	116
900..	Lehigh Navigation	117¾	113	117¼
6,429..	Lehigh Nav. tr. ctfs.	117⅝	113	117¼
450..	Marsden	3 5-16	3¼	3¼
800..	N. Y., Ont. & Western	53⅝	53⅜	53⅝
100..	North Penn. R. R.	105	105	105
1,000..	Northern Central R. R.	108¾	108¼	108¾
531..	Pennsylvania R. R.	72¼	71¾	72
20..	Philadelphia Traction	100½	100¼	100¾
330..	Philadelphia Electric	8 9-16	8⅝	8 9-16
400..	Philadelphia Co.	48¾	48⅛	48⅜
100..	Phila. Rapid Transit	27⅝	27⅜	27⅝
6,520..	Reading	62¾	62¾	62 13-16
216..	Reading 1st pf.	46¼	45¾	45¾
500..	Rock Island	29¾	29	29¾
500..	Southern R. R.	35¾	35½	33½
150..	Tonopah Mining	12½

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Building to be Erected on West Twenty-fourth Street —Deal at Broadway and Sixty-seventh Street— Lower East Side Purchase.

M. & L. Hess have sold for the Realty Holding Company to Louis Schulse 147 West Twenty-fourth Street, for immediate improvement with a seven-story building.

Upper Broadway Purchase.

Samuel Goldsticker has sold for the City Investing Company to Harry L. Toplitz 1,989 Broadway, a lot 28.1 by 118, together with 129 West Sixty-seventh Street, a five-story flat, 25 by 75. The two properties form an "L" surrounding the northwest corner of Broadway and Sixty-seventh Street.

Big Deal Near Corlears Hook.

Walter D. Starr has sold for the Dannat estate a plot of twelve lots bounded by Brooms, Delancey, Tompkins, and East Streets. This property has not changed hands in over fifty years.

Buyer for 40th Street Apartments.

William Henry Folsom has sold for the United States Life Insurance Company the Baltimore Apartments, a five-story structure at 138 to 142 East Fortieth Street, on plot 72 by 98.9. The buyer is George V. Foster.

Mrs. Johanna P. Linsley has sold to the Kip's Bay Realty Company 25 to 33 Irving Place and 118 East Sixteenth Street, forming the southwest corner of those streets, six three-story dwellings on plot 108.8 by 100.

Dwelling Sold on Madison Avenue.

Pease & Elliman, in conjunction with Wilmerding & Field, have sold for the Fleischmann Realty Company the four-story brownstone dwelling 961 Madison Avenue, on lot 24 by 100.8.

E. N. Hall is the buyer of 107 East Sixty-fifth Street, recently sold by Charles A. Moran.

Edward C. Sheehy has sold to the City Real Estate Company 138 East Seventy-first Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 15 by 84.5.

Estate Sells West Side House.

The estate of Caroline F. Clark has sold 66 West Eighty-ninth Street, a four-story brownstone-front dwelling, 20 by 100.8.

William L. Beadleston has sold 160 West Eighty-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 25 by 102.2.

The Coe estate has sold 117 West Fifty-second Street, a three-story stable, on lot 25 by 100.5.

Buying Houses from the Plans.

Julius Moll has sold for the Fleischmann Realty and Construction Company, to Aaron, Rothman & Cohen, the two six-story apartment houses to be erected on a plot 80 by 100, on Seventh Avenue, adjoining the northeast corner of 143th Street.

Weisberger & Kaufman have sold for Kaskel, Bruder & Hahn 1,962 and 1,972 Seventh Avenue, two five-story double flats, with stores, each 25 by 100.

Parnass & Dellon have sold the block front on the west side of Lenox Avenue, between 142d and 143d Streets, a plot 190.10 by 100.

Herman Horwitz has sold to Henry Rosenthal the two five-story apartment houses on the north side of 142d Street, 200 feet east of Eighth Avenue, 50 by 100.

Lowenstein, Papas & Co., now at 10 West 116th Street, have sold for a Mr. Bemberger 130 and 132 West 112th Street, two five-story flats on plot 60 by 100.11; also, for Blum & Glauber, the new six-story apartment house 309 and 311 East 120th Street, 50 by 100.11; also, for Sachs & Reich, the five-story double flat 17 West 115th Street, on lot 25 by 100.11; also, for a Mr. Grosner, 21 West 114th Street, a five-story double flat, with stores, on lot 25 by 100.11. The same firm also negotiated the recently reported sale of 824 to 828 East 138th Street for the Pennsylvania Realty Company to B. Posner.

West 133d Street Flat Changes Hands.

Hyman Horwitz has bought the six-story apartment house 529 and 531 West 133d Street, on plot 50 by 100.

Mo Shwitzer has sold for Politschek & Spencer 514 West 122d Street, a six-story elevator apartment house, on plot 50 by 90.

Robert R. Rainey has sold for Elizabeth McCarthy and George L. Reichert 497 West 124th Street, a five-story tenement, on lot 25.5 by 100.11.

Steinman & Jackson negotiated the sale of the plot, 125 by 100, on the south side of 132d Street, 100 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, for Janpole & Werner to Manheim & Weinstein.

Resale of Tenth Avenue Corner.

Max Marx has resold to a client of Maurice Rapp the southeast corner of Tenth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, a five-story tenement, 27 by 90.

William Bond has sold for Frank Giblen the two five-story tenements 552 and 554 West Forty-seventh Street, on plot 40 by 100.5.

James J. Etchingham has sold for Julia P. Kersch to Jonah Engelman 236 West Sixty-second Street, a five-story tenement, with store, on lot 25 by 100.

Mary Kelly has sold 452 West Thirty-ninth Street, a four-story tenement, on lot 25 by 98.9.

Buyer of Broad Street Parcel.

Morris Weinstein is the buyer of the block front on the west side of Broad Street from Beaver to Marketfield Street, sold recently by William G. Park, through D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co.

H. L. Suydam & Co. have leased the store and basement 500 Broadway for a term of years.

Upper Madison Avenue Purchases.

M. L. & C. Ernst have sold to Dezo Fuchs, 1,901 Madison Avenue, southeast corner of 123d Street, a three-story dwelling, 20.11 by 100. The buyer will occupy the house. Herman Katcher was the broker.

Sigmund Levy has bought from Abraham S. Abramson 1,461 Madison Avenue, a five-story double flat, 25 by 75.

Englander, Markowitz & Co., in conjunction with Louis Werbel, have sold for M. Schloss the two six-story apartment houses 54 East 103d Street, each 40 by 100; also, for M. Posenauer, the two triple flats 141 and 143 West 108th Street, each 25 by 100.

Grossman & Passon have bought the six-story tenement 321 East Ninety-ninth Street, 37.6 by 100.

Operators Buy on 117th Street.

George Brettell & Son have sold, in conjunction with A. Stark, for Uhlfelder & Weinberg, to William Patten and J. L. Van Sant, the plot, 75 by 100, on the north side of 117th Street, 248 feet east of Pleasant Avenue.

Angelo R. Palladino sold for a Mr. Hertz 447 East 116th Street, a five-story brownstone double flat, on lot 25 by 100.11.

S. Levy has sold for the Blancuth Realty Company to Ignatz Mantlier the five-story double flats 230 to 234 East Ninety-sixth Street, each 25 by 100.

Louis Lese has bought from the Kelly estate through D. H. Scully 153 East 121st Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 100.11; also, from Harry U. Rosenthal, through Max Blau, 411 and 413 East Eighty-third Street, two three-story buildings, on plot 40 by 102.2.

S. Loewenthal has bought from Jacob Manheimer 2,276 Second Avenue, a four-story tenement, with stores, on lot 20 by 70.

Avenue A Shows Good Demand.

Seiferd & Leist have bought 1,556 Avenue A, a four-story single flat.

M. Kite reports that he has bought the property 1,527 Avenue A.

B. Hirshfield & Co. have bought from A. Buchmüller the three-story brick building 1,523 Avenue A.

Leo Hutter has resold to the Bohemian Real Estate Association 1,845 to 1,855 First Avenue, being the westerly block front between Ninety-fifth and Ninety-sixth Streets, eight five-story tenements, on plot 201.10 by 80.

Dessauer & Werdenschlag have sold for Gruenstein & Mayer to Davis Brooks 203 and 205 East Seventy-seventh Street, two five-story tenements on plot 60 by 102.2.

J. Levy & Co. have sold 328 East Fifty-eighth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 22 by 100.5, to Lowenfeld & Prager, who own adjoining property.

The Hartzell estate has sold the northwest corner of Second Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, a four-story tenement, with store, on lot 24.8 by 82; also, the northeast corner of Second Avenue and Seventy-second Street, a four-story tenement, with stores, on lot 25 by 76.

Charles E. Durose was the broker in the recent sale of 315 East Thirty-eighth Street, for Carl Smith to William Bachrach.

Bronx Plots Bought by Operator.

Louis Lese has sold the plot 100 by 100, on the south side of 146th Street, 175 feet west of Brook Avenue, to Goldberg & Kramer, for improvement; also, to Lotten & Brown the plot, 75 by 100, on the north side of 145th Street, 125 feet east of Brook Avenue. Williamson & Bryan were the brokers.

Mr. Lese has bought from Caroline Kingler, through Kurs & Uren, 809 Courtlandt Avenue, a four-story double flat, on plot 28 by 100.

George J. Stricker has sold for J. Smith, a client the one-family frame dwelling 1,364 Fulton Avenue, near 170th Street, on lot 25 by 206.

Meyer Solomon has sold to F. S. York 620 East 149th Street, a frame house, on lot 25 by 100. Mr. York owns adjoining property.

A. Friedberg has sold for Mrs. Annie Berger to Hugh McKeon the five-story flat 778 East 165th Street, adjoining the southwest corner of Third Avenue, 22 by 82 by 100.

The Goodman Realty Company has sold for Frederick Kroger to Abraham Piser the plot on Westchester Avenue, 145 feet west of Avenue D, 68 by 276, running through to Fourteenth Street, Unionport; also, for H. Buckner, the corner of Westchester and Grace Avenues, 67 by 100. Mr. Piser now controls a frontage of 200 feet on Westchester Avenue, from Doris to Grace Avenues.

A. Shatzkin & Sons have bought from Dr. S. Clug the southwest corner of Maple Avenue and 213th Street, and have resold the property to a client.

Brooklyn Apartments in Deal.

The Ernestus Gulick Company has sold the row of brick and limestone apartment houses 945 to 951 President Street, near Ninth Avenue, Brooklyn. These buildings were erected last year by Louis Bonert, and have been held at $120,000. Nos. 949 and 951 were owned by Lewis Sylvester and Nos. 945 and 947 by Harry Cox. The buyer is E. G. Cole.

Pollak & Deutsch, as attorneys, have sold the four-story brick dwelling 258 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, on plot 30 by 80, to Robert Frazell.

Bronx Lots at Auction To-day.

The remainder of the Varian estate, 184 lots, lying between Woodlawn Road and Mosholu Parkway, 207th and 210th Streets, will be offered at auction to-day by L. J. Phillips & Co. The sale will take place at the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street.

Results at Auction.

Eighteen lots on the west side of Jerome Avenue, betwene 176th and 177th Streets, were put up at auction yesterday by L. J. Phillips & Co. and were struck down as follows: Three lots, beginning 187.8 feet south of 177th Street, to Mayer Farian to Samuel Rothschild, $5,000 each; S. Auerbach, $5,000 each; three lots, adjoining on the south, to Leo Salomon, $5,100 each; three lots, adjoining, to Leo Salomon, $5,000 each; three lots, adjoining, to Leon Hirsch, $4,925 each; two lots, adjoining, to Walter J. Rosenstein, $4,925 each; four lots adjoining, to Leo Salomon, $5,050 each.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

180th St, n s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 50x88; Harris & Isaacs of 1,827 7th Av, owners; W. A. Balch of 5 West 31st St, architect; cost, $70,000.

144th St, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, for a five-story brick flat, 50x87.11; E. Gussaroff of 1,775 Madison Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 148th St and 3d Av, architects; cost, $50,000.

100th St, s2 and 34 West, for a five-story brick factory, 50x99.11; Schinasi Brothers of 211 West 120th St, owners; Gillespie & Carrel of 1,123 Broadway, architects; cost, $140,000.

Broadway, n e corner of 159th St, for a six-story brick flat and store, 99.11x90; Fiuri Construction Company of 1,809 Amsterdam Av, owner; Neville & Bagge of 217 West 125th St, architects; cost, $100,000.

Ogden Av, w s, 90 ft s of 161st St, for a four-story brick tenement, 25x85.11; Mrs. M. Fitzpatrick, Nelson Av and 164th St, owner; J. I. Campbell of 29 East 19th St, architect; cost, $12,000.

Woodycrest Av, n e corner of 164th St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 40x40; George A. Bagge of 831 East 168th St, owner; Neville & Bagge of 217 West 125th St, architects; cost, $3,000.

Perry Av, n w corner of Woodlawn Road, for a two-story frame dwelling, 22x57; Rose Wahlig of 679 East 180th St, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $5,000.

223d St, n s, 80 ft w of White Plains Road, for a two-story brick dwelling, 21x50; D. S. Crosier of 92 East 10th St, William's Bridge, owner; George P. Crosier, architect; cost, $5,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, Oct. 30.

BEEKMAN AV, 15 and 17, w s, 50x100; Henry F. A. Wolf Company to Jacob Dohrmann and another, (mtg $30,000) 100

BRYANT AV, w s, 325 ft n of Freeman St, 25x100; Edward Schaefer to Frances C. Reeves, (mtg $2,250) 100

CHERRY ST, 337, s s, 20.7x66.10; Bridget Hayes, executrix, to Albert Busch and another .....

CHERRY ST, 337, s s, 20.7x56.10; Bridget Hayes, individually, and others to Albert Busch and another 10,000

CRESTON AV, e s, 307.6 ft n e of 181st St, 52.6x85.5; Theodore Sattler to William Lohmann and wife 100

CRESTON AV, 2,749, w s, 16.10x100.4; John Wilkins to Theodore Diesenberg, (mtg $2,750) ..... Nom.

CROTONA AV, w s, 250.5 ft s of 177th St, 22x116; John Rumore to Clementine Rosenberger .....

CROTONA AV, w s, 250.5 ft s of 177th St, 22x116; Clementine Rosenberger to Michele Valdicco and another, (mtg $6,000) ..... Nom.

ELLIOTT AV, e s, 300 ft s of Juliana St, 45x129; Annie Knewits to Peter H. Short, (mtg $8,750) .....

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 169th St, —x—x100x298.10; C. M. Silverman to Millie M. Silverman, ½ part, all title .....

FRANKLIN AV, n e corner of Main St, 100x100, City Island; Katharine D. Mackenzie to City Real Estate Company, (mtg $2,500) .....

GAINSBORG AV, e s, 150 ft n of Madison Av, 125x irregular; Bankers' Realty and Construction Company to Norman W. Dodge .....

GAINSBORG AV, e s, 100 ft n of Madison Av, 50x90.2; Bankers' Realty and Security Company to Norman W. Dodge .....

GARDEN AV, e s, Lot 72, map of South Belmont, 50x100; Thomas Moran and others to Henry Klein .....

INTERVALE AV, n w s, 233.5 ft n e of 169th St, 25x184.10; David O'Brien to Mary O'Brien .....

JEFFERSON AV, n w corner of Fox Av, 80x100, Edenwald; Anna M. Stellpart to Antonietta Reichert .....

JONES AV, e s, 200 ft n of Jefferson Av, 50x100; Land Company B of Edenwald to Samuel Preiser .....

LAFAYETTE AV, n s, 230 ft e of Whittier St, —x—; Lafayette Av, s e corner of Whittier St, 90.4x200; Edgewater Realty Company to Max J. Adler, all liens .....

LENOX AV, 545, w s, 22x75; Sigmund Klein to Anna Weiss and another, (mtg $25,000) .....

LOT 300, Section D, map of Lyres estate; Mary Schoenbucher to George M. Lamb .....

LOT 226, map of Van Nest Park; Joseph C. Lake to Amelia Martin, (mtg $3,000) .....

LOT 84, map of Fairmount, 197.4x182.8; Michael Fell to Ann Graham ..... Nom.

LOT 2, map of sub-division of Plot 1, map of Classon Point; Hudson F. Rose Company to Michele Citro ..... Nom.

LOTS 243, 244, and 245, map of Section 2, Bronx View Park, 75x100; Thomas Scott to James Dunnigan and another .....

MADISON AV, 1,760, w s, 25x85; Joseph Cohn and others to Anna Weiss and others, (mtg $25,000) 100

MAGENTA AV, n s, 193 ft n of White Plains Av, 75x96.1; A. Shatzkin & Sons to Magno Vitolo and another, (mtg $1,050) 100

MADISON AV, w s, 75.11 ft n of 117th St, 25x85; Simon Hoffmann to Samuel Klein, (mtg $23,500) 100

MAIN ST, s e corner of land of Samuel Pell, 662 to 654, map of land of City Island; Katharine D. Mackenzie to City Real Estate Company, (mtg $6,000) 100

PLOT, begins 440 ft e of White Plains Road x975 ft n of Morris Park Av, runs w 100x n 24.6x n e 0.6x e 99.9x s 25; plot, begins 940 ft e of White Plains Road x 575 ft n of Morris Park Av, runs w 100x n 25x e 100x s 25; Ephraim B. Levy to Louis Berger ..... Nom.

SEDGWICK AV, e s, 270.6 ft s of 167th St, 75x120; William M. Sporborg to Samuel W. Ehrich, (mtg $7,250) 100

STEBBINS AV, 968, e s, 25x80; Pauline Kelpien to Albert V. Thomalen, (mtg $6,000) ..... Nom.

STEBBINS AV, 968, e s, 25x80; Albert V. Thomalen to Theodore Kelpien, (mtg $4,000) .....

SUMMIT AV, w s, 222.9 ft s of Cross St, 24.3x108.10; Merwin Realty Company to William F. Garrety, (mtg $9,000) .....

TIMPSON PLACE, s e s, 100 ft n e of St. Joseph's St; Land Company No. 1 to Ajax Construction Company, (mtg $34,650) .....

TRINITY AV, 1,022, e s, 17.2x90; James Reynolds to Joseph Lazarus and another, (mtg $7,000) .....

WAVERLY PLACE, e s, 70 ft n of Christopher St, 20x80; Samuel Aronson to Patrick P. Foley, (mtg $17,000) .....

WEBSTER AV, 1,553, w s, 25x90; Katharina Schoenherr to Jacob Weber, (mtg $11,500) .....

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 150 ft n of Becker Av, 25.6x152.10; Jesse Lantz to Della Realty Company .....

18T AV, n w corner of 74th St, 26.8x74; Charles Rosenbaum to Albert Wintersnits, (mtg $31,000) .....

18T AV, s w corner of 81st St, 20.8x75; Samuel Levinson to Samuel Greenfeld, (mtg $20,000) .....

18T AV, s w corner of 81st St, 20.8x75; Samuel Greenfeld to Joseph Larchan, (mtg $20,000) .....

2D AV, w s, 50.4 ft n of 89th St, 25x75; Phebe A. Cheesman and others to Henry J. Schumacher .....

2D AV, s e corner of 119th St, 60.10x100; William J. Greenfield and others to Samuel Kadin, (mtg $50,000) .....

2D AV, 1,855, w s, 25x100; Adolf Messer and others to Lewis Samuels, (mtg $25,000) .....

3D AV, n e corner of 32d St, 24.8x85; Reuben Wilson to Henry T. Molter and another, trustees, (mtg $15,000) .....

3D AV, 740, e s, 25x95; Morris Kanshaar to Hannah Rosenthal and another, (mtg $25,000) .....

3D AV, 749, e s, 25x95; Morris Kanshaar to Hannah Rosenthal and another, (mtg $25,000) .....

46TH ST, 10 West, 25x100.5; Louis Stuart Wing to Augustus Clarkson .....

54TH ST, 407 West, 25x100.5; Oscar Sylvester and Nos. 945 and 947 by Harry Cox. The buyer is E. G. Cole.

74TH ST, 335 East, 25x102.2; Sigmund Lewy to Sophie Lavin, (mtg $16,000) ..

83D ST, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Frank H. Otto to Julia Wahlheimer, (mtg $10,000) .....

85TH ST, 530 East, 25x102.2; Martin Derx to Ferdinand Renner, (mtg $10,000) .....

86TH ST, s s, 113.4 ft e of Madison Av, 21.11x ½ blocks; Eliza J. Mitchell to William L. Radford, (mtg $17,000) .....

87TH ST, 507 East, 24.11x100.8; Jakob Weis to Martin Lahm, (mtg $17,000) ..

90TH ST, 67 West, 18.9x100.8; Warren M. Lisle to Timothy J. Kelly, (mtg $18,500) .....

96TH ST, n s, 875 ft w of Central Park West, 18x100.11; Mary Clark to William J. Kelly, (mtg $22,500) .....

97TH ST, n s, 325 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 20x100.11; Franklin L. Groff to Peter J. Ferrie, (mtg $8,000) .....

98TH ST, 58 West, 25x100.11; Rose Weinhandler to Edward F. Sandkuhl, (mtg $25,000) .....

107TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Lexington Av, 37x100.11; Salomon Farian to Samuel Rothschild, (mtg $65,500) .....

114TH ST, 25 West, 25x100.11; David Golovoity to Victor Lubliner, (mtg $20,000) .....

114TH ST, 33 West, 19.11x100.11; Harris Beaver to Max Greenberg, (mtg $21,000) .....

115TH ST, 336 East, 25x100.10; David Lion to Ferdinando Mazzacano, (mtg $12,000) .....

151ST ST, 460 West, 26x99.11; Louis Hildenstein to Mary A. Mally, (mtg $16,000) .....

153D ST, 675 to 677 East, 50x100; Theresa Goldsmith to Rockland Realty Company .....

167ST ST, s s, 185 ft e of Morris Av, 65x130; Fannie Smith to Frank Cramer..

165TH ST, s s, 53.7 ft e of Intervale Av, 16.8x irregular; Irving Realty Company to Paul Hansen, (mtg $4,500) .....

176TH ST, 1,047 East, 50x100; Frederick M. Mellert to Elizabeth Fritzel, (mtg $7,500) .....

170TH ST, n s, at land of Clements, runs e 24.7x s 4x w 24.10; Lot 53, map of Monterey, 50x115; William Crowley to Catharine McNulty, all liens .....

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ADLER, Max J., to Edgewater Realty Company; Lafayette Av, n s, 230 ft e of Whittier St, 3 years 6,500

ANOPOL, Walter, to Catherine C. Hill; Lot 481, Block B, map of Mapes, 3 years, 5½ per cent 3,500

BAYLES, S. Taber, to Oscar Hansen; 94th St, 407 West, 2 years 2,500

BERGER, Louis, to E. B. Levy; plot, begins 440 ft e of White Plains Road and 975 ft n of Morris Park Av; also plot, begins 940 ft e of White Plains Road and 575 ft n of Morris Park Av, 3 years, 5½ per cent 1,450

BUSCH, Albert, and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Cherry St, 337, demand .....

CITRO, M., to H. P. Rose Company; Lot 2, map of Classon Point, 3 years, 5½ per cent .....

CLAUSEN, Charles C., to American Malting Company; Avenue A, n e corner of 73d St, secures notes, 6 per cent.

CRAIG, Mary A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 25th St, 311 West, 1 year, — per cent .....

CRAMER, Frank T., to T. Smith; 161st St, s s, 105 ft e of Morris St, due May 1, 1900 .....

DOHRMANN, Jacob, to H. F. A. Wolff; Beekman Av, 15 and 17, demand, 8 per cent .....

DUB, Joseph, to Fanny V. N. Ramsdell and another; 1st Av, 1,123, 5 years .....

DUNNIGAN, James, to Thomas Scott; plot, begins 440 ft e of White Plains Road and 625 ft n of Morris Park Av, 3 years, 5½ per cent .....

FEDER, Jennie, to State Bank; Clay Av, 1,062, secures notes, 6 per cent.

FERRIER, Peter J., to F. L. Groff; 97th St, 153 West, 3 years .....

FOLEY, Patrick P., to E. Aronson; Waverley Place, s s, 70 ft n of Christopher St, 2 years, — per cent .....

FRITZEL, Elizabeth, to F. M. Mellert; 176th St, 1,047 East, 3 years, 6 per cent .....

FRAZER, John W., to Charles H. Morlath; Stebbins Av, 1,250, 3 years, 5½ per cent .....

GARRITY, William P., to Merwin Realty Company; Summit Av, w s, 232.9 ft s of Cross St, 3 years, — per cent .....

GREENBERG, Max, to H. Beaver; 114th St, 33 West, 3 years 6 per cent .....

HANSEN, Paul, to Irving Realty Company; 165th St, s s, 53.7 ft e of Intervale Av, installments, 6 per cent .....

HEATH, Hattie, to H. E. De Wolff; Park Av, e s, 224 ft n of Flower St, 3 years .....

HENDERSON, David H., to J. B. Shea; 51st St, n s, 125 ft e of 11th Av, 5 years, 5½ per cent .....

KADIN, Samuel, to W. J. Greenfield and another; 2d Av, s e corner of 119th St, prior mtg $49,000, 5 years, 6 per cent .....

KAISER, Charles, to George Doctor; Lenox Av, e s, 24.11 ft n of 137th St, prior mtg $40,000, 3 years, 6 per cent.

KLEIN, Samuel, to S. Hoffman; Madison Av, w s, 75.11 ft n of 117th St, 3 years, 6 per cent .....

LARIN, Martin, to J. Wels; 87th St, 507 East, 2 years .....

LAZARUS, Joseph, to James Reynolds; Trinity Av, 1,022, prior mtg $7,000, due Jan. 23, 1906, 6 per cent .....

LEVIN, Sophie, to S. Lawyr; 84th St, 335 East, prior mtg $13,000, installments 6 per cent .....

LORIMANN, William, to Theodore Sattler; Creston Av, e s, 307.6 ft n e of 181st St, 5 years, 5½ per cent .....

LUBLINER, Victor, to D. Joslovits; 114th St, 25 West, prior mtg $20,000, 3 years 6 per cent .....

MAZZACONO, F., to David Lion; 115th St, 336 East, prior mtg $14,000, due June 29, 1906, 6 per cent .....

MENNELLA, M., to A. F. Johnston; 115th St, 431 and 433 East, prior mtg $35,000, 2 years, 6 per cent .....

NALLY, Mary A., to L. Hildenstein; 151st St, 460 West, 3 years, 6 per cent.

O'NEIL, Margaret, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Christopher St, 154 and 156, due June 30, 1908, 4½ per cent .....

PENNER, F., to Martin Derx; 85th St, s s, 323 ft e of Avenue A, 3 years, 6 per cent .....

PREISER, Samuel, to Land Company B of Edenwald; Jones Av, e s, 200 ft n of Jefferson Av, 3 years .....

REICHERT, A., to A. M. Steinert; Jefferson Av, n w corner of Fox Av, 3 years .....

ROBILLARD, Norbert, to K. Ill; Castle Hill Av, n e corner of Parker Av, 2 years, 5½ per cent .....

SCHMACHER, Henry J., to F. A. Cheesman; 2d Av, w s, 50.4 ft n of 2d Av, 3 years .....

SCHMIDT, Louis M., to K. Hasser; 1st Av, s e corner of 12th St, prior mtg $15,000, 3 years, — per cent .....

SHORT, Peter T., to A. Knewits; Elliott Av, e s, 300 ft s of Juliana St, 1 year, 5½ per cent .....

SONN, Siegfried, to Joseph Fuchs; Park Av, s e corner of 134th St, due Jan. 27, 1906 2,000

STORMS, John J., Jr., to Adele R. Gardiner and another; Lots 124 to 132, map of estate of M. J. Sadlmar, due May 19, 1907 1,400

VITOLO, Magno, to A. Shatzkin & Sons; Magenta Av, n s, 193.4 ft e of White Plains Av, installments 250

WEISS, Anna, and others to Joseph Cohn and another, Madison Av, w s, 75.11 ft s of 116th St, prior mtg $25,000, 2 years, 6 per cent 2,500

WINNER, August A., and another to Veronika Prueha; Prospect Av, e s, old line 285 ft s of Samuel St, 1 year, 6 per cent .....

WINTERMITZ, Albert, to Charles Rosenbaum; 1st Av, n w corner of 74th St, 3 years 2,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, 196; Nathan Coleman and another against Mirror Candy Company, lessee; John F. Sayward & Co., contractors $156

66TH ST, 12 East; Nathan Coleman and another against John Doe, owner; John F. Sayward & Co., contractors 430

82ND ST, 38 East; Nathan Coleman & Co. against Philip M. Lydig, owner; John F. Sayward & Co., contractors 887

ELDRIDGE ST, 194; Nathan Coleman & Co. against University Settlement Society, owner; John F. Sayward & Co., contractors 193

129TH ST, 102 West; same against John Prime, owner; Mrs. A. J. Odell, contractor 22

22ND ST, 146 East; Nicholas Bellon against Henry Cahuzac, owner and contractor; Samuel Smithson, owner 120

168TH ST, 935 East; Boston Av, L 214 to 1,218; Joseph Krash & Co. against John Little & Co., owners and contractors 120

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 100 ft s of 172d St, 200x100; Savarin-Guldera Company against the Washington Avenue Company owner and contractor 2,500

ELDRIDGE ST, 210 and 212; Ike Silberstein against Isidore Sinkowitz and Harry Burnett, owners; Louis Sherman, contractor 205

2D AV, 2,305; Lillian B. Friedlander against Jacob T. Hildebrandt, owner; Arthur S. Cox, contractor 155

2D AV, 2,287; Lillian B. Friedlander against Jacob T. Hildebrandt, owner; Arthur S. Cox, contractor 150

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

FORREST AV, s w corner of Home St; Hahn & O'Reilly against John M. Linck and others, May 1, 1905, (vacated) 372

MOTT ST, 7 and 9; W. H. Hussy & Son against Chin Gow & Soo Kee Company, April 25, 1905 986

Lis Pendens.

HESTER ST, 70; David Gordon against Florence Goldberg and others, (partition;) attorneys, Engel & Oppenheimer.

2D AV, n w corner of 97th St, 24.11x100; William Wilkowits and another against Samuel Karp and another, (specific performance;) attorney, C. Schwick.

HOME ST, s s, 110.8 ft e of Union Av, 153.8x 110.11x124.10x6.7x50.7x120.2; Fannie Meyers against Abraham Siegel, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Meyers.

10TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of 2d Av, 50x76.10; Vito Damiano and another against William B. Potter, (action to reform lease;) attorney, M. Wolf.

85TH ST, 217 and 219 East; Ellenor McGarahan against John Sheridan, individually and as administratrix, and others, (specific performance;) attorney, M. J. Joyce.

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 123 ft s of 169th St, 25.7x106x25.7x105.6; Emma A. Bourne, individually and as administratrix, against Clara Degener and others, (partition;) attorneys, Hamilton & Backer.

CHRISTOPHER ST, 57; Charles G. Weiss against Mary Wilson and others, (partition;) attorney, A. Reymart.

18TH ST, s s, 254 ft w of 1st Av, 46x103.8; Frieda Radisch and another against Cassel Cohen, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Lewkewitz & Schaap.

51ST ST, s s, 105 ft w of Park Av, 20x100.5; Cedar Street Company against Joseph A. Parley Construction Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. C. Babbage.

83D ST, s s, 340.8 ft e of 9th Av, .04x98.9; 9th Av, w s, 98.9 ft s of 31st St, .01x98.5; Pennsylvania, New York and Long Island Railroad Company against John W. & Ae P. Toler and others, (action to determine will, &c.;) attorney, E. Menocal.

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should apply to the largest lender on mortgage in New York or Brooklyn. **LOW FEES** for examination and guarantee of title.

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at all times, netting 4½ and 5%, on choicest security, appraised and approved for Company's own funds.
Attorneys' Inspection Invited.

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WILL ERECT A GARAGE
on a plot in the Eighties, adjoining Broadway.
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A large amount of money
to loan on mortgage at 4½ and 5%. Also Building Loan funds and Second Mortgages bought.
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Which section of the city, five years hence, will have the greatest transportation facilities? Industrial facilities? See the Yorkville of the Bronx. East 138th-East 141st Streets, adjoining Southern Boulevard. Auction Tuesday, November 14th, 1905.

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A first-class apartment house to lease for term of years in downtown central location; principals only need apply; best references required. Edward Browning, 18 West 76th St.

Collecting rents and managing apartments by woman of business ability, will give bond and bank references. S. G., Box 328 Times, Times Sq.

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Factory lofts, including power; best locations; reasonable; favorable opportunities. Charles Duross, 155 West 14th St.

Harlem Plot.—1st Av., 75x100; $42,000. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

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Desirable 5th Av. corner, over 4 lots, $100,000. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

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SMALL PRIVATE HOUSES.
60th to 83d Sts., West of 3d Av.,
Which are rented for 3 or 5 years.
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ALL KINDS UNDER GUARANTEE.
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$118,000—All rented, for $13,500, prominent 8th Av. corner, 6-story, five families, 24 rooms on floor, seven stores, 50 front.

$59,000—Decatur Fitch Av. corner, near 116th, 7-room double, (corner saloon,) 25.11 front.

$150,000—Lenox Av. corner, (116th Subway,) 6-story quad., 50x90, guaranteed rent $16,100.

$45,000—Eighth Av., five-story, 14-room triple, latest improve., 27 front; quick action.

$40,000—Seventh Av., above 135th, 5-story double, 37 front; rent $4,320.

$34,000—Rent $3,864; five-story, 6-room double, all improve., 26 front; $6,000 cash.

$32,750—Rent $3,480; 4-story triple, all improvements, near 116th and 8th; $5,750 cash.

$26,500—Five-story double, hot water, no steam, near our office; very easy terms.

Weisberger & Kaufman, 5th Av. cor. 117th.

Bargains in Five-story Tenements.
88th, near 9th; rents $2,400; $22,000.
89th, near 9th; rents $2,400; $21,000.
89th, near 10th, (3;) rents $8,100; $72,000
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97th, near 9th; rents $2,877; $26,000.
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99th, near 10th, (3;) rents $9,500; $87,000.
91st, near 10th, (2;) rents $5,500; $52,000.
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55th, near 10th; rents $2,650; $22,000.
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FOR SALE—THE FOUR LOTS
at the southwest corner Broadway and 68th St., suitable for immediate improvement. Will be sold at a reasonable price on easy terms.
Apply to
GEO. R. READ & CO.,
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At a Sacrifice
Stable and Garage,
In the 70's, Near Broadway,
3-story, 25x100.
Has electric light, steam heat, and living rooms for coachman.
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New or Old Apartments inside of 24 hours

Exceptional Bargains
Have a number of 5 and 6 story New-Law Houses (4 and 5 room apartments.) In vicinity of Rapid Transit station. Also several in course of construction which will be sold cheap from the plans.

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Many other desirable flats can be had upon application.

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to purchase direct from builders
EAST SIDE OF MORRIS AV., between 165th and 166th Sts. Three-story and cellar 2 and 3 family houses; 15 rooms; steam and hot water apparatus; high-class plumbing and gas fixtures; hard-wood trim throughout; porcelain tiled bathrooms. CASH REQUIRED $15,000.
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$8,000 CASH REQUIRED.
McQUAY & CO.,
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LOTS
50x100, on Montgomery Av..... $4,100
50x115, corner of Woodycrest Av..... $9,000
50x100, Rogers Place $2,100
50x100, Intervale Av..... $2,250
50x141, So. Boulevard & 175th St..... $13,000
MORTGAGES TO SUIT.
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BEST PAYING APARTMENT!
30 families, 38x88x100, 200 feet from Simpson st. rapid transit station.
Yields $4,300; price $39,000; mortgage $21,000.
GREATEST BARGAIN OFFERED; TERMS ARRANGED.
Owner, 2,019 Boston Road, North 177th, West Farms.

We have a large list of fine bargains on hand in this splendid renting section; investors call.
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Two 4-story flats, 50x78x100, price $36,000, rents to suit; rents over $3,600 year. Two 4-story flats in East 149th St., 50x80, price $36,500, one block from R. T. station. Four flats in East 149th St., ripe to build on, one block from R. T. station. Fine private house in East 156th St., 19x48, price $8,500; 8 rooms, bath; money to loan in sums to suit. Bronx only. Eugene J. Busher, 483 Willis Av., 147th.

156TH ST., near 3d Av. "L" station; 9 rooms and bath; 22x100; asking price $9,000.
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ULLMAN, 502 WILLIS AV.

Bargains! Direct from Builder.—Five-story elevator apartment house, near 149th St. station; 20 families; four and five rooms and bath each apartment; all improvements; price $56,000; rental $5,000; suitable terms; also four and five story flats and corner store property near 149th St. Subway and elevated stations. Weber, 633 East 149th St.

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4-story triple corner; fine restricted section.
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TIMBER
Between 80 and 90 MILLION feet of Virginia timber on railroad, mostly original growth pine and white oak.
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RUSHING BAY,
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At Yonkers Park Station, 24 minutes from 125th St., on Harlem Railroad; cheap lots, city improvements, title insured; monthly payments.
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MAMARONECK LOTS, $125.
Easy Payments. No Assessments. Titles Guaranteed. Gas, water, trolley; near station and Sound.
Houses Sold on Monthly Payments.
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Nothing promised; all improvements on the ground; restricted building plots, near Mount Vernon Station. Maps and particulars
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New Rochelle.—New two-family house, 13 rooms, 2 baths; 2 furnaces; restricted neighborhood; convenient to station, trolley, and school; $6,500 term reasonable. Downey, 20 North Av.

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Houses, Lots and Plots, Long Island Acreage.
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25 lots in Elmhurst, near station and trolley, $350 per lot, cash or easy payments; title guaranteed. H. J. Kelly, care of O'Neill's Restaurant, 6th Av. and 22d St., N. Y. City.

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These lots worth $1,000 in two years.

15 Minutes to N. Y. by Trolley

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Special Sale of
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Houses, Lots, Plots on easy payments.
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Splendid school facilities a feature. Asphalt roads and sidewalks. Perfect DRAINAGE.

Excellent location; high and healthy.

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For sale, desirable cottage, modern improvements; good location; easy terms. I. V. Dorland, Elm Street.

Desirable one and two family houses, $4,500 to $8,000, close to ferry and trolleys. Eastwood, 129 4th St., Weehawken, N. J.

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AUTOMOBILE CENTRE.
Desirable salesroom for electric vehicles; high ceilings; large show windows; space about 50x95; immediate possession; steam heat; moderate rent; building well known as a salesroom for electrics.
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NEW BUILDING
114 to 118 West 17th St.
Entire, or Store and Lofts separate; 75x92; all modern improvements; six stores.
H. J. SACHS & CO.,
8 West 22d St., or your own broker.

STORES: FLOORS: OFFICES
28, 30 & 32 WEST 22D STREET.
NEW BUILDINGS. OPP. STERN BROS.
H. J. SACHS & CO., 8 West 22d St., or your own broker.

A FLOOR 50x205
Fronting Brooklyn Bridge, William, and Ross Sts.; power, heat, &c., day and night.
Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

To Let.—Store, basement, and sub-basement at 537-539 Broadway, New York; rent $9,000, including steam heat and power for elevator; premises extend through to Mercer St. Apply to William N. Dykman, 149 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y., or your own broker.

FOR RENT
STORES IN THE SONOMA APT. HOUSE
N. E. cor. 55th St. and Broadway.
Excellent location for druggist or automobile supplies.
A. W. MILLER & CO., Agents,
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STORE AND LOFT BUILDING
on 3d Av., in the Forties,
can be leased for term of years;
40x80.
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Desk room—Every convenience; finest location in Manhattan. Call mornings. James Gaffney, 115 East 34th St.

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$13,000 equity in 2 private houses, 50 feet front, for exchange, flat; may add cash. R. Levers, 354 West 116th St.

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FOR SALE.

$19 LOTS $57
$150 AND UP ¼ ACRE
BOTH
BIG MONEY MAKERS.
You can't go far wrong, and will surely make a handsome profit in a short time by purchasing these CHOICE BUILDING LOTS at
$18, $28, $39, $47, $59
3 blocks from the depot.
FREEPORT, L. I.
AND
BELLMORE, L. I.,
"Garden Spots of the Island."
All city improvements. 28 miles out; cheap railroad fare.
TITLES GUARANTEED BY TRUST CO.
GRAND EXCURSIONS
WEDNESDAYS, SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS.
Write or call for particulars and free railroad tickets.
CHAS. A. SIGMOND REALTY CO.,
NEW YORK OFFICE, 171 Broadway, cor. Cortlandt St.
BROOKLYN OFFICE, 1415 Broadway, cor. Woodbine St. (Open Mon. and Sat. Eves.)
$5 DOWN LOTS $2 MONTH

CUT OR TEAR THIS OUT

BELLCOURT LAND COMPANY,
1 West 34th Street,
New York City.
DEPT. T.

Please send me, free of cost, booklet showing how I can own two lots in New York City which will be greatly benefited by the improvements now being made by the Pennsylvania Railroad, by investing safely and profitably $10 a month.

Name .....

Address .....

CEDARCROFT.
A select Country Colony of moderate cost plots.
On the picturesque hills between Huntington and Northport, overlooking beautiful Long Island Sound and the Connecticut shore.
Plots of 5 acres or more at $1,240 and up per plot.
1 HOUR FROM NEW YORK
and 5 minutes from station; safe restrictions, easy to comply with.
DEAN ALVORD,
277 Broadway, New York.

WHY DO YOU PAY RENT?
When you can own your own home within 20 minutes of 34th Street Ferry, on one of the most picturesque bays on Long Island Sound.
BAYSIDE PARK
is only 10 miles from New York. Commutation is only 10 cents. A number of artistic homes have just been completed, costing from $4,500 to $9,000. They can be bought with a cash payment of 10 per cent., the balance at $30 per month and upward, or you can buy lots from $250 and upward; these can also be bought on installments. Write for booklet, or, better still, call and see us. We'll gladly pay your fare to come out and look at the property.
THE NORTH SHORE REALTY COMPANY,
202 East 23d St., New York.

CODLING'S CHOICE L. I. OFFERINGS.
Houses, $1,650, Northport, 8 rooms, $300 cash; new house, 6 rooms, 4 lots, $1,300; shore fronts, 52 acres, $450 an acre; rich farm land, no buildings, $90 an acre; farm, on acres of fine buildings, $2,250, third cash; farm on railroad, near trolley, $6,500; Hilltop, 30 acres, superb Sound views, $4,500; lots, Northport Harbor, Sound, Peconic Bay, Yaphank River; list free; plenty of properties; good values. Write your desires or call. New list mailed.
CODLING, NORTHPORT, L. I.

A POSITIVE MONEY-MAKER: 80 acres at Hempstead, L. I., $300 per acre. Address J. T. Froehlich, 158 Meserole St., Brooklyn.

CITY HOUSES TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT
NEW AMERICAN BASEMENT DWELLINGS
Absolutely Fireproof
SOUTH SIDE OF 74TH STREET
Between Central Park West and Columbus Av.
No residences have ever been offered for rental in New York City comparing with these in construction, equipment, appointments, and detail.
They have been designed and built with the careful attention to details of construction given only to the highest class houses built for private ownership.
Booklet sent on application.
Size 26x85x102.2
FIVE STORIES IN HEIGHT
These houses are ready for inspection. Caretaker at No. 36 West 74th St. For particulars inquire of
CLARK ESTATE
Corner of 87th St. No. 2,381 Broadway

FOR RENT
Fine private house opposite Clark estate dwellings on West 74th St., between Central Park West and Columbus Av.; four-story high-stoop; electric light, hardwood floor, and excellent condition.
No reasonable offer refused.
TILLOTSON, 35 Nassau St.
Tel. 3720 Vort.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
FURNISHED.

An elegantly furnished apartment, private bath, with or without meals; including meals, two, $25; one, $15 weekly. Alabama, 15 E. 11th St.

First-class furnished apartment, whole or part; every improvement. Richmond, 420 West 121st St.

The Downtown Office of THE NEW YORK TIMES is at 8 Spruce Street, near Nassau Street. Leave your advertisements there.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.
West Side.

SPENCER ARMS
Broadway at 69th St.
Housekeeping Apartments
A magnificent, high-class, fireproof structure, the most complete and elegant building of its class so far erected in this city.
10, 11 & 12 rooms & 3 baths, $3,000 to $4,000.
FREE—Electric light, heat, and refrigeration.
Spencer Realty Co., Owner.
F. S. WOOD & CO., Agents, 50th St., B'way.
TELEPHONE, 3906—COLUMBUS.
Write for Booklet.

STAMFORD AND ARLINGTON
502 to 508 West 113th Street,
Bet. Broadway & Amsterdam Ave.
Elegant new 5 and 6 room apartments, elevator, telephone and hall service. Rents, $50 to $60. Superintendent.

The Mansfield,
12-Story Apartment Hotel,
12 West 44th St.
NEAR 5TH AVE.
EXCLUSIVELY FOR BACHELORS.
Luxuriously equipped, refrigerators, telephones, squash court, and studio apartment. Cafe with first-class cuisine; also club room to rent. Furnished or unfurnished. Manager on premises or
E. S. WILLARD & CO.,
45 Pine St. Tel. 5987 John.

THE BONAVISTA
RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 109TH ST.
Arranged in SUITES of 3, 4, 5 Rooms & 2 Baths.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
Booklet and other particulars on application.
PAUL B. PUGH, Owner.
Tel. 5144-5 Riverside.

THE SONOMA
N. E. COR. 55th St. & Broadway
Eleven-Story Fireproof Apartments, after Extensive Alterations,
WILL BE READY FOR OCCUPANCY NOV. 15th.
A few of these select apartments left.
5, 7, 8, and 10 Rooms and 3 Baths.
Day and Night Elevator Service.
Booklet on application. Supt., on premises, or A. W. MILLER & CO., Agents, 886 8th Av.

MENDELSSOHN BUILDING
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
Are the finest apartments of this character in New York City. All improvements and elevator service. They consist of two rooms, with bath.
The rental of these apartments includes electric light, heat, and the care of the suite.
Several are available now.
Apply on premises, 113 West 40th St., or at THE CLAR. ESTATE, 2,381 B'way.

THE HOLYOKE,
758 WEST END AV.,
S. E. CORNER 97TH ST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
7 Rooms and Bath.
VERY LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS
Sixth floor corner, $1,200.
Sixth floor, centre, $1,000.
Superintendent on premises, or EDWARD C. WILLIAMS, 135 Broadway.

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534 WEST 121ST ST.
Convenient to Subway, "L," and all surface cars.
RHINELAND,
High-class elevator apartments of 6 or 7 rooms.
All modern improvements.
Newly decorated.
Moderate rents.

THE GREYSTONE,
364 WEST 89TH ST.,
Near Riverside Drive.
MODERN ELEVATOR HOUSE.
One 8-room apartment, 4th floor, $1,100.
Both outside apartments.
Superintendent on premises, or EDWARD C. WILLIAMS, 135 Broadway.

HAROLD.
N. W. Cor. Manhattan Av., 118th St.
4, 5 AND 6 ROOMS.
Modern apartments; all latest improvements; marble bath, steam heat, hot water, elevator day and night; hall attendants.
RENTS $35 TO $55.

A CORNER FLAT, $44.
Handsome corner, extra large flat, 6 rooms and bath; all light rooms; handsome entrance; steam heat; hot-water supply; convenient to elevated and Subway; opposite St. Nicholas Park. See janitor, 450 St. Nicholas Av., corner 135th.

ELEGANT 5 AND 6 ROOM SUITES AT
234 West 21st St.
A modern apartment building; elevator and every improvement; convenient to all transit lines.
J. W. CUSHMAN & CO.,
240 West 23d St. Tel. 1075 Chelsea.

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473 Central Park West.
Duplex apartment, eight unusually large and very light rooms; all improvements, including hall service; $800.
E. K. VAN WINKLE,
477 Central Park West, 108th St.

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4 ROOMS, $40.
MODERN ELEVATOR BUILDING.
Morningside Av., cor. W. 118 St.
7th Av., No. 2,566, near 148th St.
4 rooms and bath, rent $23 up.
5 rooms and bath, rent $26 up.
New law house; all light rooms; steam heat, hot-water supply; telephone service.

LA VENICE. 263 & 265 W. 137th St.
Elevator, all improvements, including shower. 5 rooms and bath, $37.50. 6 rooms and bath, $45.00. Apply to Supt. on premises.

WE STORE your furniture, $3.00; moving, $3.00 vanload. Send postal. AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 604-606 W. 48th St. Telephone 4122—38th.

16th St., 140-142 West.—First-class large apartments; all improvements; residential street, near large stores, business centres; rents $720. Janitor.

$48. 245 WEST 135TH ST. $60.
Single floor, eight large rooms, tiled bathroom; improvements; private house appointments; select, convenient.

104th St., 6; West.—7 rooms and bath; open plumbing; private halls; very desirable; all improvements, convenient location; $40 and $44.

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503 WEST 158TH ST.,
Bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av.,
6 Rooms. Rent $25.
Elegant single apartment, seven large rooms, tiled bath, all improvements, $45; 131 West 105d St.

Six rooms and bath in private house with owner, to not more than four adults; references. 345 West 85th St.

Pleasant, sunny apartment to sublet, unfurnished; seven rooms and bath. Apply to janitor, 224 West 52d St.

151st St., 528 West.—New apartments, 4, 5, 6 rooms; improvements; $20, $25. Janitor.

84th St., 393 West.—Six rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, well-managed house, $34.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.
West Side.

43 FIFTH AVE.,
at the Northeast Corner of 11th St.
AN EXCLUSIVE APARTMENT HOUSE FOR HOUSEKEEPING.
Just completed.
Telephone 946 Gramercy.
Superintendent on premises.

THE SCHUYLER,
57 TO 63 WEST 45TH ST.
Unfurnished apartments, consisting of two or three rooms, with bath, for refined and select people.
COMPLETE HOTEL SERVICE.
SPACIOUS DINING ROOM.
MEALS A LA CARTE.
Rentals $900 to $1,500, with electric light, heat, telephone, elevator, and hotel service included.

Newport Court
111-117 West 104th St.
High-class elevator apartments, 5 and 6 rooms and bath, every modern improvement; convenient to Subway and elevated stations; ready for occupancy November 1st; $55 to $65.
NATKINS & CO., Agents
104th St. & Columbus Avenue.

The IONA.
N. W. cor. 124th St. and St. Nicholas Av.
NEW BUILDING.
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS
7 ROOMS & BATH; RENTS $660 TO $900.
Unexcelled Location.
Every apartment has eight large closets and storeroom; telephone; bathroom finished with solid porcelain fixtures; elevator and hall services.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agts,
284 COLUMBUS AV.

HARVARD APARTMENTS
2089-2091 Amsterdam Ave.
Bet. 163d and 164th Sts.
A few choice suites remaining.
5 Rooms and Bath.
exquisitely appointed; steam heat, hot water, tiled refrigerators, medicine cabinets, combination bookcase and mantelpieces; Dutch dining rooms, handsome fixtures and decorations.
Rents $25 to $30
Apply to Supt. on premises.

NIGHT AND DAY
WE REPAIR ANY ELEVATOR.
NATIONAL ELEVATOR COMPANY
REPAIR DEPT.
400 W. 33d St. Phone, 2850 Chelsea.
NIGHT 'PHONE, 2142 L Morning.

48th St., 155-161 West. "The Sherman."—Eight rooms and bath; heat, hot water, elevator, and telephone; rent, $1,000-$1,200. Superintendent on premises, or N. Brigham Hall & Son, 681 Broadway.

The "Manitou," 221 West 141st St., West of 7th Av.—High-grade elevator apartment; electricity, telephone; 4, 5, 6, 7, and 10 rooms and bath; $30 up. Superintendent.

NEAR BROADWAY.
43d St., 268, 270 West—6 light rooms, bath, steam heat, hot-water supply.

254-256 West 112th.—Four-five rooms, desirable. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

East Side.

ARTHUR HALL,
N. E. Cor. 90th St. & Madison Av.
A NEWLY CONSTRUCTED, MODERN FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE, LOCATED IN THE VERY CHOICEST RESIDENTIAL PART OF THE CITY
OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.
We cannot convey, in type, an adequate idea of the grandeur, spaciousness, and conveniences of the apartments. A personal visit and inspection only can supply that.
Apartments consist of 8 & 9 rooms and 2 baths.
SOMETHING DECIDEDLY DIFFERENT. A BALLROOM FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF GUESTS.
NEW & NOVEL.
Rents, $1,300 to $1,800.
Supt. on Premises. Tel. 1752—79.
ARTHUR E. SILVERMAN, Owner.

THE AMBASSADOR,
S. E. COR. 97TH & MADISON AV.
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE, JUST BEING COMPLETED.
7, 8, AND 9 ROOMS, WITH 2 BATHS.
Parquet floors, mail chute, telephone, and every modern improvement. Apartments will be leased now from Oct. 1. Rents $1,000 to $1,500.
C. M. SILVERMAN & SON, OWNERS.
Office, 1,448 Madison Av., on premises.

THE NORMA,
75-77 East 82d St.,
Between Park and Madison Avs.
Elegant seven-room rooms and bath on third floor; all improvements; rent $65 per month; the only vacancy. Superintendent on premises.

Corner Apartment,
ONLY ONE REMAINING,
in the HETHERINGTON, southeast corner 63d St. and Park Av., bedrooms average 14 feet square; eight rooms; elevator, telephone, hall service, &c.; rental $1,500.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 19 West 42d St.

CLEMENT COURT,
25 EAST 99TH ST., Cor. Madison Av.
NEW 7-STORY ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Elegant Rooms and Baths,
With every modern improvement.
Inquire office, 1,448 Madison Av.

BARSTOW.
17-19 E. 27th St.
Elegant fireproof apartment hotel; 1-2-3-4-5 rooms; every room having a bath; centrally located; excellent cuisine.

HOFFMAN ARMS, Madison Av. and 59th St.—Housekeeping simplified; private kitchen of restaurant service; apartments, 7 to 18 large, sunny rooms, $1,400 up; one furnished; unexcelled advantages for refined families; doctor's office. CHARLES A. GERLACH, Prop'r.

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bannockburn, 2,049 FIFTH AV., NEAR 125th St.
Apartments of six, seven rooms, elevator, electric light, mail chute, telephone.
Desirable apartment on ground floor, suitable for doctor or dentist. Rents moderate.

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120 EAST 34TH ST.
The handsomest 9-room Apartment
In the city; elegantly appointed, possessing every desirable feature that appeals to the very select; electricity and fuel furnished; rent $1,500.

ANGLESEA, 60 South Washington Square.
Studios and apartments for bachelors or families; steam heat, private baths; fine, large rooms, with service. Janitor.
N. BRIGHAM HALL & SON, 681 Broadway.

Five rooms in private house, hot, cold water; floor heated. Call 135 East 95th St. Partly furnished if desired; best reference wanted.

71-73 East 128th.—Seven and eight extra large light rooms; all improvements; first-class condition; $35 to $40. John D. Karst & Co., 2,051 8th Av.

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231 to 237 2d Av., Everets and Senate.—Modern 6-room and bath apartments, $45 to $50; all improvements. John Peters & Co., 200 East 14th St.

An elegantly furnished apartment, private bath, with or without meals; including meals, two, $25; one, $15 weekly. Alabama, 15 E. 11th St.

123d St., 206-210 East, Near 3d Av.—Four rooms and bath; all improvements; rents $18, $19.50; "L" express 125th St.

Lexington Av., cor. 48th St. — Elevator apartments, all improvements, six rooms, $50-$60.

98th St., 1 East; Central Park East.—Six light, airy rooms, bath; improvements; $30.

48th St., 140 E.—Six rooms, bath, steam heat, hot-water supply; rent $42.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.
Washington Heights.

Handsomest Apartments on Washington Heights
541 TO 549 WEST 144TH ST.
Block from Subway, 145th and B'way.
4, 5, and 6 rooms and bath.
NEW APARTMENTS, large light rooms, elegantly appointed; telephone, electric light, hall service, &c.; rents $30 to $44.
Superintendent on Premises.

ELSINORE, 505 WEST 151ST ST., Washington Heights.
Six, seven very large, light rooms, $43-$56. Elevator. Telephone. Electricity. Modern.

Bronx.

High-class apartments, 5 and 6 rooms, on Longwood Av., east of Prospect Av., adjacent to Prospect Av. Station, Bronx Park Branch of Subway.
Rents $27.50 to $35.
George C. Edgar's Sons, on premises.

1,060-1,062 Dawson St., near Prospect Av.—Four and five rooms, bath, all improvements, steam heat, hardwood trim; light rooms; new building; $14-$16; Prospect Av. Station, Subway.

Prospect Av., 1,386; convenient Subway, elevated, trolleys; fine wide avenue; elegant, modern, all-light 7 large room apartment, $35.00, $35.00.

CITY HOUSES TO LET.
FURNISHED.

NEAR HOTEL ASTOR, American basement, 7 bedrooms, beautifully furnished.
Private family only. Possession immediately.
ASHFORTH & CO., 51 West 42d St.

Manhattan Av., 103 and 113, between 104th and 105th Sts., three-story 18-ft. dwellings; exposed plumbing, newly renovated; $1,000. Chas. S. Kohler, 906 Columbus Av.

Desirable furnished house, Washington Place; rent $1,300; price, furniture, $1,500. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

House to Let, Furnished, Brooklyn. Handsomely furnished residence at corner 8th Ave. and Union St., one block from entrance to Prospect Park; 22 rooms; every convenience. Will rent to private family for term of years.
A. A. McCLASHAN, Atty.,
52 Broadway, Manhattan.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

SCHWARZE, PAULINE.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent.—To Edward De Witt, an executor named in the will of the testatrix hereinafter named, and Frank Schwarze, Victor Schwarze, Theresa S. Dickert, Elizabeth Bickmann, Minnie Sears, Frederick Schwarze, Matilda Ruff, Augustus Schwarze, John Schwarze, Pauline Hebermann, Children or descendants of said Victor Schwarze, if any, (provided the said Victor Schwarze be deceased), and to the said testatrix hereinafter named) who are or may be next of kin of said decedent, which said person or persons, if any there be, are unknown and their names, place of residence, and Post Office addresses are unknown and cannot after diligent inquiry be ascertained, and who are cited as a class, the next of kin of PAULINE SCHWARZE, late of the County of New York, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Theresa S. Dickert of the City of New York has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date the fifth day of September, 1903, relating to personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Pauline Schwarze, late of the County of New York, deceased; therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 29th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and five, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or, if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or, in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 4th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and five.

[Seal.] JAMES A. DONNELLY, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

BANKRUPTCY AUCTION SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ACCOUNT AUDIT COMPANY, Bankrupt, No. 8,288.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of John B. Wentworth, Trustee, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at No

THE NEW YORK TIMES invites information from its readers in aid of its efforts to exclude from its columns fraudulent and objectionable advertisements. All information will be treated confidentially.

Advertisements for THE NEW YORK TIMES may be left at or telephoned to the following offices: Main, Times Square, (Subway Station in building.) 4900—38th; Harlem, (96 Morningside,) 129 West 125th Street; Downtown, (2093 John,) 8 Spruce Street, near Nassau Street; Wall Street, (611 Broad,) 39 Broad Street, or any advertising office.

LOST AND FOUND.

10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—A diamond crescent pin, Saturday, Oct. 21, in the Academy of Music or between there and 103d St. and Amsterdam Av.; Subway and cars used; liberal reward for same or pawn ticket; no questions asked. G. H. Boyce, 154 West 93d St.

LOST.—On Friday evening, in Broadway car or at the Colonial Theatre, a sautaliere, diamonds, with colored pendants; liberal reward for return of same or pawn ticket to M. S., 224 West 108th St., New York City.

LOST.—Small gold lady's watch, initials "B. Y. D.," Shriner fob; liberal reward; no questions asked; pawn ticket redeemed. Return to 154 West 73d St.

LOST.—Russian wolf hound puppy, with collar and leash attached; black and white. Return private stable, 149 West 89th; suitable reward.

LOST.—$25 reward for return of fox terrier, white body, brown head; 1904 license No. 4,944. Derricks, 402 West 153d St. 'Phone 3407 Morningside.

LOST.—Gold ring with three pearls and two diamonds; reward for same or pawn ticket; no questions asked. Van Liew, 102 West 94th St.

LOST—Bowknot diamond pin Saturday night on Columbus Av., near 69th St.; liberal reward if returned to Lambert, 403 West 57th St.

LOST.—On Saturday, a lady's gold repeating watch, and a gold fob; a reward of $50 will be paid at the Savoy Hotel.

LOST.—On Oct. 24, 1905, about 8:15 P. M., a package of papers; reward. George W. Wells, 320 Broadway.

LOST—Monday night, United Hebrew Charities, pearl circle pin. Return Cashier United Hebrew Charities. Reward.

LOST.—A silver purse; finder is welcome to the money if purse is returned to 129 West 93d St.

SMALL male fox terrier, licensed, strayed from 9 West 47th St.; answers name Jack; $15 reward and no questions asked if returned to above address.

BOARDERS WANTED.

10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

12TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large, pleasant front rooms, suitable for two; every convenience; ball rooms.

21ST ST., 17, 19, 21 WEST, The Savage, Near 5th Av.—Desirable rooms for gentlemen and families; parlor dining room; separate tables; table guests; transients accommodated; telephone; references.

44TH ST., 45 EAST, (Near Madison Av.)—Fine second floor suite, with board; private bath and dining room; steam heated rooms for gentlemen; table guests accommodated; references.

42D, 41 WEST.—Rooms, opposite Bryant Park, with or without board; gentlemen; references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Handsomely furnished small rooms; private bath; superior board; references.

75TH ST., 20 WEST.—Two large rooms, board; references requfred.

63D, 54 WEST.—Permanent guests desired; attractive rooms; superior table; near park, "L" and Subway.

52D, 60 WEST.—Block from elevated; two from Subway; every convenience; excellent table; reasonable.

66D ST., 122 WEST.—Cheerful single room, southern exposure; suitable for gentleman; good board; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Medium-size room, sunny, for young couple, gentlemen; select home; reasonable.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Double room, with board, to two business persons, $12; table guests.

161 WAVERLEY PLACE, corner Washington Square North.—Beautiful furnished steam heated rooms, single or en suite; superior table; homelike surroundings; references.

132D ST., 265 WEST.—Large room in private house; suitable two; hot and cold running water, closets; excellent table; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,008.—Large, comfortable rooms; excellent table; moderate prices; table board. Jewish family.

MADISON AV., 434.—Third floor, large room and hall room; large closets; hardwood flooring; telephone.

MADISON AV., 675, 594, 606, (61ST.)—Double and single rooms; superior board; reasonable rates.

MADISON AV., 115, Near 30th St.—Large and small rooms; first-class table.

MADISON AV., 1,067, Near 84th St.—Clean rooms; perfect cooking; dainty service.

Private family; entire second floor; two large rooms, handsomely furnished; singly or en suite; bath; superior board. M. M., Times Harlem.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 138.—Handsome large and hall rooms; well heated; five minutes bridge, ferries.

SOUTH ELLIOTT PLACE, 50.—Large sunny room, all conveniences; also hall room; excellent table.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A Winter Home at Orange.—Steam heat in chambers; open fire in drawing room; light and sunshine in every room; comfort, cleanliness, and good cuisine; at No. 9 North Arlington Av., East Orange; terms reasonable.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

6TH ST., 24 WEST, near 5th Av.—Back parlor, private bath; neatly kept; moderate.

15TH, 105 EAST, (overlooking Union Square.)—Subway; beautiful parlor, bedroom, bath, piano, electric lights, telephone, elevator; handsomest apartment house down town; $60. Scott.

19TH, 16 WEST.—Back parlor for studio, doctor or dentist; southern exposure; all conveniences.

19TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms; hot and cold water; telephone.

34TH ST., 124 EAST.—Large front room; gentlemen only; references.

38TH, 42 WEST.—Newly furnished sunny rooms; gentlemen; also back parlor as doctor's office.

47TH ST., 29 WEST.—Very desirable large and small rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; references.

39TH, 43 WEST.—Single, double rooms, with baths; bachelor; physician's office; breakfast; telephone; references.

53D, 33 EAST, Opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Desirable large front room with private bath; telephone.

44TH, 200 WEST, opposite Hotel Astor.—Rooms, $3 to $12; private baths; heated; telephone; transients.

56TH ST., 16 EAST.—Attractive room, private bath; high-class house; breakfast; telephone; references.

58TH, 133 WEST.—Parlor floor to let, three rooms deep; running water; small rooms.

56TH ST., 159 EAST.—Front and back parlor; running water; suitable for business.

47TH, 113 WEST.—Furnished, a large alcove room; private house; reference.

44TH, 258 WEST.—Gentlemen, families; four unusually light connecting rooms; running water; single rooms; $5 to $20; telephone, elevator; references. Mrs. Preston.

78TH ST., 301 WEST.—Attractive, cheerful rooms; homelike surroundings; elevator apartment; moderate.

81ST ST., 3 WEST, Opposite Park.—Large room, small room; private house; references. Owner.

62D ST., 110 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; suitable for gentlemen or families.

83D ST., 25 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, running water; baths adjoining; private house; reference.

66TH, 308 WEST, near Riverside Drive.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single and en suite; telephone, porcelain baths, and modern in appointment; also rear parlor, suitable for doctor's office; gentlemen only.

66TH ST., 243 EAST.—Nice room, well heated, in private house, for gentleman; reference.

118TH, 420 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; suite; view; steam heat; elevator apartment; refinement; Subway. Haynes.

141ST, 476 WEST, Near City College.—Furnished parlor, steam, private family, for gentleman. Sadtler.

GENTLEMAN ONLY; either unfurnished or furnished; hot, cold running water; fine bath; house very select. B. A., Box 339 Times, Times Square.

In an INTERESTING old COLONIAL HOUSE, rooms for gentlemen who desire attractive and comfortable surroundings; breakfast; references. 123 East 24th St.

LEXINGTON AV., 630.—Large, elegantly furnished rooms; running water; bath; heated.

MADISON AV., 1,004.—Suite of two handsome sunny rooms and bath, comprising entire floor; furnished, $900 yearly; unfurnished, $540; references exchanged.

SUITE, furnished, without board; ample closets; bath; hot and cold water; 34th St. between Madison and Park Avs. Address Comfort, Box 308 Times, Times Square.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—One block from Wall St. Ferry; elegantly furnished large and small rooms for gentlemen; convenient to New York.

ST. MARK'S AV., 618, Near Bedford.—Newly furnished front alcove, with dressing room; choice location.

New Jersey.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., 53, Fremont St.—Furnished rooms, with board; elegant accommodations; good table; accessible and reasonable to permanent.

HELP WANTED.

10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

Females.

WANTED—Neat white girl who can do plain cooking, washing, and ironing for family of two in a small apartment on upper west side; must sleep home and furnish references; wages $4 a week. X., Box 339 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Thoroughly competent infant's nurse, from 35 to 40; must have highest references. Mrs. S., Box 116 Times Downtown.

WANTED—First-class designer on popular priced waists, with good references. Metropolitan Waist Co., 21 Houston St.

WANTED—Maid for booking demonstration; must be good cook and neat; good pay. Apply 55 Duane St., seventh floor.

WANTED — Stenographer desiring permanent position call Gahagan's Stenographic Bureau, 233 Broadway.

WANTED—Washwoman by the day, $1.25. Perpilleux, 1,210 East 179th St., West Farms.

Males.

COMPOSITORS WANTED — Linotype operators, job compositors, make-up stone hands, and proofreaders; salary, $18 per week to hand compositors and $20 per week to machine operators. Call or address J. B. Lippincott Co., 227 South 6th St., Philadelphia, Penn., or Room 1,320, 320 Broadway, New York City.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.—Linotype operators, Monotype keyboard and caster operators, job compositors, make-up and stone hands, and proofreaders to work nine hours per day in open shops in Philadelphia; guaranteed permanent positions at scale to competent men. Apply W 219 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Compositors, Stone Hands, and Make-up Men; "Open Shop"; Highest Salary; Permanent Position; Additional Bonus for Faithful Services; New York Vicinity and Western Points. Call or Address Room 1,320, 320 Broadway.

WANTED—Men and boys to earn $5 day, after two months' instruction; position guaranteed; special tuition half price, few days only. Coyne Bros. Co. Plumbing Schools, 239 10th Av., New York; Cincinnati, Ohio; St. Louis, Mo.; free catalogue.

WANTED—In wholesale fancy goods house, young man as light porter. Address, stating age, references, and salary expected, Porter, Box 170 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Immediately, A1 shirtwaist salesmen, Pacific Coast and west of Chicago. Coronet Mfg. Co., Portland, Me., and 640 Broadway, New York City.

WANTED—Young man as stock clerk in wholesale fancy goods house. Address, stating age and salary expected, Stock, Box 170 Times Downtown.

WANTED—First-class office man; must be well acquainted in financial circles in New York. W. L. H., Box 324 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Clothing salesman, who goes on the road to take a side line; good opportunity; state reference. Ch., Box 175 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Second and third men at once; experienced. Bureau for Domestic Help, 970 6th Av., R. T. Hutchinson.

WANTED—Neat office boy; reference required; chance for advancement. Box S A 325 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Boys 16 to 18 to learn good trade in the arts and crafts. J. A. Whaley & Co., 310 6th Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

5c. a line each insertion; 7 words to line.

Females.

ADDRESSER.—Lady will address and inclose circulars at home; $1.50 per 1,000. Circulars, P. O. Box 1,677.

COOK.—By first-class family cook; wages $30; former employer can be seen at 177 Madison Av.; excellent references. H. M., Box 332 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—By cook where kitchenmaid is kept; also waitress and chambermaid; highly recommended. 451 Lexington Av.

COOK.—By a North German woman as first-class cook in small American family; middle aged. T., 2,101 8th Av.

GOVERNESS or COMPANION.—By lady of refinement and education; perfect French, German; all English branches; music; certified experienced teacher; highest references. Morat, 42 West 58th St.

GOVERNESS.—By an experienced public school teacher as visiting governess; will coach backward children; elementary branches; English; success assured. Columbia, 1,360 3d Av.

GOVERNESS.—A young lady, with highest references, as governess; can teach English, French, and music. Governess, 55 East 34th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Lady would recommend capable young woman, with seven years' reference, as working housekeeper for one or two adults, or as managing housekeeper with one or two servants; would attend invalid; is tasty cook; is pleasant, kind, and quiet. Call former employer's, Apartment 8, 165 East 66th St.

HOUSEWORKER.—Colored; good cook, laundress, chambermaid, waitress; neat, willing; apartment preferred; investigated references. Lincoln Exchange, 314 West 59th St. Tel. 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORK.—Small family adults; cook, waitress, plain washing; city references; carfare. 220 East 43d St., two flights, front.

LADY desires clerical position, good firm; three years' experience. Sadie Levy, 605 Madison Av.

LAUNDRESS.—Embroidery and monograms; will wash; first-class. Mrs. Gross, 210-212 East 96th St.

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN as good cook, washer, ironer; country preferred. M. H., 134 West 10th St., rear.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.—A young lady who has spent years in the study of scientific physical culture, and who has the indorsement of the best physicians of New York, desires a few ladies as clients. Physical Culture, Box 313 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, office assistant; good speller; fine penman; if you cannot use an ambitious, wideawake, competent beginner do not answer; live with parents; no agency; $8. Miss Gallagher, Box 104 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, general office assistant; rapid; plain writer; best references; mercantile, law experience; neat appearance; no agency; punctuality and attention to business characteristics; $8. Miss Levy, Box 194 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER; also knowledge of bookkeeping; accurate at figures; 6½ years' experience; good references; salary $15. S., Box 359 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Three years' experience; rapid, accurate, conscientious, industrious; references; $10. Industrious, Box 172 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—18; 2½ years' experience in law work; position in law office or commercial house; obliging; references; $8-$9. Miss E. M., Box 118 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Nine years' experience; rapid, accurate; capable business woman; desires responsible position; reference; $15. Miss Lee, 219 West 118th St.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—One year's experience; can assist with office work; neat, accurate, conscientious; references; $8. Miss May, Box 128 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid, accurate, thorough, responsible; best references; $12. Adaptability, Box 163 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; reads notes well, rapid and accurate; $8. H., 309 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; law, insurance, general commercial; good education. Price, Box 108 Times Downtown.

WASHING.—Young woman wants washing to take home; good laundress. 246 West 143d St., Mrs. Law.

Males.

American, age 27, married, who has been in Mexico last three years, understands Spanish, the laws, and business methods of the Republic, thoroughly experienced accountant and correspondent, at present employed Mexico City, desires return to United States. Any firm needing a first-class man where the above knowledge will be of use address R. B., Apartado 2,057, Mexico City, Mexico.

A YOUNG MAN, (18,) of good family, education, and address, able to furnish excellent references, desires a position with responsible firm in any line of business; has had two years' newspaper and legal experience, and is anxious to obtain position which will put him in the way of earning a fair living and holding out chances of advancement; capable, energetic, and reliable, one who stays with his work until it is finished. W Box 314 Times, Times Square.

ACCOUNTANT desires work anywhere at moderate terms; books written up, statements prepared, systems devised, special or periodical audits, cursory or thorough examinations, organization of corporations, partnership settlements, bankruptcy accounting; advice in business practice and commercial law free. Artemas R. Hopkins, Ops Madison Av., New York.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR.—29; opening, closing, systematizing books; moderate rate. Accountant, 145 East 55th St.

HUGHES DECLINES TO AID INSURANCE PROSECUTION

It Would Hurt the Investigation if He Agreed to Do So.

HE MAY CHANGE, FRIENDS SAY

Situation Will Be Different When the Inquiry Ends—More Light on President McCurdy's Salary.

Charles E. Hughes, counsel for the Armstrong Investigating Committee, issued this statement yesterday with reference to District Attorney Jerome's declaration that he would ask to have Mr. Hughes appointed special prosecutor for the insurance cases when they go to the Grand Jury:

"As I was one of Mr. Jerome's nominators, it is proper for me to say that I shall vote for Mr. Jerome, and that I hope he will be elected; but I wish to make it clear that I have no idea of taking charge of any criminal prosecution which may grow out of the pending inquiry. That is farthest from my thought.

"I say this because I believe it would be a misfortune if the idea were to go abroad that I was conducting the investigation, or doing my part in it, with the object of making it a preliminary to a criminal trial. It should be clearly understood that it is not my function or purpose in this investigation to prove men either guilty or innocent of crime.

"It is my purpose to elicit the facts unsparingly but impartially, to be dealt with according to their merits, and, so far as possible, to uncover whatever abuses exist, to the end that the important business of life insurance may be properly safeguarded. This is my sole duty and my sole aim. It is essential to the success of the investigation that this should not be obscured."

It is understood, however, that Mr. Hughes's statement does not preclude his serving in the capacity suggested by Mr. Jerome. Mr. Hughes's friends say that his present idea is to make it absolutely plain that Mr. Jerome's suggestion will not influence him with regard to the present investigation. After the investigation of the Armstrong Committee is done, it is believed that Mr. Hughes will consider a proposal for him to become special prosecutor for Mr. Jerome.

More details came to light yesterday as to how President Richard A. McCurdy of the Mutual Life got his salary increased from $100,000 a year to $150,000 two years ago. It seems that when this fact was disclosed by Mr. Hughes it was as great a surprise to many of the Mutual Trustees as to any one else. This is supported by the statement made to Mr. Hughes by George G. Haven, who worked to be called as a witness that he might testify that he was not a member of the Salaries' Committee when Mr. McCurdy's salary was increased the last time.

It is learned that the question of salaries has not come before the Mutual's Directors recently in definite form. It has been customary for the Salaries' Committee to report that on a certain date it met and fixed salaries for the ensuing year and to have its report approved without giving details. This explains the statement of several Trustees before the Armstrong Committee that they did not remember that the board had taken any action on salaries of officers.

The issue is being sharply joined between the members of the Mutual's board who believe that the affairs of the company should be sifted, and those who propose to stand by President McCurdy's administration regardless of the report of the investigating committee. The belief has been expressed by some of Mr. McCurdy's friends that no report recommending his retirement could pass the board as at present constituted. Men who are pushing the investigation met this argument with the assertion that a report from the investigating committee bearing out the disclosures before the Armstrong Committee would come with such overwhelming force as to be irresistible. They point to the situation that arose in the Equitable Life when the report of Supt. Hendricks was made public last Summer as substantiating this conclusion.

Influential policy holders down town are considering the formation of a policy holders' committee to meet this situation should it arise. A plan outlined yesterday by a prominent financier who is a large policy holder in the Mutual but not a member of its Board of Trustees was that a committee should be formed of men whose names would carry weight throughout the country to solicit proxies for use in the next election of Trustees in case the McCurdy faction in the board succeeded in overthrowing an adverse report by the investigating committee.

William H. Truesdale and John Auchincloss, the members of the Mutual's investigating committee, were in consultation yesterday regarding the selection of a third member to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Effingham Morris of Philadelphia. Mr. Truesdale said:

"We have formally consulted several members of the Board of Trustees, but have not reached any conclusion as yet. We may have a name to announce tomorrow. The investigating committee will not take any action as regards counsel until it has filled the vacancy in its membership."

Among the names under consideration is that of Stuyvesant Fish, President of the Illinois Central Railroad. Mr. Fish is known to be strongly in favor of the investigation. He will return to-day from a Western trip.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

5c. a line each insertion; 7 words to line.

Males.

ACCOUNTANT.—Opening and closing books, corporation and estate accounting; trial balances; audits statements, &c.; references; moderate terms. Accountant, 74 Hicks St., Brooklyn.

AMANUENSIS, private secretary, knowledge French, German, Spanish, Italian, with commercial experience; best references. American, Box 322 Times, Times Square.

ACCOUNTANT.—Statements, periodical audits, estate accounting, opening and closing, &c.; excellent references; terms moderate. R Box 115 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16, school graduate, resides with parents, office experience, wishes position in large law office; highest references and recommendations. Morris Lober, 810 Avenue C, New York.

CARETAKERS.—Man and wife, no children, care of house till rented or occupied, for free rent, or care of flat; pay part rent; best reference from present place. Address, by letter only, Advertiser, 210 East 63d St.

COACHMAN.—Single; thoroughly competent care gentleman's stable and handling fine horses; written and personal references; last employer can be seen. Ernst Bruch, care Nordgren, 551 Warren St., Brooklyn.

COLORED COUPLES, butlers, useful men, cooks, laundresses; competent all branches; temperate, obliging; city references. Lincoln Exchange, 314 West 59th St. Tel. 4786 Columbus.

PHYSICIAN, 30, hospital experience, desires salaried position. Physician, Box 111 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—A gentleman, (single,) of 15 years' business experience, desires to represent reliable business house, as salesman; position giving promise of advancement considered more than salary received at start; excellent references. C. R., Box 314 Times, Times Sq.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man desires position with good firm where he can advance. Daniel Greany, 605 Madison Av.

VALET, &c.—As valet or servant to gentleman; Englishman, aged 28; good references. J. Childs, 25 East 60th St.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college education, seeks business opportunity; responsible position where hard work will bring advancement desired; outdoor work preferred; good references. "Maples," Pawling, N. Y.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

Metropolitan Exchange, 508 6th Av.—Leading agency of New York supplies reliable help (free of charge) hotels, clubs, restaurants, institutions, business houses.

FOR TUESDAY.—Girl stenographer, hotel, $15 month, meals; storeroom man, $30; checkers, male and female; pantry girl, second cook, $35; watchman, drivers, porters, wagon washers; stablemen, kitchen fireman, janitor, $40, room, board; other vacancies, male and female. Metropolitan Exchange, 508 6th Av.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Restaurant at Mamaroneck for sale; price $800; on main street; fine opportunity; rent building, 12 rooms, all improvements. N. S. Burger, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Young's Hats

NOT TO BE MADE

Oct. 31st.

The one certain result of this coming election will be that on the first Wednesday after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November a lot of happy candidates will stand on a plane with Young's Hats—The choice of the great majority.

Derbies and Soft Hats, $3.00 and $4.00
Silk Hats, $5.00 and $6.00

199 Broadway, near Dey St. | 1197 Broadway, near 28th St.
605 Broadway, near Houston. | 1359 Broadway, near 36th St.
849 Broadway, near 14th St. | 500 Fifth Ave., near 42d St.

Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St., opp. City Hall.

Absolutely the Best.

Are the woolens and silks we purchased from the well known tailors Tredwell, Schneider & Thomas, 61 Chambers Street, Stewart Building. We offer them at about half the price the original tickets call for. We quote their prices and ours.

Winter Overcoats, Their price, $80. to $90. Our price, $40.
Fall Overcoats, " " $50. to $75. " " $30.
Suits, " " $50. to $75. " " $30.
Trousers, " " $14. to $18. " " $8.

including their trimmings and silk linings.

These goods are displayed on second floor.

Special sale of blue and black worsted cheviots suit to measure $20. Also a special line of fine imported suitings $25. Overcoats, silk lined, $25. Samples mailed to any address.

ARNHEIM.

Broadway & Ninth Street.

BASS' OCTOBER ALE

The Finest Product of All the Celebrated Bass Brew

Now on Draught at First-Class Hotels, Clubs, Cafes and Restaurants

Kennedy

12 CORTLANDT ST.

Chilly?

1.00 wool Undershirts at 79c.

No rise in prices here although wool has gone up.

Wright's Health Underwear, 1.19

The 1.50 kind. Fleece Lined.

1.50 Natural Wool, 98c.

5.00 Silk and Wool, 2.49

Medium weight—full fashioned—Shirts or Drawers—last color—unshrinkable.

1.50 Walking Gloves, 98c.

American Made, Imported Skins.

New fall shades, light or heavy weights. Regular and short fingers.

2.00 Chamois Gloves, 1.49

Bath Robes (a bargain)

3.50 worth 5.00

Of Terry Cloth or Blanket.

VINCENT says

ISN'T it a comforting thought to know that you're getting your clothes from a practical tailor?

That's what I am as well as a clothier and you may rely on my Styles as being Styles of Now, of the Moment.

Overcoat time is ripe and so is my assembly of them.

$15 to $50.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes.

Broadway, 22d Street | Sixth Avenue, 12th Street

ANT-I-WET

TRADE MARK REG'D. ANT-I-WET ON EACH GOOD CLOTHES ONLY

CLOTHES FOR MEN

"CHEVALEER"

(Trade Mark)

THE latest arrival in our ANT-I-WET family of Overgarments. It is an improvement on the style of coat that has been popularly known under the title of Surtout (French for overcoat).

We think that our Trade Mark name is more significant, especially as our model of this fashionable garment o'ertops the best that we have seen.

Our "CHEVALEER" is, in fact, the most distinguished Overcoat that a man of figure can wear; perfect lines at the back, correct curves bringing out its form-fitting elegance, generously draped skirts, and a double-breasted front with heavy lapels. FABRICS, lustreless black and very dark gray mixtures. The price:

Twenty-five Dollars

Makers & Sellers,

HOPE

NEW YORK

BROADWAY & CHAMBERS ST.

City Hall Park—North.

THE MAYOR STARTS NEW CITY LIGHT PLANT

Municipal Ownership Experiment Formally Begun Yesterday.

THE NEW BRIDGE ALL AGLOW

City Hopes to Save $12,000 a Year by Doing the Lighting of the Big Structure.

When Mayor McClellan in the presence of Bridge Commissioner Best, Street Cleaning Commissioner Woodbury, Deputy Controller Phillips, Chief Engineer O. F. Nichols, K. L. Martin, Engineer in Charge; O. M. Kelly, Assistant Engineer; George W. Pratt and Oscar W. Horne, Consulting Engineer pulled down a few copper switches in the municipal electric experimental station at Tompkins and Delancey Streets at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon all the arc and incandescent lamps on the Williamsburg Bridge burst forth aglow. This is the electric generating plant through which the city hopes to make an annual saving of $12,000 in lighting the 124 arcs and 136 incandescent globes which stretch from one end of the bridge to the other. The plant cost $90,000 and is owned by the city.

The new plant was designed by H. de B. Parsons, and Ralph J. F. Gerstel erected the plant, which consits of two buildings and a smokestack 225 feet high. It is the first electric light works in the country to get its steam power as the result of the burning of garbage. The building which contains the furnaces and boilers, is in charge of the Street Cleaning Department, and the electric generating plant is under the Bridge Department and operated by Engineer Martin and a corps of assistants.

The three generators have a capacity of 150 kilowatts each and the three gross power condensers exert 150 horse power each. The engines are of the Ideal pattern with Burke electric generators. The capacity of the boilers is 400 horse power each.

TRADE E.&W. MARK

BALLYMENA is what we call our new shirt. Heavy and coarse of thread, but all linen.

CROSS

Examining Optician (Optometrist,) Fee $1

20 East 23d Street

$5 UP—STAMP COLLECTIONS, including album. Manhattan Stamp Company, 234 Fifth Ave., Cor. 37th St.

Jules Verne Havana Cigars, better than most imported. 76 Chambers St., upstairs.

We go after big game.

Hunt for all the best things in the way of new cloths for our suits each season.

Miss a lot of them, of course, but catch quantities and confine all we get so that no fancy pattern we offer this Fall can be found elsewhere.

Suits of those patterns, $16 to $35.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores.

258 at Warren st. | 842 at 13th st. | 1260 at 32nd st.

Seems almost too easy!

We caught the trick of making the shoe low instepped men have been waiting years to find—just by putting the upper of one shoe on the lower part of a larger size.

It's a "Two-shoe Shoe" of soft vici kid, but with a walking sole.

$5.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores.

258 opposite City Hall. | 842 near Union Square. | 1260 opposite Greeley Square.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evs. 8. Wed. Mat. 1.50, 1, 75 & 50c. Xtra Mt. Elect. day. THURSDAY, NOV. 2nd SEATS NOW SELLING. Theatre closed to-night and to-morrow Night for Elebarate Preparation. Klaw & Erlanger's Annual Drury Lane Spectacle, IMMENSE, INDESCRIBABLE, INCOMPARABLE "THE WHITE CAT"

BROADWAY Theatre, 41st St. & B'way. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. Special Mat. Election day. Geo. Edwardes' Co. from the Apollo Theatre, London, in THE GREATEST COMIC OPERA HIT IN YEARS. "VERONIQUE" with RUTH VINCENT. Kitty Gordon, Lena Maitland, Valli Valli, Lawrence Rea, Aubrey Fitzgerald, Ralph Nairn, and John Le Hay.

LIBERTY Theatre, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. at 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY. SUCCESS! SUCCESS! SUCCESS! Daniel V. Arthur announces MARIE CAHILL in the Latest Musical Play. "MOONSHINE"

NEW YORK Theatre, B'way & 45th St. Prices 25, 50, 75 & 1.00. Last 2 Weeks. Extra Mat Election Day. Evs. 8:15. Pop. Mat. To-morrow, 25, 50 & 75c. McINTYRE & HEATH "THE HAM TREE."

CARNEGIE HALL

Boston Symphony Orchestra. Mr. Gericke Conductor. Vincent d'Indy Gadski Van Hoose Reisenauer Harold Bauer Marie Hall Marteau Willy Hess Warnke and others

A permanent orchestra maintained solely for concert performances.

Five Evening Concerts. Thursdays, Nov. 9, Dec. 7, Jan. 11, Feb. 15, March 15.

Five Matinees. Saturdays, Nov. 11, Dec. 9, Jan. 13, Feb. 17, March 17.

Change of Programme Each Performance.

Season tickets with reserved seats for the series of five evening concerts or five matinees, $7.50, $5, $3 and $3. Boxes $50 and $40, according to location.

Subscription sale now open at Carnegie Hall box office and Luckhardt & Belder, 10 East 17th St.

PROCTOR'S MATINEE EVERY DAY. 5TH AV. Amelia Bingham, Chas. Richman, Isabelle Evesson & All-Star Co. in "LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN. Daily Mats., 25c. & 50c. Souv. Mat. To-day and Thursday. 58TH ST. All-Star Vaudeville. Joseph Hart & Carrie De Mar, London Pantomime Co., Empire City Quartette, Rice & Prevost, Anna Loughlin, Goleman's Cats, &c. 125TH ST. Kelley, McAllister, Abbe, Morgan, Bonstelle & Scott in "FORBIDDEN FRUIT." 23D ST. Lillian Russell and All-Star Vaudeville. Herrmann the Great, Fanny Rice, Simon & Gardner, Greene & Werner. Daily Mats., 25c., 50c.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. "Best play of the season."—Times. William Faversham In Edwin Milton Royle's Western Romance, "THE SQUAW MAN." SEATS 4 WEEKS IN ADVANCE. SPECIAL MAT. ELECTION DAY.

GARDEN Thes. 27th St. & Mad. Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Wed., 50c.-75c.-$1.00. Robt. B. MANTELL To-night & Wed. Mat. & Evg., "Richelieu." Thurs., Fri. & Sat. Mat. & Evg., "Othello."

NO BUSINESS MAN anxious to improve his methods, cut down his expenses and increase his profits can afford to miss the Annual National BUSINESS SHOW. MADISON SQUARE GARDEN. ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

MAJESTIC Evs. at 8. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2. Julian Mitchell's production WONDERLAND introducing Sam Chip and Eva Davenport. By Victor Herbert & Glen MacDonough. "SUNDAY NIGHTS VICTOR HERBERT'S ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS, 50, 75, 1.00.

WEST END Evs. 8:15. Mat. Wed. 25-50c. SIMPLE SIMON SIMPLE.

JOE WEBER'S THEATRE, B'way, 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. THE PRINCE CHAP

MADISON SQ. THEATRE, 24 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. "Good acting & plenty of it."—Alan Dale. By R. E. Dorsay. The Man on the Box

COLONIAL Adele Ritchie, Annie Irish & Co., Great De Bierre, Kitty B'y & 62d St. Tracey, O'Brien & Havel, Rose Daily Mats. 25c. sow Midgets, Fields & Ward, others.

ALHAMBRA 7th Av. 125th St. Bargain Matinees Daily, All Seats 25c. Houdini, Eph Thompson's Elephants, Carmencita, Mr. & Mrs. Sidney Drew, & others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42d St. 25-50-75-$1. Daily Mats. 25c., 50c. Williams & Walker, 3 Crane Bros., Vernon Tronpe, Willy Zimmerman, Lewis McCord & Co., Delmore & Lee, others.

HORSE SHOW THE MADISON SQUARE GARDEN. The sale of boxes to members and stockholders only will take place Thursday, Nov. 2d, at 3:30 P. M., in the GARDEN THEATRE.

MENDELSSOHN HALL, 40th St. To-night at 8:30. BEN GREET PLAYERS. HENRY V.

GARRICK 35 St. nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. ARNOLD DALY'S Co. in Bernard Shaw's play, Mrs. Warren's Profession.

LEW FIELDS Thes. 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. (NEW) Burlesque of THE MUSIC MASTER and IT HAPPENED IN NORDLAND.

THE GOTHAM EAST 125th St. Mat. To-day—Bowery Burlesquers.

Yorkville 86 St., Lex. Ave. Mat. To-day 25c. HAZEL KIRKE

KNICKERBOCKER B'way and 38th St. Evenings at 8 sharp. Mat. Sat. at 2. OVERTURE REGIONS 7:45. CHARLES FROHMAN presents E. H. SOTHERN JULIA MARLOWE THIS AND NEXT WEEK THE MERCHANT OF VENICE. Seat sale for next week Thurs., 9 A. M. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

EMPIRE THEATRE, B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat. John Drew in Augustus Thomas's DE LANCEY. MONDAY, NOV. 6. CHARLES FROHMAN presents MAUDE ADAMS in J. M. BARRIE'S Play PETER PAN. SEAT SALE THURSDAY, 9 A. M.

HERALD SQ. THEATRE, B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat., 2:15. JOSEPH CAWTHORN FRITZ IN TAMMANY HALL. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

LYCEUM B'way & 45th St. At 8:10. Mats. Thurs., Sat. & Nov. 7. JUST OUT JOS. WHEELOCK, Jr., OF COLLEGE. in Geo. Ade's Play.

DALY'S THEATRE, B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. EDNA MAY THE CATCH OF THE SEASON. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. MISS in Clyde Fitch's HER MAXINE ELLIOTT GREAT MATCH. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

HUDSON THEATRE, 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Robert Loraine Bernard Shaw's Man & Superman. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

SAVOY THEATRE, B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. JAMES K. HACKETT in Alfred Sutro's MARY MANNERING Walls of Jericho. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

NEW YORK Hippodrome Proprietor THOMPSON & DUNDY. SOUVENIR MATINEE TO-DAY. SENSATION OF THE STAGE. "THE ROMANCE OF A HINDOO PRINCESS." Plunging Elephants and Gorgeous